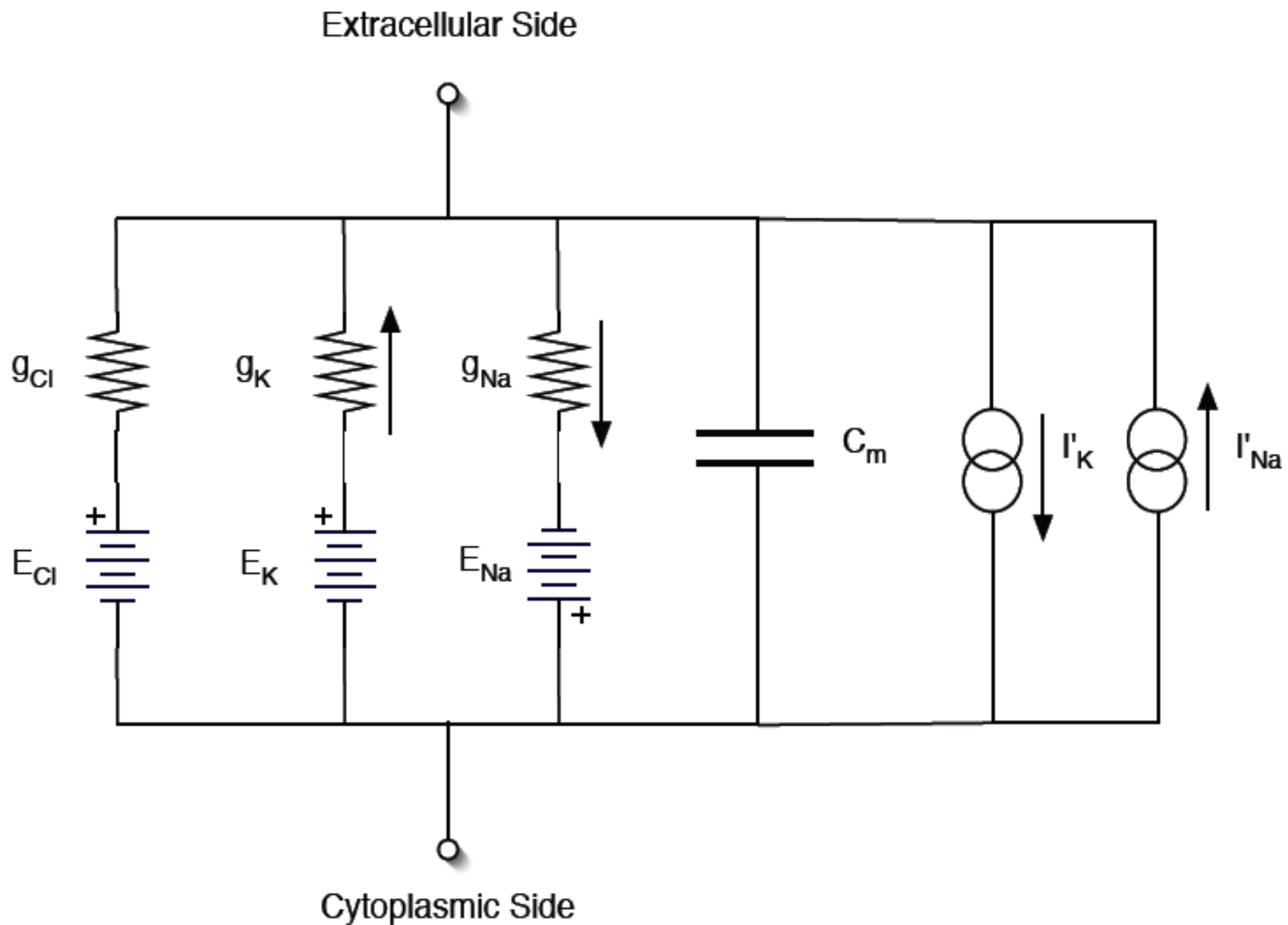


Basic Electrophysiological Methods Lecture 5

