



Ders

• Bölgesel Ekonomi ve Bölgesel Gelişme Politikası

Konu 3

• Ülkelerin gelişmişlik göstergeleri

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Büyüme/ kalkınma

Gelişmiş ya da yoksulluk nasıl tanımlanabilir ?



Büyüme/ kalkınma

Gayrisafi hasıla ya da kişi başına düşen gelir bazı durumlarda yeterli olmamaktadır.

BM Kalkınma Programı (UNCTAD) yaşam süresi, çocuk ölüm oranları, okullaşma oranları gibi ölçütleri esas alarak iki tane gösterge geliştirmiştir.

- İnsani gelişim endeksi (human development index)
- Fakirlik endeksi (Human poverty Index)





Büyüme/ kalkınma

Ayrıca, “gıda enerji metodu” denilen bir yöntem vardır.

Besinlerdeki kalori değerine göre, belirleme yapılmaktadır.

Ancak, bu yöntem çok kabul görmüş değildir.



İnsani gelişim endeksi

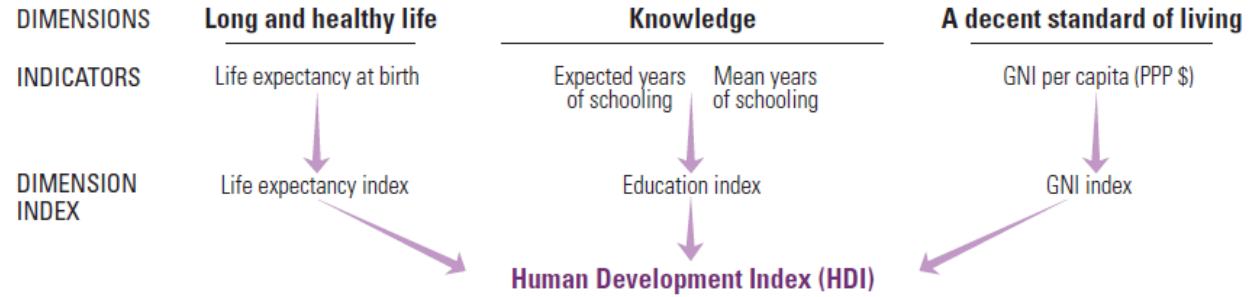
Endeks, aşağıdaki üç değerın ortalamasıdır.

- Doğum anında beklenen yaşam süresi
- Eğitim süresi (okuma yazma + ilk+ orta + lise+ (ağırlığı var)
- Yaşam standardı (satınalma gücü paritesine göre ulusal gelir)



İnsani gelişim endeksi

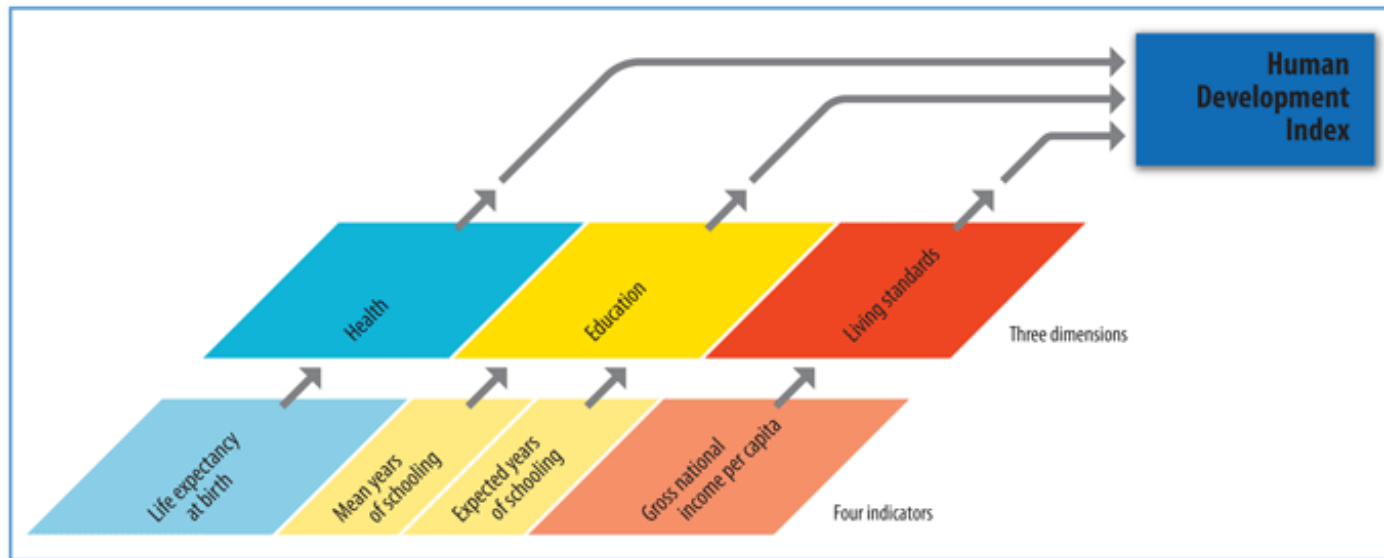
Human Development Index (HDI)



İnsani gelişim endeksi

FIGURE 1.1 Components of the Human Development Index

The HDI—three dimensions and four indicators



Note: The indicators presented in this figure follow the new methodology, as defined in box 1.2.

