

# HELLENİSTİK KRALLIKLAR

1. Kassandros'un Makedonya Krallığı: **Aigai / Pella**
2. Lyismakhos'un Trakia Krallığı: **Lysimakheia**
3. Antigonid Krallığı: **Antigoneia/Demetrias ve Pella**
4. Seleukos Krallığı: **Seleukeia ve Antiokheia**
5. Ptolemaios Krallığı: **Alexandria**
6. Attalid/Attaloslar Krallığı: **Pergamon**
7. Pontus ve Bithynia: **Nikomedia / Amaseia**
8. Galatlar: **Ankyra, Pessinus ve Tavion**
9. Kommagene Krallığı: **Samosata/Kummuh**

# MÖ 301 IPSOS Savaşı öncesi Diadokhların Krallık Sınırları



[Antigonus I Monophthalmus](#)

[Demetrius I Poliorcetes](#) (294 BC-287 BC)

[Antigonus II Gonatas](#) (276 BC-239 BC)

[Demetrius II](#) (239 BC-229 BC)

[Antigonus III Doson](#) (229 BC - 221 BC)

[Philip V](#) (221 BC-179 BC)

[Perseus](#) (179 BC-168 BC)

Antigonos Monophthalmos



Demetrius Poliorcetes

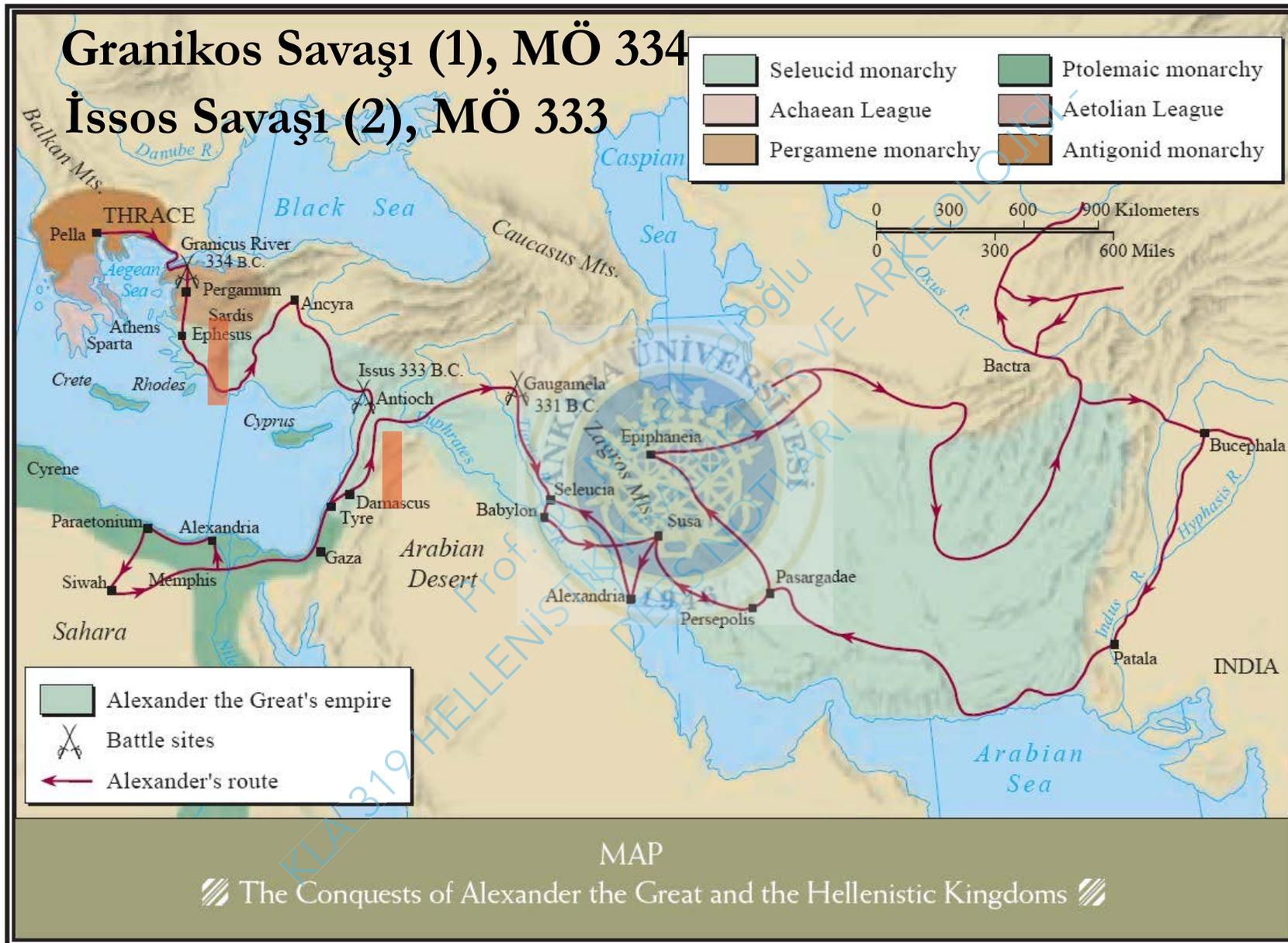


Perseus



# Granikos Savaşı (1), MÖ 334

# İssos Savaşı (2), MÖ 333

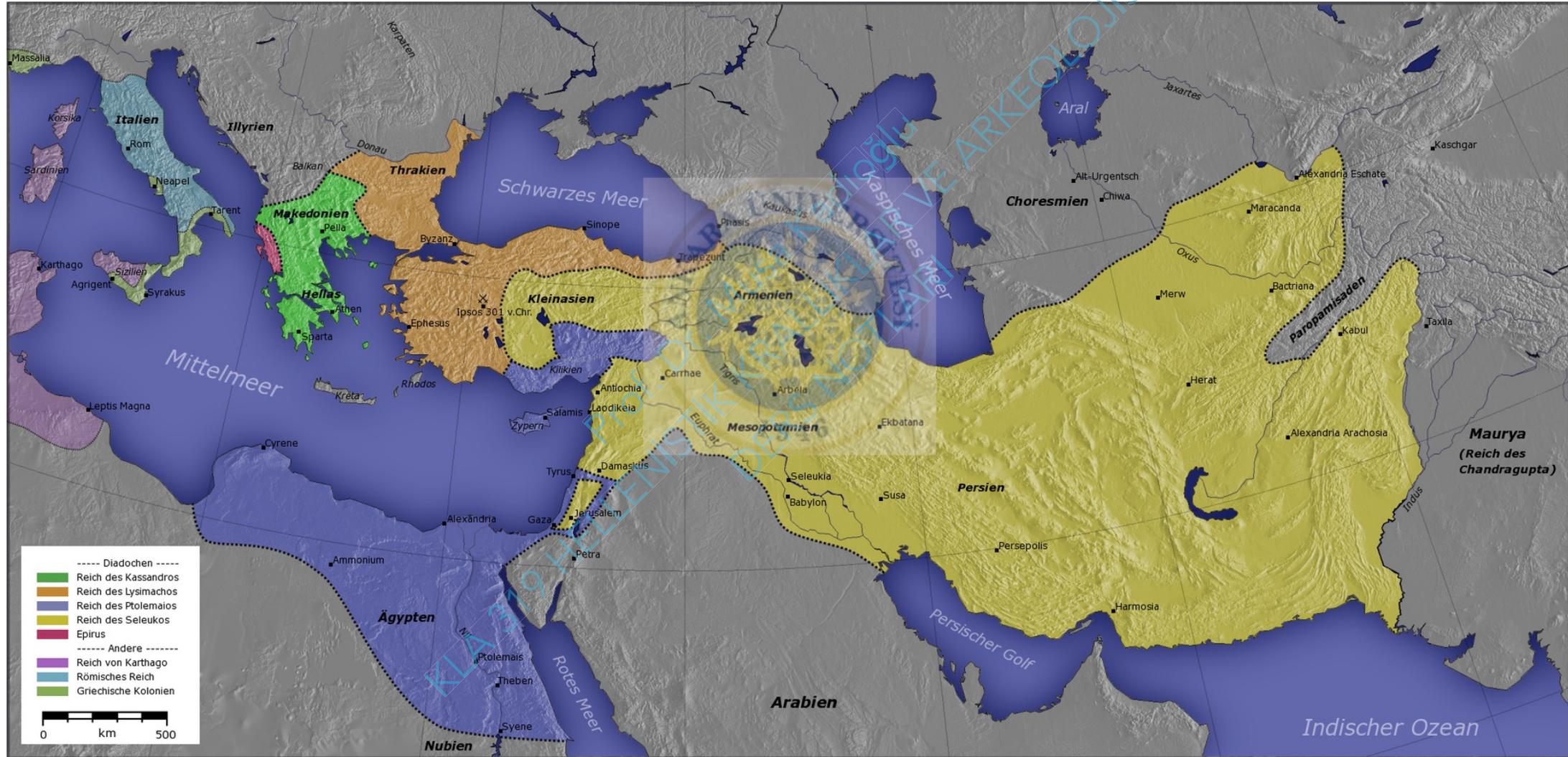


Antigonos'un egemenliđi altındaki topraklar MÖ 311 yılındaki Diodokhlar Barşı'ndan sonra ve MÖ 309 yılındaki Babil Savaşı'ndan sonra.

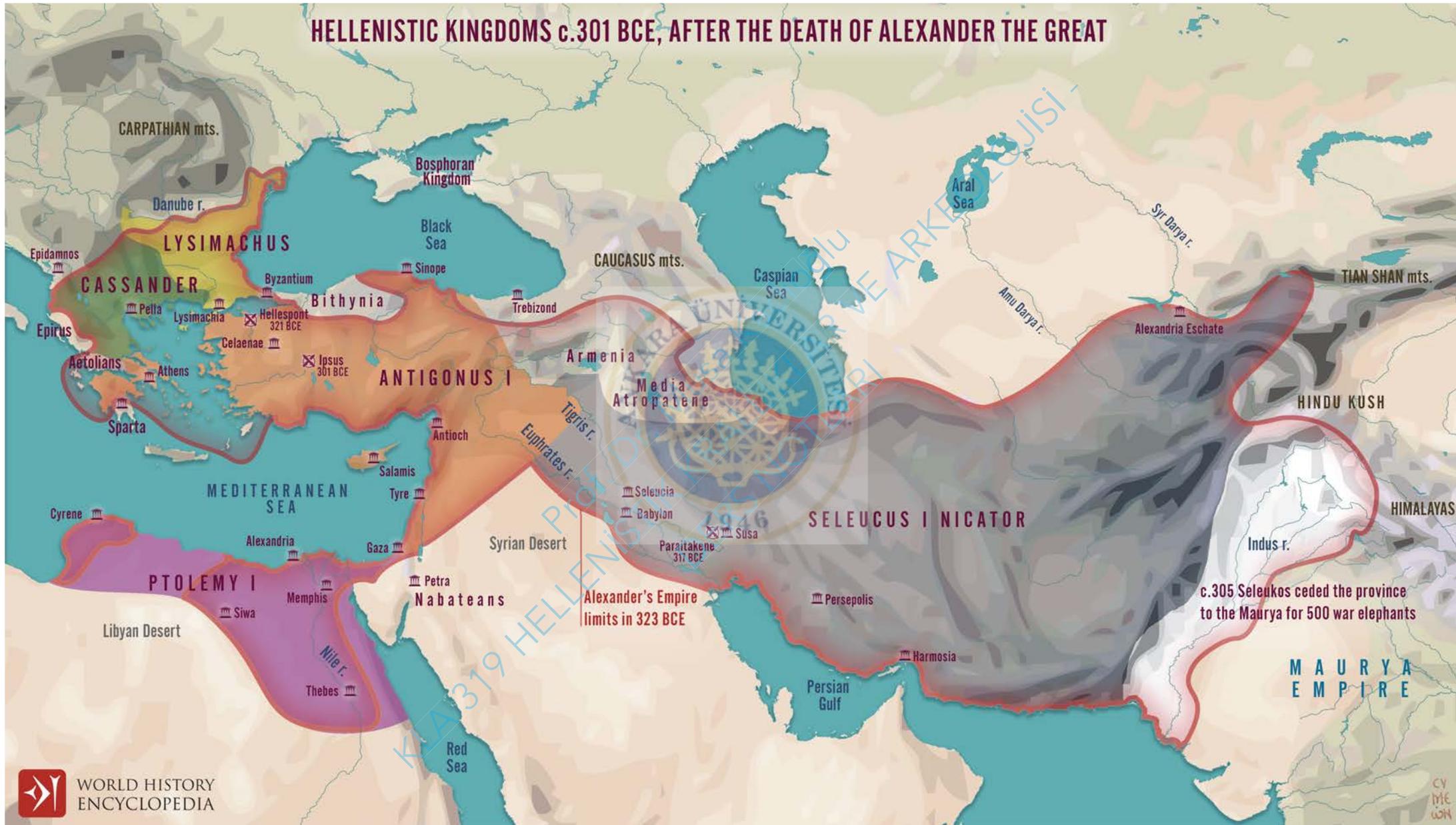




# MÖ 301 yılındaki İpsos Savaşı'ndan Sonra İskender Halefleri'nin Krallık Sınırları Seleukos Krallığı, Kassandros'un Makedon Krallığı, Lysimakhos'un Krallığı ve Ptolemaios Krallığı ve Epirus Krallığı