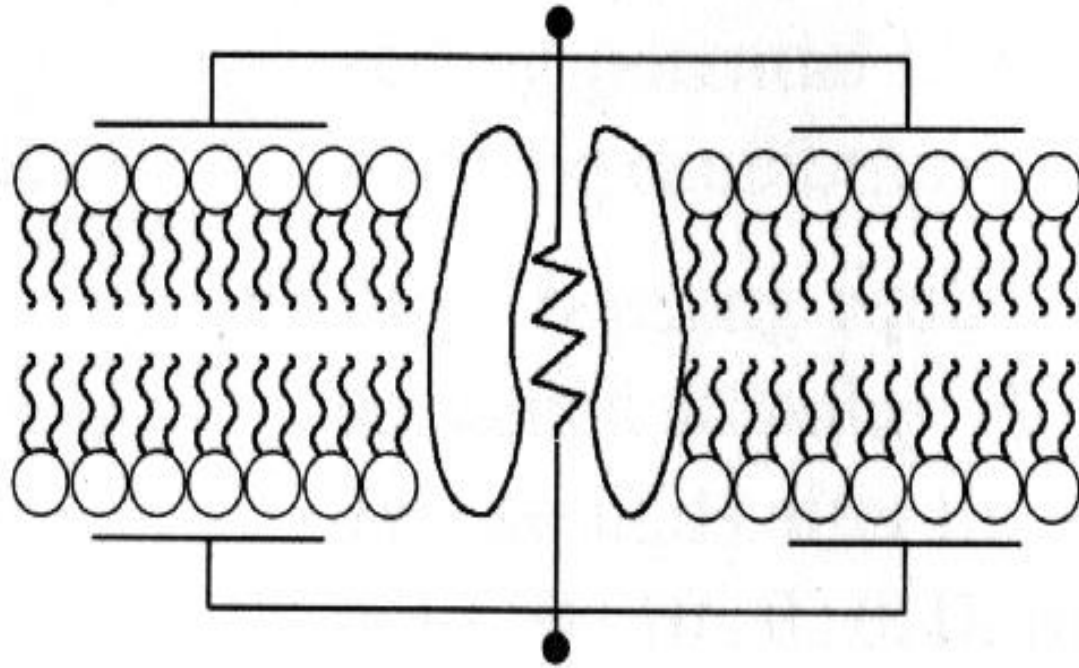
Assoc. Prof. Erkan Tuncay
Department of Biophysics

