



# 汉字的笔画



## 学习目标 Objective

学习基本笔画和复合笔画

Learn basic and compound strokes







## 基本笔画 Basic Strokes

现代汉字是方块形的，是由一些基本笔画组成的。

Chinese characters are square-shaped and composed of some basic strokes.

### 1. 看一看，写一写。

Look and write.

笔画 Stroke	名称 Name	写法 How to write	仿写 Practice	举例 Examples
	hēng(横)	The horizontal stroke is written from left to right.		一 二 三
	shù(竖)	The vertical stroke is written from top downward to bottom.		十 王 工
	piě(撇)	The downward-left stroke is written from top to bottom-left.		千 白 生
	nà(捺)	The downward-right stroke is written from top to bottom-right.		八 人 大
	diǎnr (点儿)	The dot is written from top to bottom-right.		六 汉 文
	tí(提)	The upward stroke is written from bottom-left to top-right.		习 北 地







你应该注意记住笔画的名称。

Try to remember the names of strokes.

●给教师的提示：为了加深学生的印象，您可以一边讲一边在黑板上写。仿写也可以在黑板上进行。

2. 请把左边的笔画名称与右边的笔画连起来。

Match the names on the left with the strokes on the right.

nǎ	
piě	
diǎnr	
héng	
tí	
shù	

3. 与同伴交换课本，看看对方选得对不对。

Exchange textbooks with your partner and check whether he/she matched correctly.

4. 按照笔画的名称写出笔画。

Write the strokes according to the following names.

piě	_____
tí	_____
shù	_____
diǎnr	_____
nǎ	_____
héng	_____

5. 与同伴交换课本，看看对方写得对不对。

Exchange textbooks with your partner and check whether he/she wrote correctly.

## 复合笔画 Compound Strokes

在书写时，两个或多个笔画顺势连在一起写成一笔，就构成了复合笔画。

When writing Chinese characters, the combination of two or more basic strokes, which are written in succession without a lift of the pen, is called compound stroke.

## 汉字的笔画

## 一、以横起笔的复合笔画 Compound strokes starting with the horizontal stroke

1. 看一看，写一写。

Look and write.

笔画 Stroke	名称 Name	写法 How to write	仿写 Practice	举例 Examples
	héng zhé (横折)	The horizontal stroke with a downward turn		口 中
	héng gōu (横钩)	The horizontal stroke with a downward hook		字 买
	héng piě (横撇)	The horizontal stroke with a downward turn to the left		又 名
	héng zhé gōu (横折钩)	The horizontal stroke with a downward turn and a hook		们 习
	héng zhé tí (横折提)	The horizontal stroke with a downward turn and then an upward turn to the right		语 说
	héng wān gōu (横弯钩)	The horizontal stroke with a turn to the right and an upward hook		飞 风
	héng zhé wān gōu (横折弯钩)	The horizontal stroke with a vertical turn, then a horizontal turn to the right and finally an upward hook		几 热
	héng zhé zhé piě (横折折撇)	The horizontal stroke with a downward-left turn, a horizontal turn, and then a downward turn to the left		极 进
	héng zhé zhé gōu (横折折折钩)	The horizontal stroke with a downward-left turn, a horizontal turn, and a downward turn, and then an upward hook		奶 场

3	héng piě wān gōu (横撇弯钩)	The horizontal stroke with a downward turn to the left, a downward turn to the right and an upward hook	队 阳
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2. 请把左边的笔画名称与右边的笔画连起来。

Match the names on the left with the strokes on the right.

- A
- héng zhé zhé piě
  - héng piě wān gōu
  - héng zhé
  - héng zhé zhé zhé gōu
  - héng gōu
  - héng zhé wān gōu
  - héng piě
  - héng wān gōu
  - héng zhé gōu
  - héng zhé tí

- B
- 

3. 与同伴交换课本，看看对方选得对不对。

Exchange textbooks with your partner and check whether he/she matched correctly.

4. 按照笔画的名称写出笔画。

Write the strokes according to the following names.

- (1) héng zhé \_\_\_\_\_
- (2) héng wān gōu \_\_\_\_\_
- (3) héng piě \_\_\_\_\_
- (4) héng piě wān gōu \_\_\_\_\_
- (5) héng zhé zhé piě \_\_\_\_\_
- (6) héng zhé gōu \_\_\_\_\_
- (7) héng zhé tí \_\_\_\_\_

## 汉字的笔画

(8) héng zhé wān gōu \_\_\_\_\_

(9) héng gōu \_\_\_\_\_

(10) héng zhé zhé zhé gōu \_\_\_\_\_

5. 与同伴交换课本，看看对方写得对不对。








Exchange textbooks with your partner and check whether he/she wrote correctly.

● 给老师的提示：可以选出几个学生在黑板上听写笔画，然后根据学生的听写情况，简单讲解、示范一下儿笔画的写法。

二、以竖起笔的复合笔画 *Compound strokes starting with the vertical stroke*

1. 看一看，写一写。

Look and write.