# HELLENISTIC KINGDOMS c.301 BCE, AFTER THE DEATH OF ALEXANDER THE GREAT



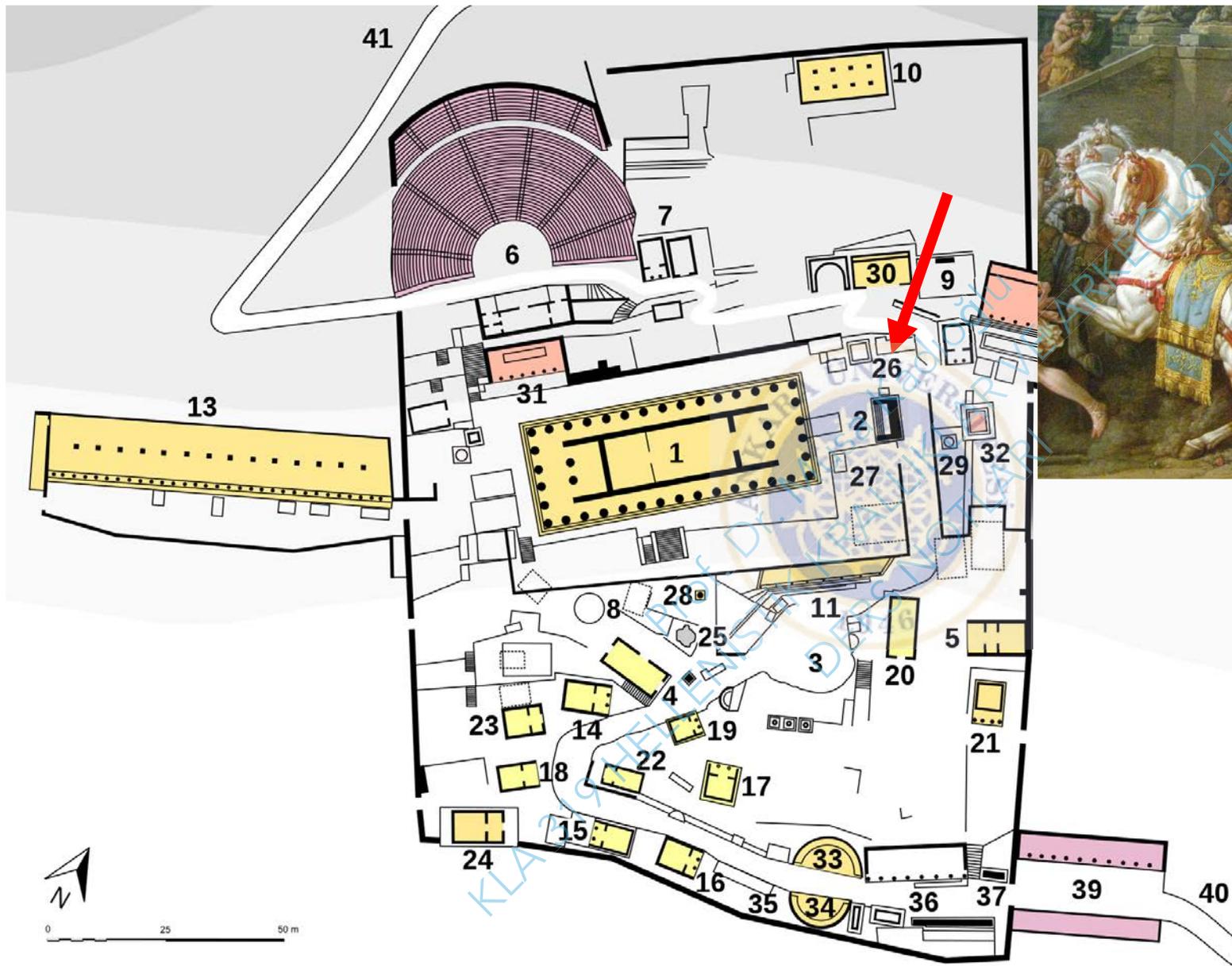
## II. MAKEDON SAVAŞI (MÖ 200-196)



### Antigonid rulers

King	Reign (BC)	Consort(s)	Comments
 <p><b>Antigonus I Monophthalmus</b> (Western Asian Antigonid kingdom)</p>	<p>306–301 BC</p> 	<p><b>Stratonice</b></p>	<p>One of Alexander the Great's top generals; a major participant in the so-called "funeral games" following that king's death.</p> <p>"Monophthalmus" is Greek for "One-eyed," a reference to a disfiguring battle scar.</p>
  <p><b>Demetrius I Poliorcetes</b> (Macedon, Sicilia)</p>	<p>294–287 BC</p>	<p>Phila Ptolemais Deïdameia Lanassa ?Eurydice ?Unnamed Illyrian woman</p>	<p>Son of <b>Antigonus I Monophthalmus</b>. Demetrius' wife Phila was a daughter of <b>Antipater</b>, and ancestor of all subsequent Antigonid kings of Macedon, except <b>Antigonus III Doson</b>, through her son <b>Antigonus II Gonatas</b>. Antigonus III Doson was descended from the marriage of Demetrius and Ptolemais, who was a daughter of Ptolemy I Soter and mother of Doson's father, <b>Demetrius the Fair</b>, the ephemeral King of Cyrene. Deïdameia was a daughter of <b>Aeacides of Epirus</b> and sister of <b>Pyrrhus</b>, she had one son, Alexander, by Demetrius. Demetrius had a further two sons, Demetrius the Thin and Corrhagus, the former by an unnamed Illyrian woman, the latter by a woman named Eurydice. <b>Demetrius I Poliorcetes</b> was the first Antigonid king of <b>Macedon</b>.</p>

<p><b>Antigonus II Gonatas</b> (Macedon)</p>	276–239 BC	Phila	Son of <b>Demetrius Poliorcetes</b> and Phila, grandson of <b>Antigonus I Monophthalmus</b> . His wife, <b>Phila</b> , was the daughter of his sister, <b>Stratonice</b> . Only one known legitimate child, <b>Demetrius II Aetolicus</b> .
<p><b>Demetrius the Fair</b> (Cyrene)</p>	c. 250 BC	Olympias of Larissa <b>Berenice II</b>	Son of <b>Demetrius I Poliorcetes</b> and Ptolemaïs. Father of <b>Antigonus III Doson</b> and, apparently, <b>Echecrates</b> by Olympias.
<p><b>Demetrius II Aetolicus</b> (Macedon)</p>	239–229 BC	<p><b>Stratonice of Macedon</b> <b>Phthia of Epirus</b> <b>Nicaea of Corinth</b> <b>Chryseis</b></p>	Son of <b>Antigonus II</b> and <b>Phila</b> . <b>Stratonice of Macedon</b> was a daughter of <b>Antiochus I Soter</b> and <b>Stratonice</b> . <b>Phthia of Epirus</b> was a daughter of <b>Alexander II of Epirus</b> and <b>Olympias II of Epirus</b> . <b>Nicaea of Corinth</b> was the widow of Demetrius' cousin, <b>Alexander of Corinth</b> . <b>Chryseis</b> was a former captive of Demetrius. <sup>[5]</sup> Only known son, <b>Philip</b> by <b>Chryseis</b> , also had a daughter by <b>Stratonice of Macedon</b> , <b>Apama III</b> .
<p><b>Antigonus III Doson</b> (Macedon)</p>	229–221 BC	Chryseis	Son of <b>Demetrius the Fair</b> and <b>Olympias of Larissa</b> . Children unknown.
 <p><b>Philip V</b> (Macedon)</p>	221–179 BC	<b>Polycratia of Argos</b>	Son of <b>Demetrius II</b> and <b>Chryseis</b> . <sup>[5]</sup> At least four children: <b>Perseus of Macedon</b> , <b>Apame</b> , <b>Demetrius</b> and <b>Philippus</b> .
 <p><b>Perseus</b> (Macedon)</p>	179–168 BC (died 166 BC)	<b>Laodice V</b>	The last ruler of Macedon. <b>Laodice V</b> was a daughter of the Seleucid king, <b>Seleucus IV Philopator</b> . At least two sons, <b>Philip</b> and <b>Alexander</b> .



PERSEUS



Bithynia Kralı 1. Prusias Anıtı (MÖ 182)

## Aemilius Paullus Anıtı (Lucius Aemilius Paullus Macedonicus), MÖ 168

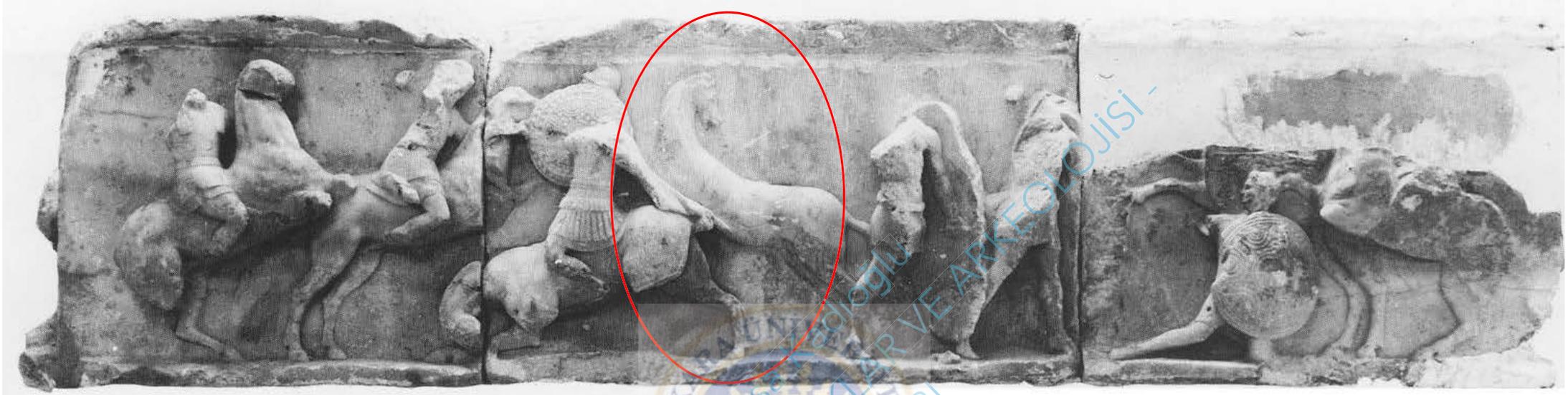


“Lucius’un ođlu Lucius Aemilius, Kral Perseus’u ve Makedonia’a fethetti.”