The complete equivalent circuit

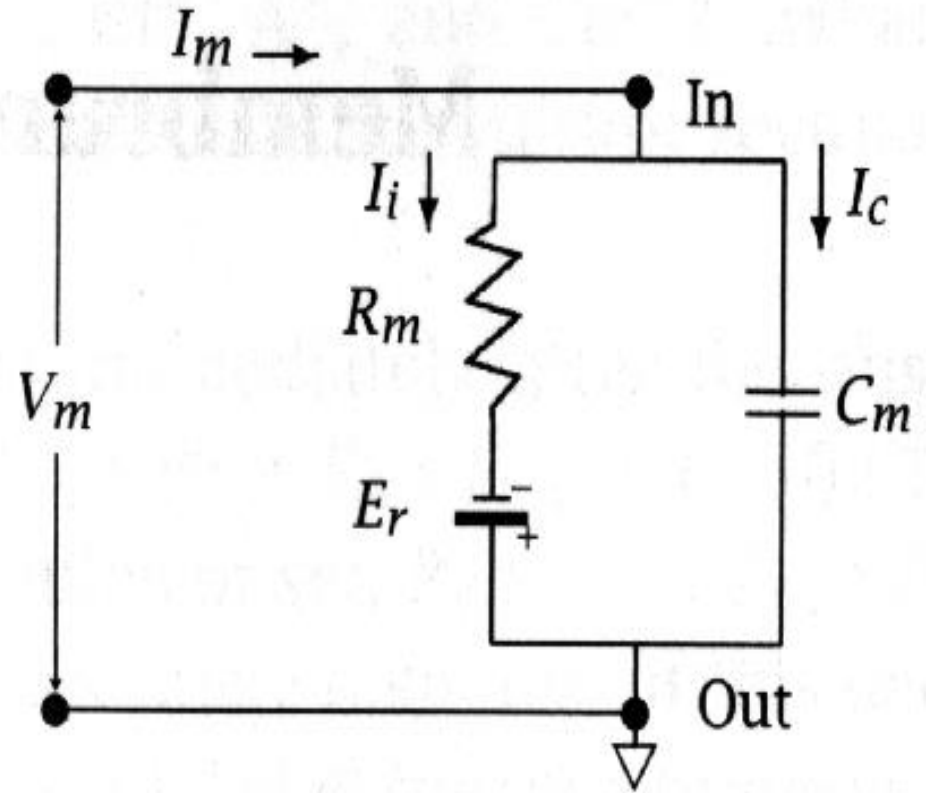


Ohmic model

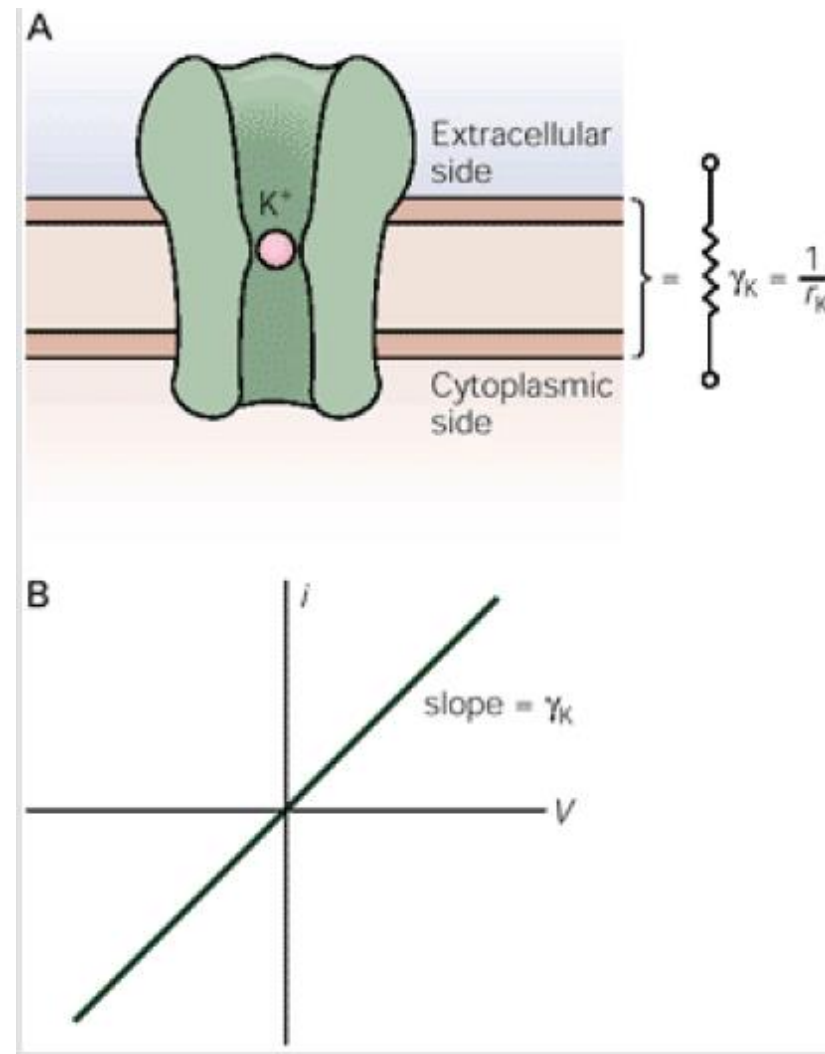