Source: HDRO.

<http://hdr.undp.org/en/statistics/hdi/>



İnsani gelişim endeksi

HDI rank	Human Development Index (HDI) value ^a	Life expectancy at birth (years)	Mean years of schooling (years)	Expected years of schooling (years)	Gross national income (GNI) per capita (PPP 2008 \$)	GNI per capita rank minus HDI rank	Nonincome HDI value	
	2010	2010	2010	2010 ^b	2010	2010	2010	
VERY HIGH HUMAN DEVELOPMENT								
1	Norway	0.938	81.0	12.6	17.3	58,810	2	0.954
2	Australia	0.937	81.9	12.0	20.5	38,692	11	0.989
3	New Zealand	0.907	80.6	12.5	19.7	25,438	30	0.979
4	United States	0.902	79.6	12.4	15.7	47,094	5	0.917
5	Ireland	0.895	80.3	11.6	17.9	33,078	20	0.936
6	Liechtenstein	0.891	79.6 ^c	10.3 ^d	14.8	81,011 ^{e,f}	-5	0.861
7	Netherlands	0.890	80.3	11.2	16.7	40,658	4	0.911
8	Canada	0.888	81.0	11.5	16.0	38,668	6	0.913
9	Sweden	0.885	81.3	11.6	15.6	36,936	8	0.911
10	Germany	0.885	80.2	12.2	15.6	35,308	9	0.915
11	Japan	0.884	83.2	11.5	15.1	34,692	11	0.915
12	Korea, Republic of ^g	0.877	79.8	11.6	16.8	29,518	16	0.918
13	Switzerland	0.874	82.2	10.3	15.5	39,849	-1	0.889
14	France	0.872	81.6	10.4	16.1	34,341	9	0.898
15	Israel	0.872	81.2	11.9	15.6	27,831	14	0.916
16	Finland	0.871	80.1	10.3	17.1	33,872	8	0.897
17	Iceland	0.869	82.1	10.4	18.2	22,917	20	0.928
18	Belgium	0.867	80.3	10.6	15.9	34,873	3	0.888



Fakirlik endeksi

Fakirlik endeksi, aşağıdaki ölçütlere dayanmaktadır.

- Uzun ve sağlıklı yaşam
- Okuma yazma becerisi
- Yaşama standardı



Fakirlik endeksi

- Doğum anında altmış yaşına kadar yaşama olasılığı
- Temel okuma yazma becerisi yokluğu
- Uzun dönem işsizlik oranı
- Ortalama gelirin (medyan) altında gelir elde eden nüfus yüzdesi



Yoksulluk endeksi



poverty	Indicator	Deprived if living in the household where...	Weight
Health	Nutrition	An adult under 70 years of age or a child is undernourished.	1/6
	Child mortality	Any child has died in the family in the five-year period preceding the survey.	1/6
Education	Years of schooling	No household member aged 10 years or older has completed six years of schooling.	1/6
	School attendance	Any school-aged child is not attending school up to the age at which he/she would complete class 8.	1/6
Standard of living	Cooking Fuel	The household cooks with dung, wood, charcoal or coal.	1/18
	Sanitation	The household's sanitation facility is not improved (according to SDG guidelines) or it is improved but shared with other households.	1/18
	Drinking Water	The household does not have access to improved drinking water (according to SDG guidelines) or safe drinking water is at least a 30-minute walk from home, round trip.	1/18
	Electricity	The household has no electricity.	1/18
	Housing	Housing materials for at least one of roof, walls and floor are inadequate: the floor is of natural materials and/or the roof and/or walls are of natural or rudimentary materials.	1/18
	Assets	The household does not own more than one of these assets: radio, TV, telephone, computer, animal cart, bicycle, motorbike or refrigerator, and does not own a car or truck.	1/18



