#### **CEN 212 FLUID MECHANICS**

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# COURSE CONTENT

- Course Content:
- 1. Introduction, Properties of fluids
- 2. Dimensional analysis, Fluid statics
- 3. Fluid statics
- 4. Fluid flow phenomena
- 5. Basic equations of fluid flow, Flow similarity
- 6. Laminar flow, Momentum balances
- 7. Boundary layers,
- 8. Mechanical energy equation
- 9. Friction, Pumps
- 10. Flow past immersed bodies, Packed beds
- 11. Metering of fluids
- 12. Agitation and mixing of liquids

## REFERENCES

- Text Book:
- 1. Geankoplis C.J., Transport Processes and Unit Operation, 4th Edition, PTR Prentice Hall, 2003.

- Reference Books:
- 1. McCabe, W.L., Smith, J.C., Harriott, P., Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2005.
- 2. Fox, R.W., McDonald, A.T., Pritchard, P.J., Introduction to Fluid Mechanics, John Wiley & Sons, 6th Edition, 2003.
- 3. Munson, B.R., Young, D.F., Okiishi, T.H., Fundamentals of Fluid Mechanics, 2nd Edition, 1994.
- 4. Perry, R.H., Green, D., Perry's Chemical Engineers' Handbook, 7th ed., McGraw Hill, 1997

#### FLUID MECHANICS IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING



A chemical engineer MUST

Develop and design

Choose proper raw materials

Operate the plant efficiently, SAFELY and economically

See if the products meet the customer requirements

#### FLUID MECHANICS IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

Unit Operations:

Primarily physical steps of preparing the reactants.

Seperating and purifying the products.

Recycling unconverted reactants.

Control the energy transfer.

• FLUID MECHANICS is the branch of science that deals with the macroscopic behavior of fluids (liquids, gases and vapors).

• Fluid Mechanics has two main area of interest:

Fluid Statics: Fluids in equilibrium state (no shear stress)
 Fluid Dynamics: Fluids in motion

# UNIT SYSTEMS

System International (SI)
m, kg, s, K
CGS
cm, g, s, K
FPS
ft, lb, s, R

### MOLECULAR TRANSPORT

• All molecular transport processes depend on the same principle (driving force) and basic equations are analogous

MOMENTUMHEATMASSNewton's LawFourier's LawFick's Law

FLUID MECHANICS depends on the principles of MOMENTUM transport.

### PROPERTIES OF FLUIDS

• Afluid is a substance that does not permanently resist distortion and hence will change its shape.

• Gases, liquids and vapors are considered to have the characteriztics of fluids