Biological membrane

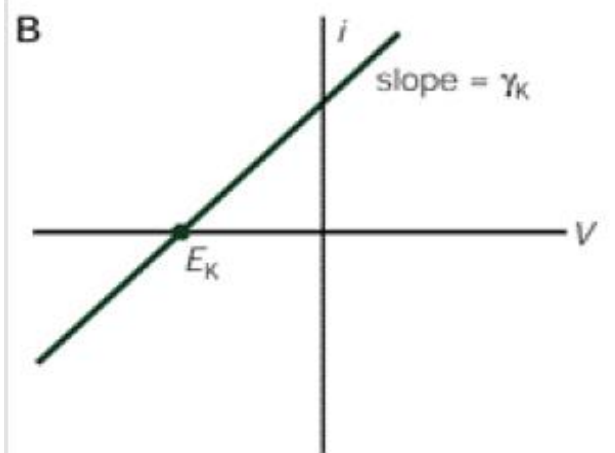
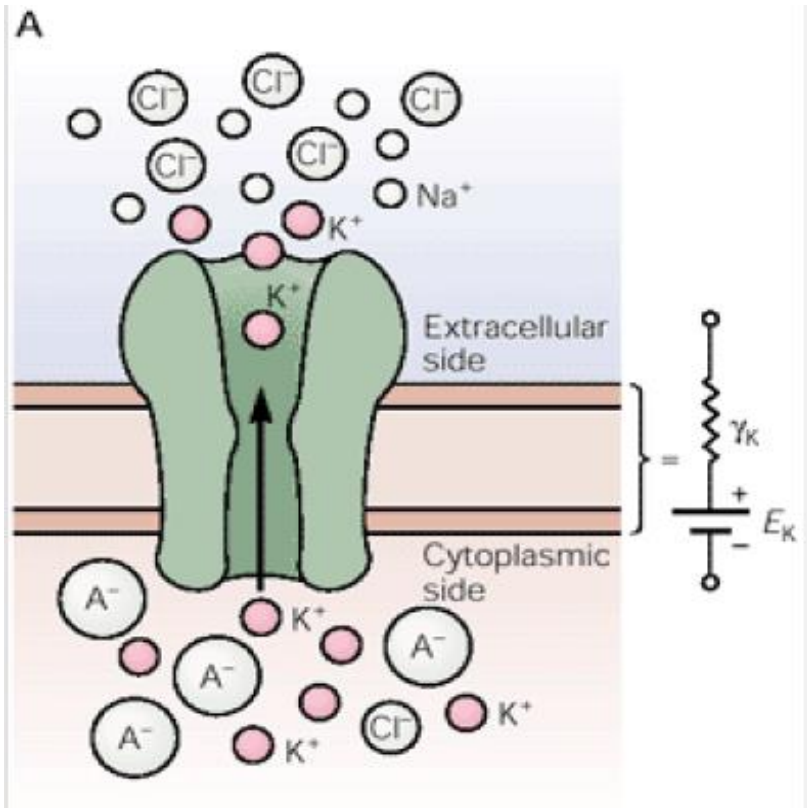