*Aemilius Paullus Zafer Alayı*  
([Carle Vernet](#), 1789)





**Delphi, Aemilius Paullus tarafından yaptırılan Pydna Anıtı (MÖ 168)**



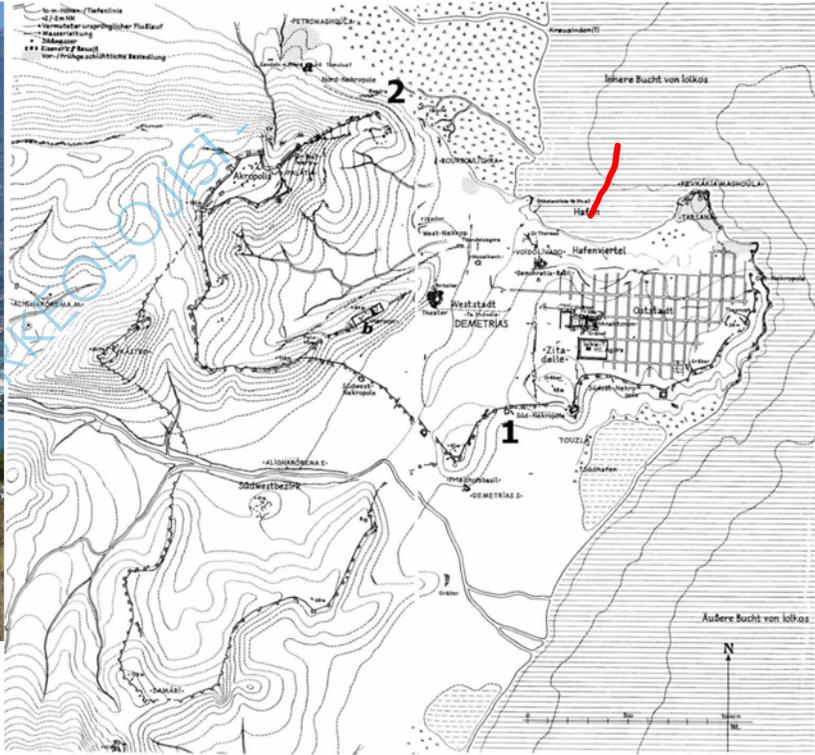
## ANTIGONEIA



ANKARA ÜNİVERSİTESİ  
Prof. Dr. Musa Kadıoğlu  
KRALIKLAR VE ARKEOLOJİSİ -  
DERS NOTLARI  
1946