笔画 Stroke	名称 Name	写法 How to write	仿写 Practice	举例 Examples
	shù zhé (竖折)	The vertical stroke with a horizontal turn to the right		山 出
	shù gōu (竖钩)	The vertical stroke with a hook		小 你
	shù tí (竖提)	The vertical stroke with an upward turn to the right		长 饭
	shù wān (竖弯)	The vertical stroke with a downward turn		四 叫
	shù wān gōu (竖弯钩)	The vertical stroke with a turn to the right and an upward hook		七 儿
	shù zhé piě (竖折撇)	The vertical stroke with a horizontal turn to the right, and then a downward turn to the left		专
	shù zhé zhé gōu (竖折折钩)	The vertical stroke with a horizontal turn to the right, a downward turn and a hook		吗 与

2. 请把左边的笔画名称与右边的笔画连起来。

Match the names on the left with the strokes on the right.

- A
- shù wān gōu
  - shù gōu
  - shù wān
  - shù zhé zhé gōu
  - shù tí
  - shù zhé piě
  - shù zhé



3. 与同伴交换课本，看看对方选得对不对。

Exchange textbooks with your partner and check whether he/she matched correctly.

4. 按照笔画的名称写出笔画。

Write the strokes according to the following names.

- (1) shù tí \_\_\_\_\_
- (2) shù gōu \_\_\_\_\_
- (3) shù zhé \_\_\_\_\_
- (4) shù wān \_\_\_\_\_
- (5) shù zhé piě \_\_\_\_\_
- (6) shù wān gōu \_\_\_\_\_
- (7) shù zhé zhé gōu \_\_\_\_\_

5. 与同伴交换课本，看看对方写得对不对。

Exchange textbooks with your partner and check whether he/she wrote correctly.

● 给老师的提示：可以选出几个学生在黑板上听写笔画，然后根据学生的听写情况，做简单的讲解，示范一下笔画的写法。

# 汉字的笔画

## 三、以撇起笔的复合笔画 Compound strokes starting with the down ward stroke to the left

1. 看一看，写一写。

Look and write.

笔画 Stroke	名称 Name	写法 How to write	仿写 Practice	举例 Examples
	piě zhé (撇折)	The downward stroke to the left, and then a horizontal turn to the right		车 去
	piě diǎnr (撇点儿)	The downward stroke to the left, and then an extended dot to the right		女

## 四、其它复合笔画 Other compound strokes

1. 看一看，写一写。

Look and write.

笔画 Stroke	名称 Name	写法 How to write	仿写 Practice	举例 Examples
	xié gōu (斜钩)	A slant stroke with a upward hook		我 钱
	wān gōu (弯钩)	A downward stroke to the right and an upward hook to the left		家 狗
	wò gōu (卧钩)	A downward stroke from top left to bottom-right and an upward hook		心 必

2. 请把上边的笔画名称与下边的笔画连起来。

Match the names above with the strokes below.

A xié gōu piě zhé wān gōu piě diǎnr wò gōu

B





3. 与同伴交换课本，看看对方选得对不对。  
Exchange textbooks with your partner and check whether he/she matched correctly.

4. 按照笔画的名称写出笔画。  
Write the strokes according to the following names.



- (1) piě diǎnr \_\_\_\_\_
- (2) wān gōu \_\_\_\_\_
- (3) piě zhé \_\_\_\_\_
- (4) xié gōu \_\_\_\_\_
- (5) wò gōu \_\_\_\_\_

5. 与同伴交换课本，看看对方写得对不对。  
Exchange textbooks with your partner and check whether he/she wrote correctly.

● 给老师的提示：可以选出几个学生在黑板上听写笔画，然后根据学生的听写情况，做简单的讲解，示范一下笔画的写法。

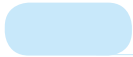
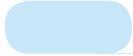

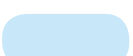
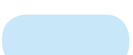
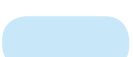
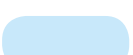
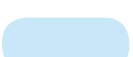
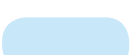
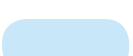
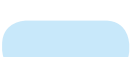
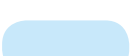
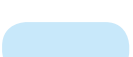
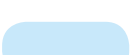
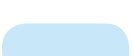
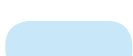
## 书写练习 Writing Exercises

1. 你认识下面的汉字吗？先数一数每个汉字的笔画，然后写出笔画数和笔画。  
Can you recognize the following characters? Count the number of strokes. Record the numbers and write the strokes of each character.

例：十(2),  

人	<input type="text"/>
生	<input type="text"/>
汉	<input type="text"/>
中	<input type="text"/>

# 汉字的笔画

叫	
你	
我	
语	
学	
文	
是	
国	
也	
留	
习	
不	
吗	
家	
在	
好	

2. 与同伴交换课本，看看对方写得对不对。如果你们两个人的答案不一样，可以再与别的组的同学交流，直到你们俩可以确定一个相同的答案为止。  
Exchange textbooks with your partner and check whether he/she wrote correctly. If your answers are not the same, exchange your ideas with others until you determine the right answer.

● 给老师的提示：同学们互相检查后，可以请每个小组说出自己的答案。如果有不同的回答，引导学生讨论，直到得出正确的答案。