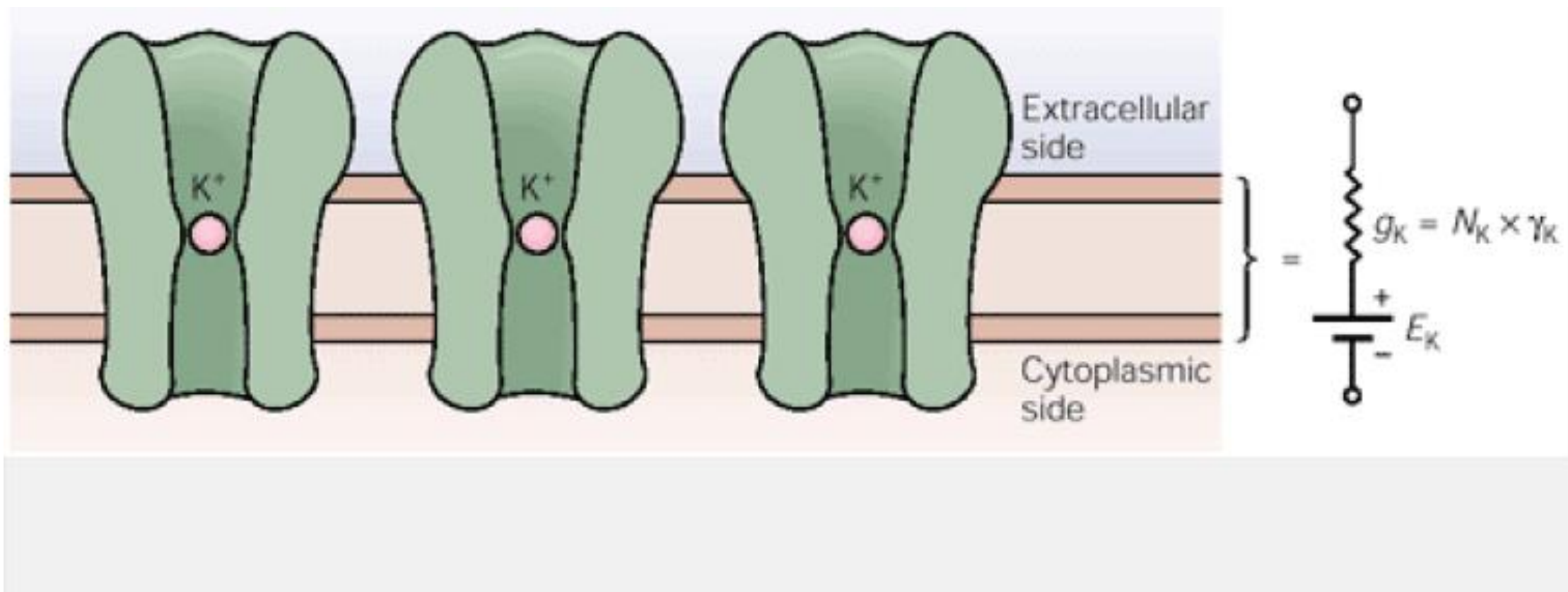
Equivalent circuit representation

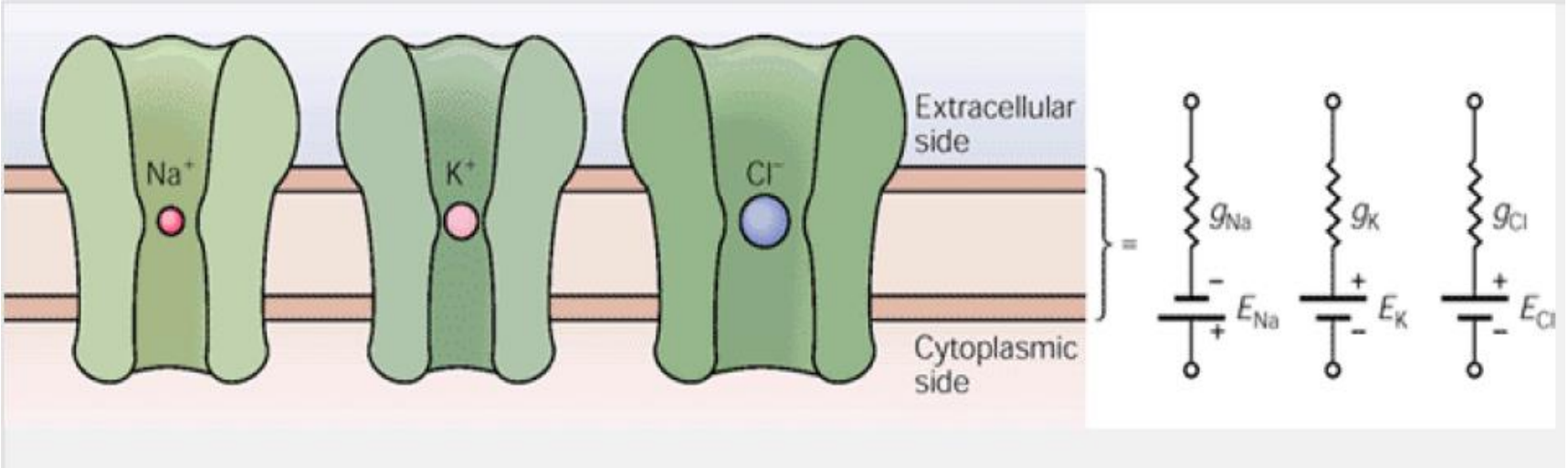


Electrical model of the cell: conductance equation