# DEMETRIAS



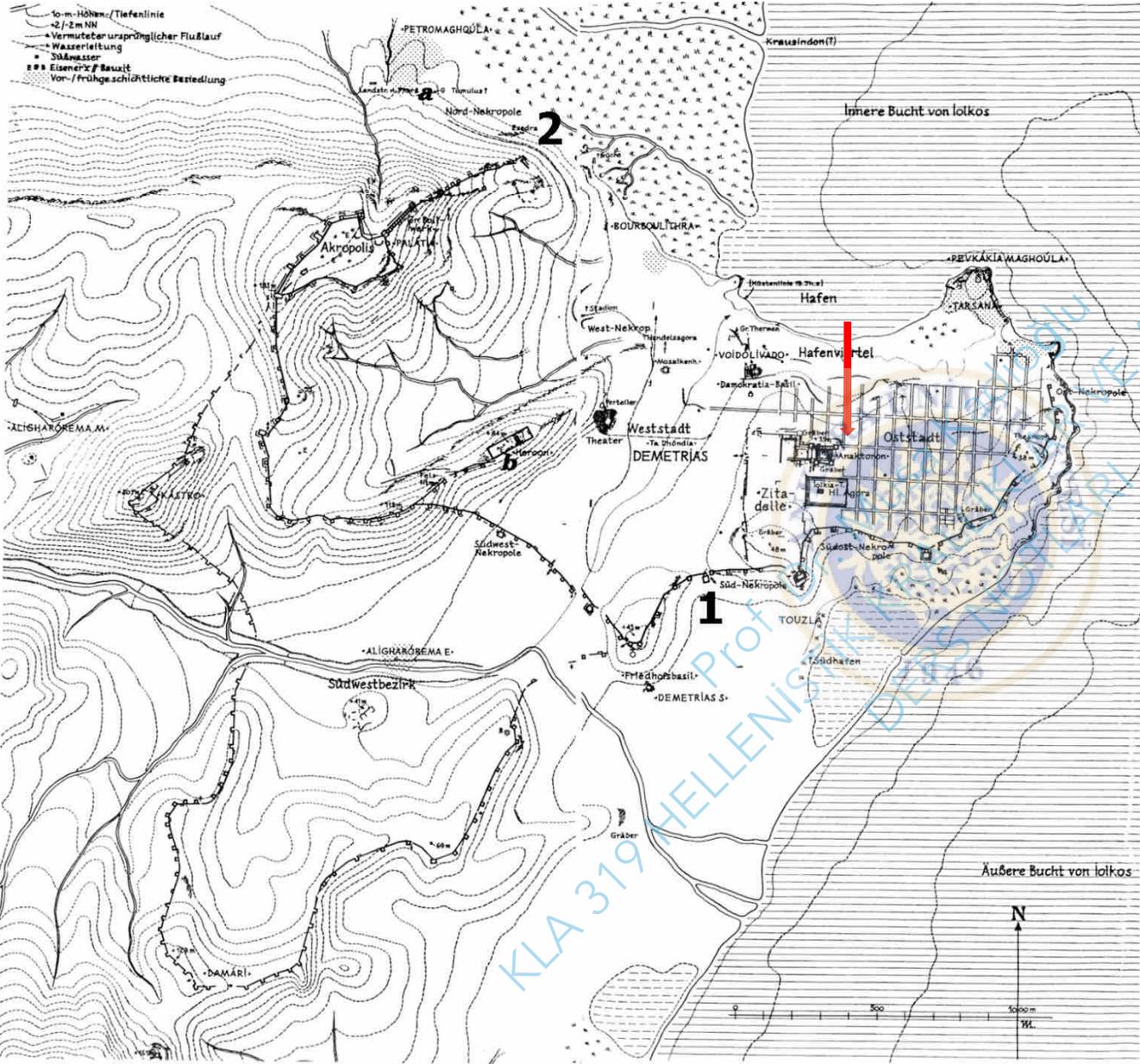


## DEMETRIAS

Demetrias Akropolü

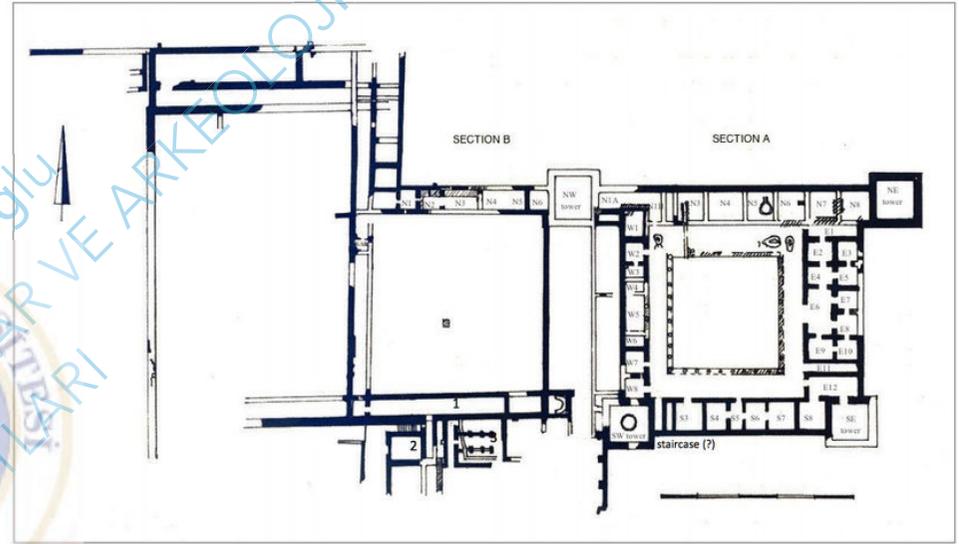


# Anaktoron (Saray)

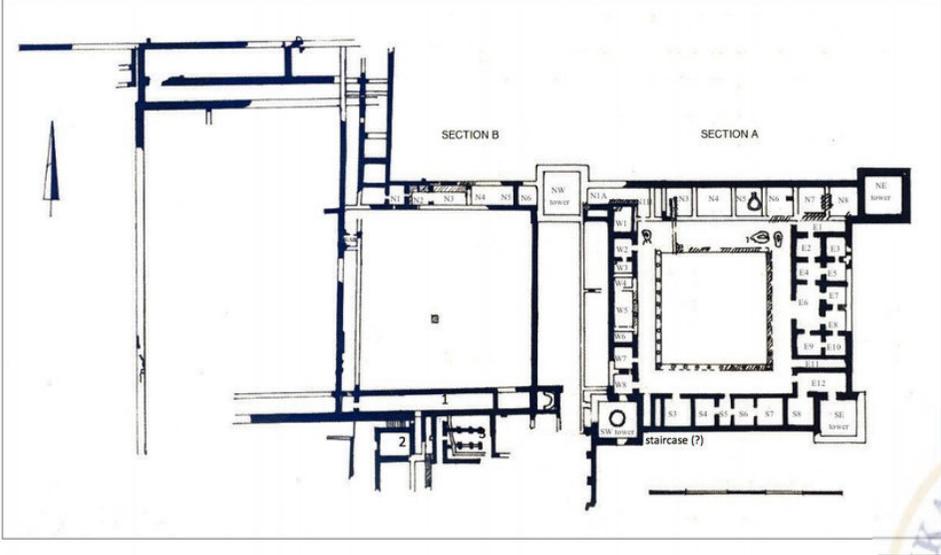




Demetrias, Anaktoron (Saray)



## KUTSAL AGORA (HIERA AGORA)



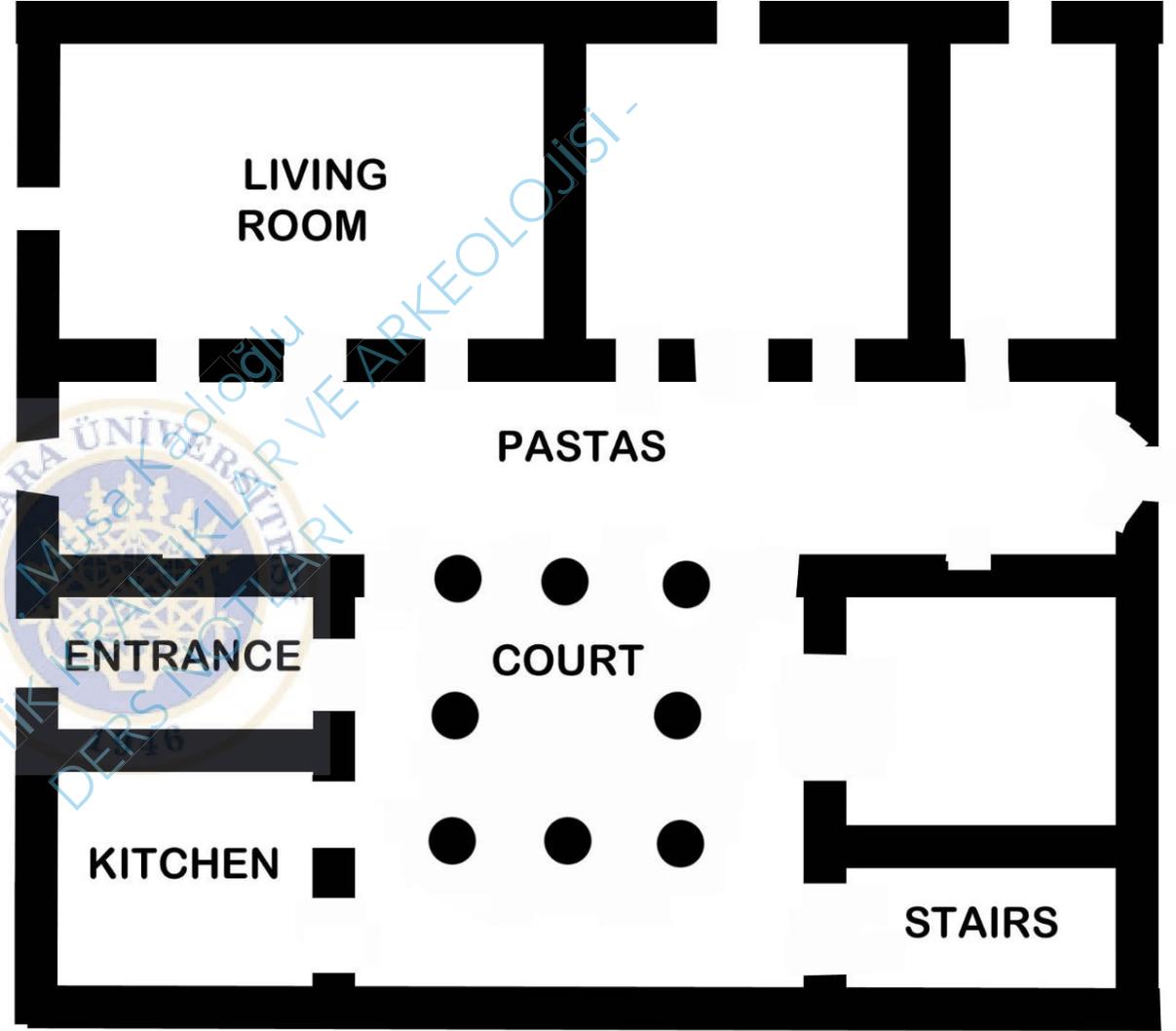
Agora yakınındaki  
Demetrias  
metroon'u



