**CEN 205 MASS AND ENERGY BALANCES** 

Instructors: Assoc. Prof. Ayşe Karakeçili

**Assoc. Prof. Berna Topuz** 

**FUNDAMENTALS OF MATERIAL BALANCES** 

**General Procedure for Single-Unit Process Material Balance Calculations** 

1. Choose as a basis of calculation an amount or flow rate of one of the

process streams

If an amount or flow rate is given, it is convinient to use it as the basis of

calculations.

If there is no specified amount or flow rate, an arbitrary amount or flow rate

should be taken as a basis. Usually a stream with a known composition is

used.

2. Draw and label the flowchart

The process stream variables like total mass or mass flow rate, mass fractions

of stream components, total moles, molar flow rates or molar compositions

should be written on the flow chart. Also the unknown quantities should be

labeled with proper notation.

3. Define a system

The system of interest where the material balance is to be solved should be

specified. A system can be the total process, a single process unit or a part of

a process with multiple units included.

- 4. Evaluate the problem statement in terms of the labeled variables. Determine which unknowns you need to solve.
- Convert all numerical information into consistent units.Convert all quantities to same unit system.
  - 6. Define system variables for generation, consumption and accumulation
  - 7. Write material balance equation

Write the equations in efficient order, minimize simultaneous equations.

8. Solve the equations

Start with the equations involving only one unknown variable.

9. Check your calculations.

## **YOUR TURN:**

A liquid mixture of benzene and toluene which contains 55.0% benzene by mass, is to be evaporated. The vapor product stream leaving the evaporator contains 85.0 % benzene and the liquid product stream contains 10.6 % benzene by mass. Draw and label the process flow chart. Calculate the mass flow rates of vapor product and liquid product, per hour.



Basis: 100 kg mixture => m1=100 kg

Overall mass balance:

$$m_1 = m_v + m_L = > m_v + m_L = 100 \text{ kg}$$

$$m_L = 100 - m_v$$

Benzene balance:

$$100*0.55 = m_v *0.85 + m_L *0.106$$

$$55 = 0.85*m_v + (100 - m_v) *0.106$$

$$55 = 0.85*m_v + 10.6 - 0.106*m_v$$

$$44.4 = 0.744*m_v$$

$$m_v = 59.7kg$$

$$m_L = 40.3kg$$