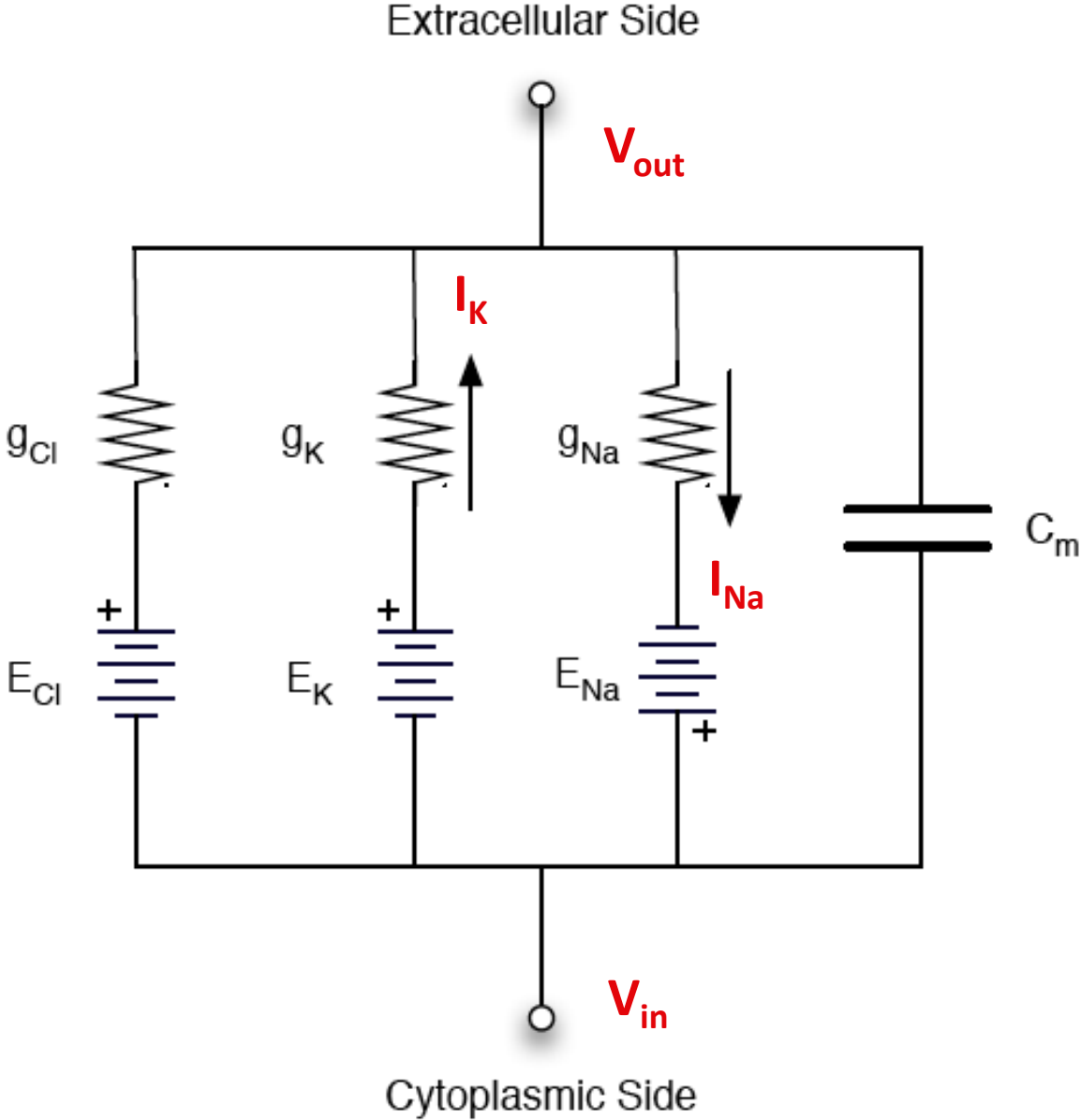








The passive equivalent circuit



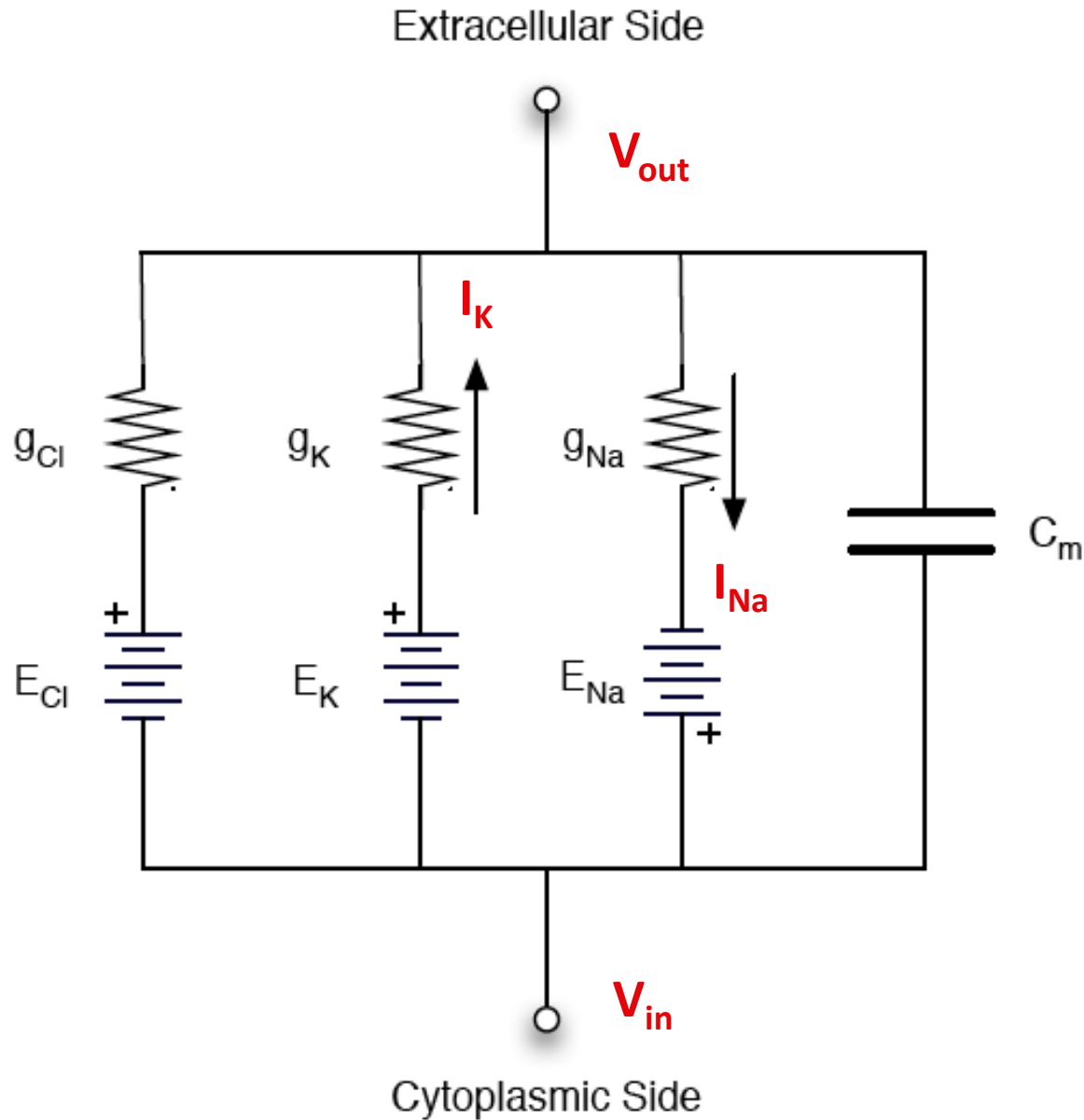
Solving for V_{rest}

1. $I_{Na} + I_K = 0$
2. $V_{in} - V_{out} = E_K + I_K / g_K$
3. $V_{in} - V_{out} = E_{Na} + I_{Na} / g_{Na}$
4. $I_K = g_K(V_m - E_K)$
5. $I_{Na} = g_{Na}(V_m - E_{Na})$