## Demetrias Antik Tiyatrosu



TİPİK PASTAS EV PLANI

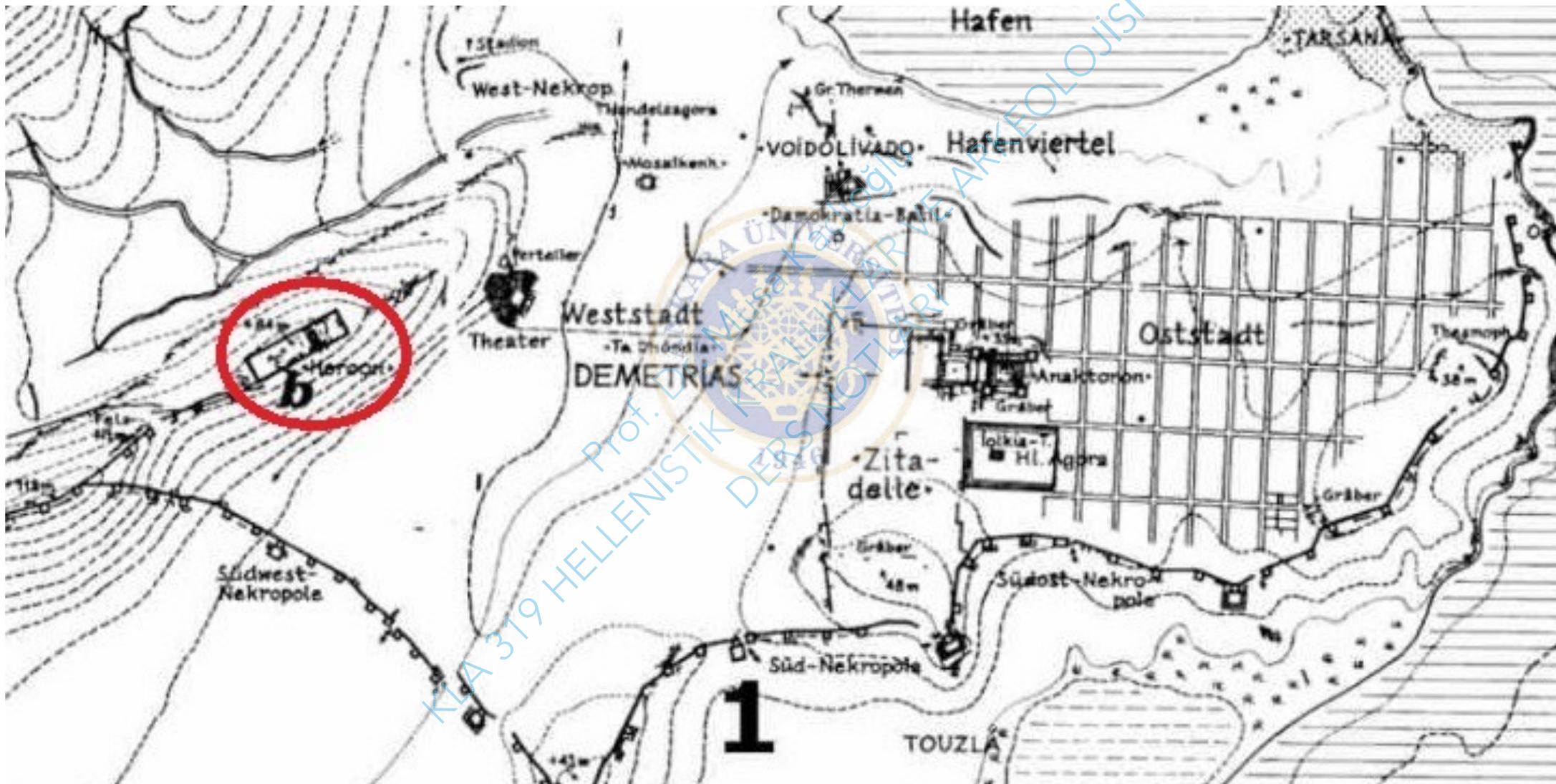


MAISON DE LA COLLINE  
DELOS

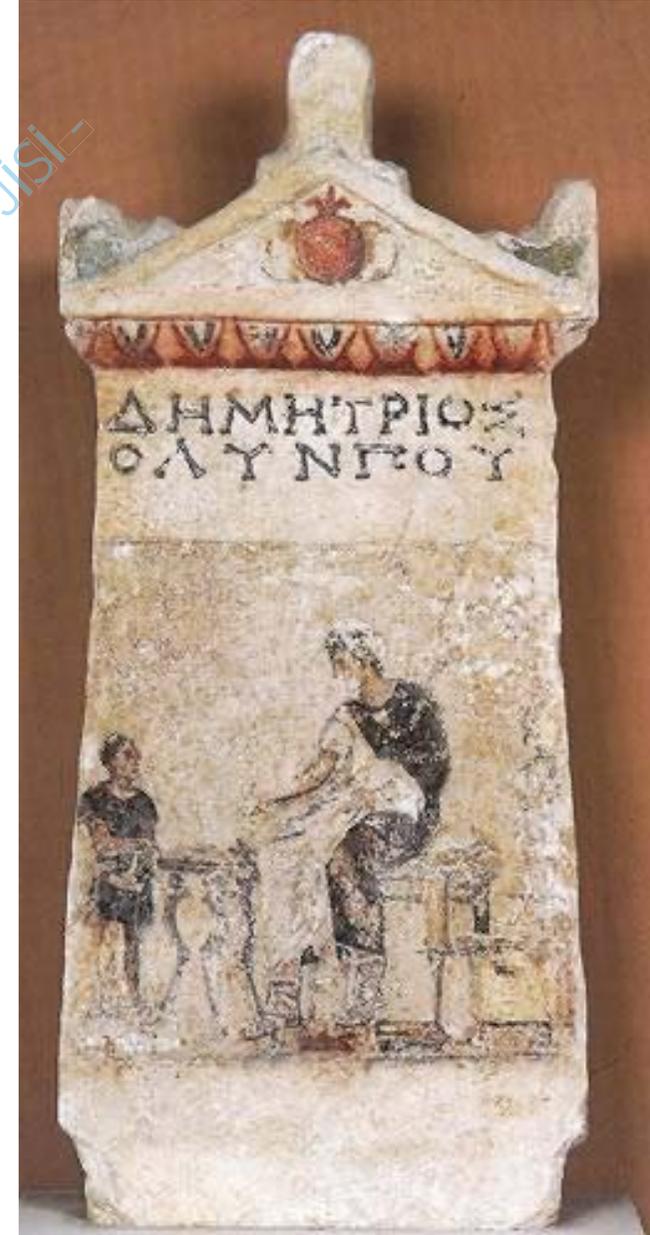
## AQUADUCTUS (SU KEMERİ)