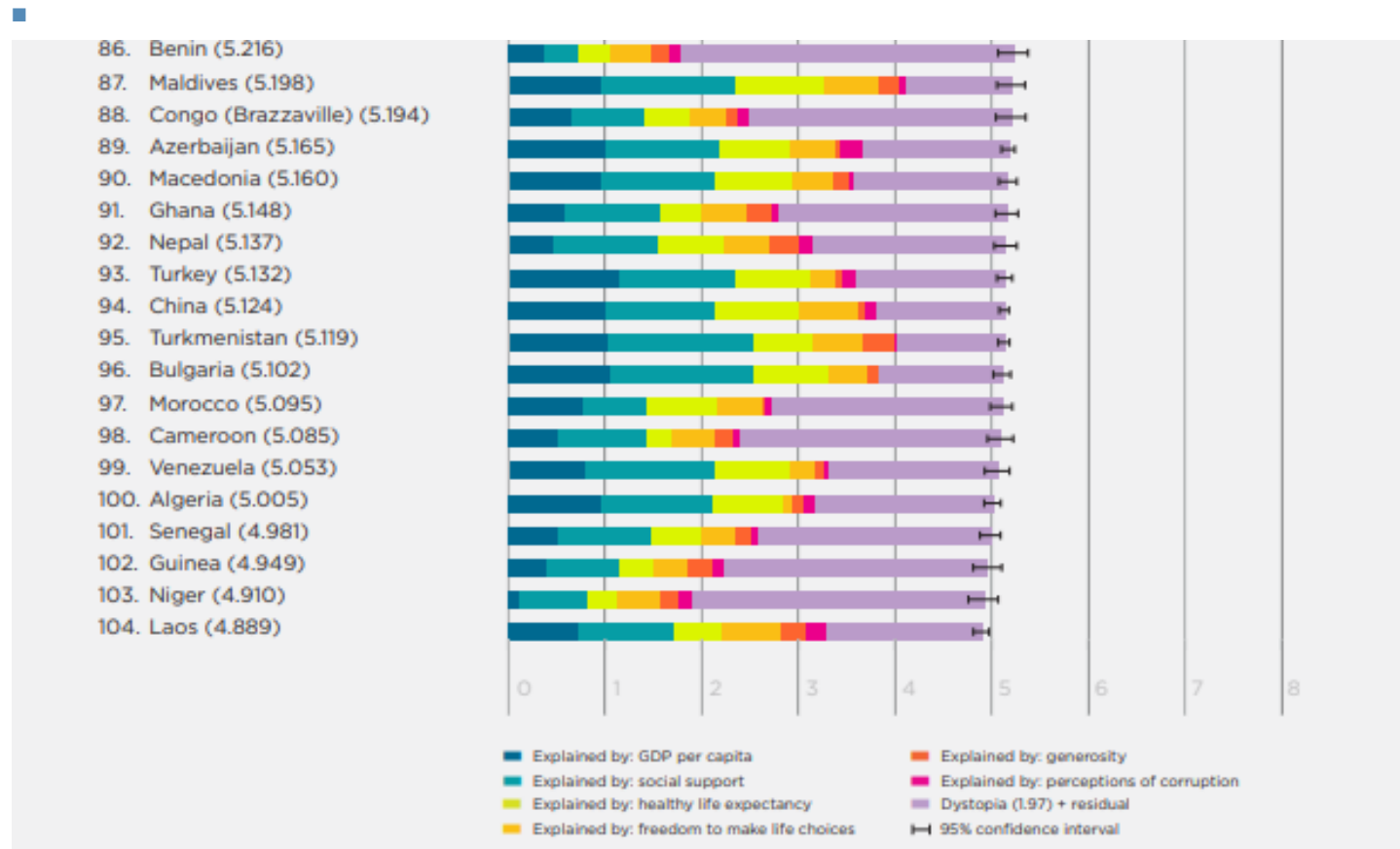
Fakirlik endeksi



Ranking	Country	HPI-2	Probability at birth of not surviving to age 60 (%)	People lacking functional literacy skills (%)	Long-term unemployment (%)	Population below 50% of median income (%)
1	Sweden	6.3	6.7	7.5	1.1	6.5
2	Norway	6.8	7.9	7.9	0.5	6.4
3	Netherlands	8.1	8.3	10.5	1.8	7.3
4	Finland	8.1	9.4	10.4	1.8	5.4
5	Denmark	8.2	10.3	9.6	0.8	5.6
6	Germany	10.3	8.6	14.4	5.8	8.4
7	Switzerland	10.7	7.2	15.9	1.5	7.6
8	Canada	10.9	8.1	14.6	0.5	11.4
9	Luxembourg	11.1	9.2	-	1.2	6.0
10	Austria	11.1	8.8	-	1.3	7.7
11	France	11.2	8.9	-	4.1	7.3
12	Japan	11.7	6.9	-	1.3	11.8



Dünya mutluluk indeksi





KAYNAK :

UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

<http://hdr.undp.org/en/content/human-development-index-hdi>

<http://hdr.undp.org/en/2018-MPI>

<https://happiness-report.s3.amazonaws.com/2020/WHR20.pdf>