Finally,

$$V_m = \frac{(E_{Na}g_{Na} + E_Kg_K)}{g_{Na} + g_K}$$

The passive equivalent circuit

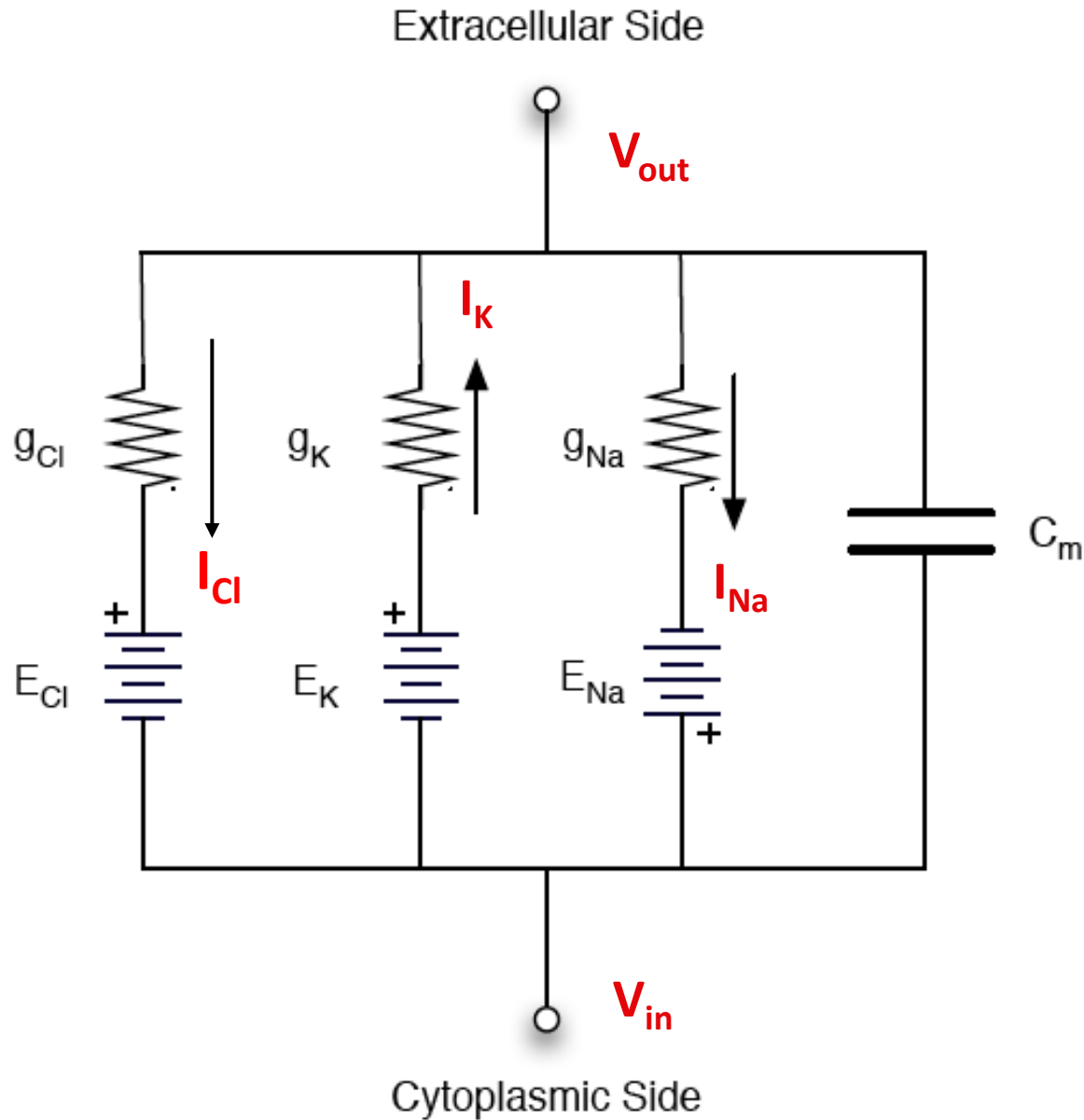


Solving for V_{rest}

1. $R_{Na} = 5 \cdot 10^6 \Omega$
2. $R_K = 0.2 \cdot 10^6 \Omega$
3. $R_{Cl} = 0.5 \cdot 10^6 \Omega$
4. $E_{Na} = 55 \text{mV}$
5. $E_K = -75 \text{mV}$
6. $E_{Cl} = -70 \text{mV}$

$V_m = ?$

The passive equivalent circuit



Solving for V_{rest}

1. $R_{Na} = 5 \cdot 10^6 \Omega$
2. $R_K = 0.2 \cdot 10^6 \Omega$
3. $R_{Cl} = 0.5 \cdot 10^6 \Omega$
4. $E_{Na} = 55 \text{mV}$
5. $E_K = -75 \text{mV}$
6. $E_{Cl} = -70 \text{mV}$

$V_m = ?$