# HEROON



Demetrias'tan Renkli Mezar  
Steli Louvre Müzesi



KLA 319 HELLENİSTİK KRALLIKLAR VE İSİ-

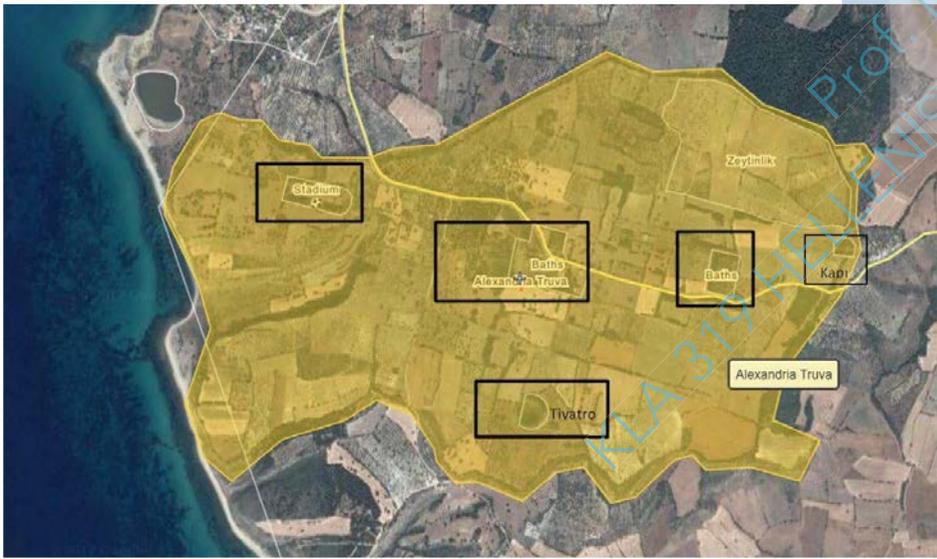
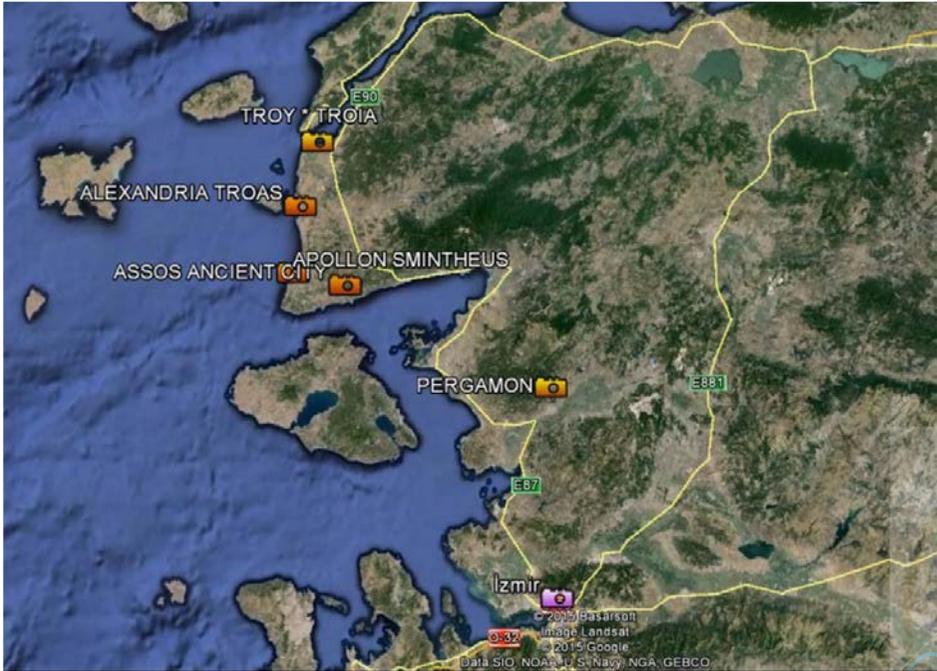
ANKARA ÜNİVERSİTESİ  
Prof. Dr. Musa Kadınöğlü  
1946

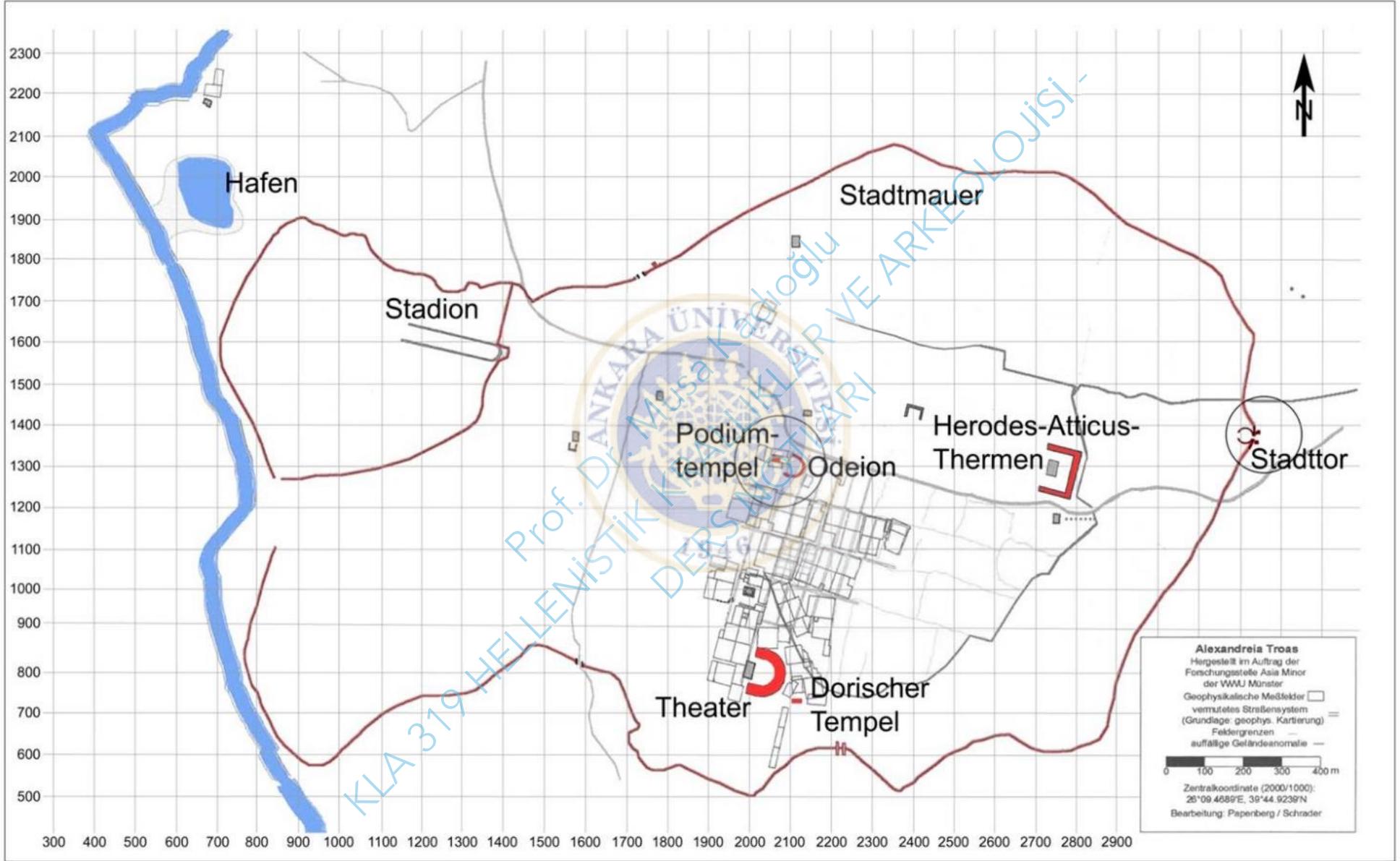
DERS NOTLARI



**Prof. Dr. Elmar Schwertheim**  
1943 - 2022

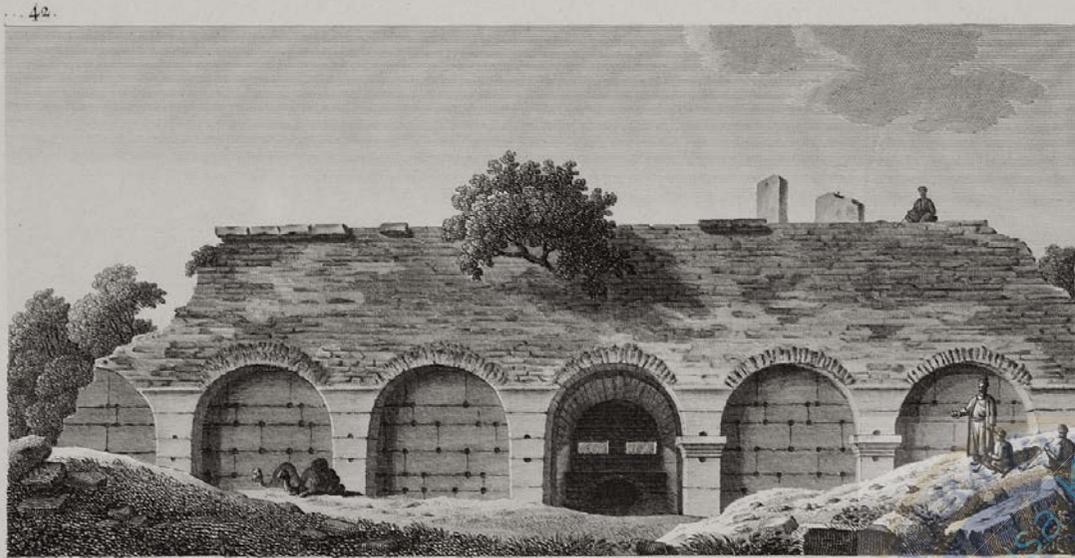
# Αλεξάνδρεια Τρωάς)



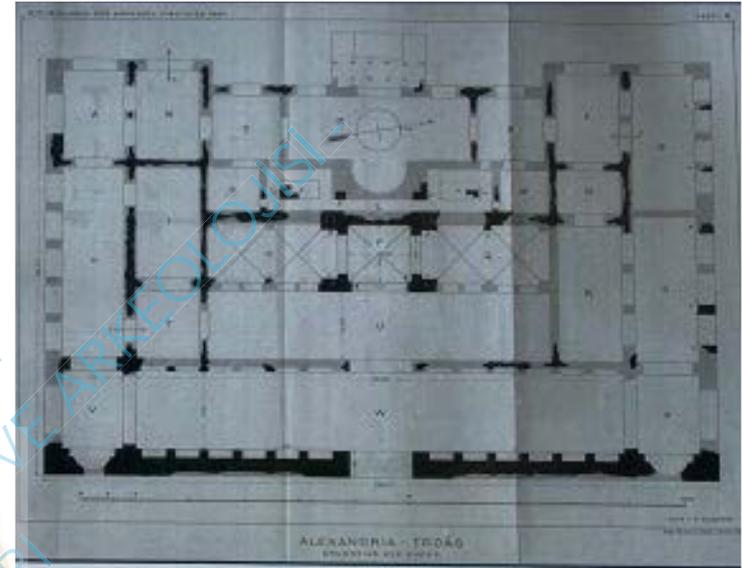








Monument Souterrain à Alexandria Troas.



THE BATHS OF  
HERODES ATTICUS

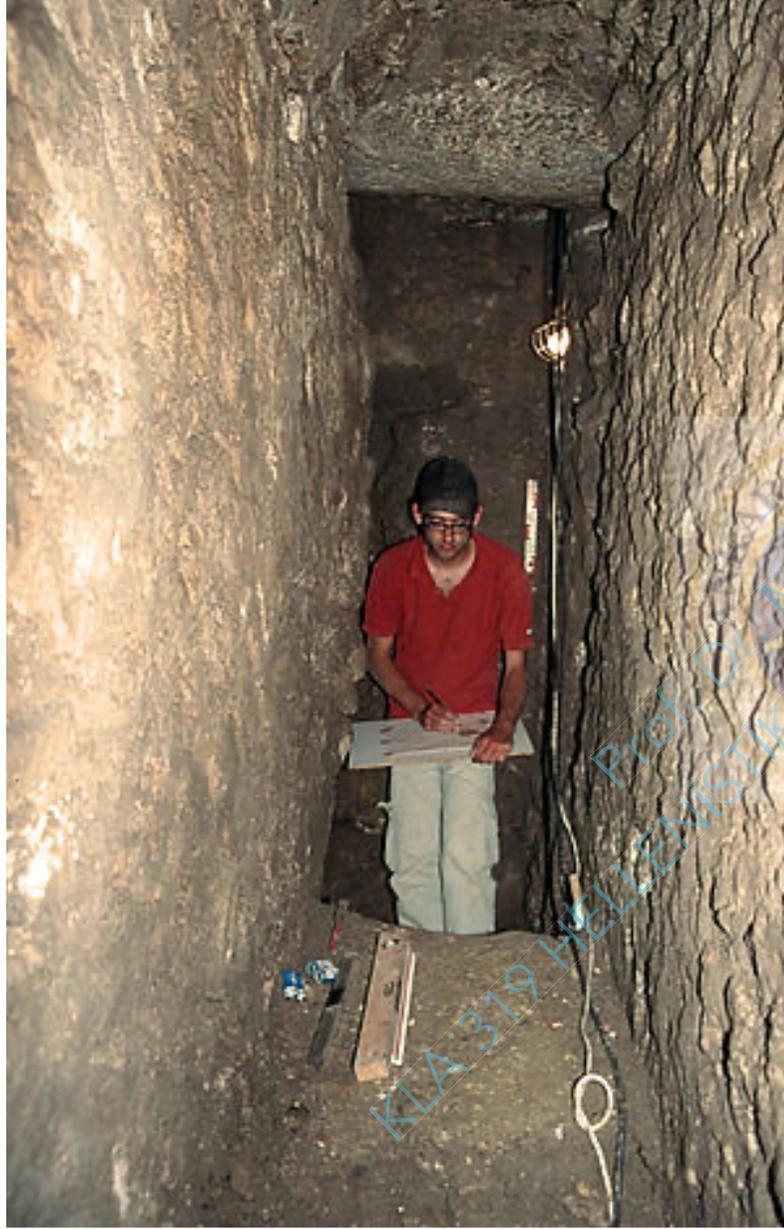




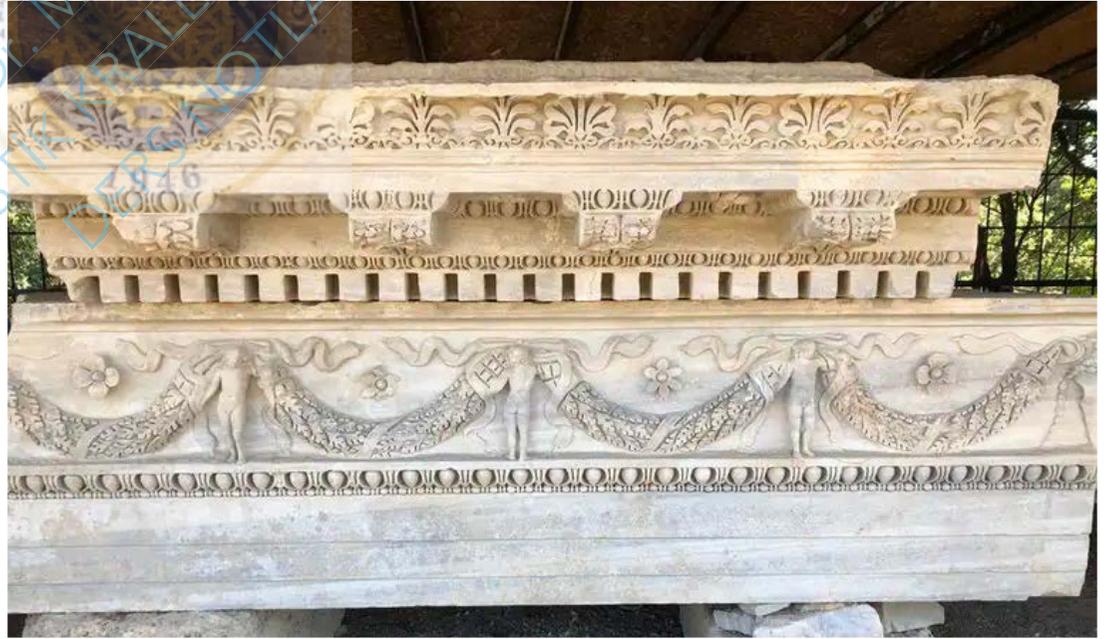
Prof. Dr. Musa Kadıoğlu  
1846  
DERİSTOTİK FAKÜLTESİ  
ARKEOLOJİSİ







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