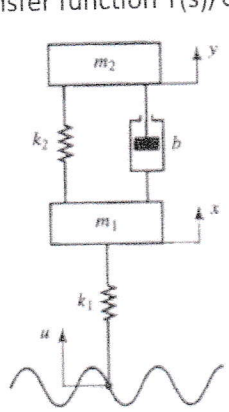


25P

1. The figure is the simplified version of an automobile or motorcycle suspension system. Obtain the transfer function $Y(s)/U(s)$



$$m_1 \ddot{x} = k_2 (y-x) + b (\dot{y}-\dot{x}) + k_1 (v-x)$$

$$m_2 \ddot{y} = -k_2 (y-x) - b (\dot{y}-\dot{x})$$

$$m_1 \ddot{x} + b \dot{x} + (k_1+k_2)x = b \dot{y} + k_2 y + k_1 v$$

$$m_2 \ddot{y} + b \dot{y} + k_2 y = b \dot{x} + k_2 x$$

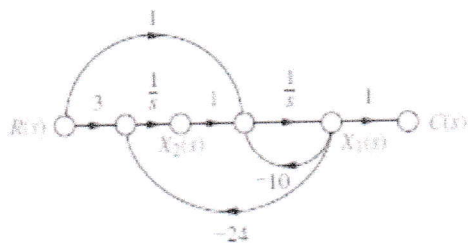
$$[m_1 s^2 + b s + (k_1+k_2)] X(s) = (b s + k_2) Y(s) + k_1 U(s)$$

$$[m_2 s^2 + b s + k_2] Y(s) = (b s + k_2) X(s)$$

$$(m_1 s^2 + b s + k_1 + k_2) \frac{m_2 s^2 + b s + k_2}{b s + k_2} Y(s) = (b s + k_2) Y(s) + k_1 U(s)$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{k_1 (b s + k_1)}{m_1 m_2 s^4 + (m_1 + m_2) b s^3 + [k_1 m_2 + (m_1 + m_2) k_2] s^2 + k_1 b s + k_1 k_2}$$

2. Obtain transfer functions from given diagrams by using Mason's rule 18P



$$P_1 = 3 \cdot \frac{1}{s} \cdot 1 = \frac{3}{s} - 3P$$

$$P_2 = \frac{1}{s} - 3P$$

We have only two loops

$$L_1 = -\frac{10}{s} - 3P$$

$$\Delta = 1 - \left(-\frac{10}{s} - \frac{24}{s^2} \right)$$

$$L_2 = -\frac{24}{s^2} - 3P$$

$$= \frac{s^2 + 10s + 24}{s^2} - 3P$$

$$\Delta_1 = \Delta |_{L_1=0} = 1$$

$$L_1 = 0$$

$$L_2 = 0$$

$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{s+3}{s^2+10s+24} - 3P$$

$$\Delta_2 = \Delta |_{L_2=0} = 1$$

3. Tell how many roots of the following polynomial are in the rhp, in the lhp, and on jw-axis 10p

$$T(s) = \frac{s^3 + 2s^2 + 7s + 21}{s^5 - 2s^4 + 3s^3 - 6s^2 + 2s + 4}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} s^5 \quad 1 \quad 3 \quad 2 \\ s^4 \quad -2 \quad -6 \quad 4 \\ s^3 \quad 0 \quad \epsilon \quad 4 \\ s^2 \quad -6\epsilon + 8 \quad 4 \\ s^1 \quad 4b_1 - 4\epsilon \quad 0 \\ s^0 \quad 4 \end{array}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{4 \left(\frac{-6\epsilon + 8}{\epsilon} \right) - 4\epsilon}{-6\epsilon + 8} = \frac{-24\epsilon + 32 - 4\epsilon^2}{-6\epsilon + 8}$$

$$s^2 \quad \frac{-6\epsilon + 8}{\epsilon} = b_1 \quad 4$$

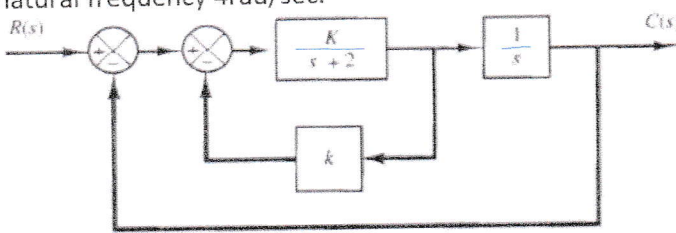
$$s^1 \quad \frac{4b_1 - 4\epsilon}{b_1} = 0$$

$$s^0 \quad 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} s^5 \quad 1 \\ s^4 \quad -2 \\ s^3 \quad \epsilon \\ s^2 \quad -6\epsilon + 8 \\ s^1 \quad 4\epsilon^2 + 24\epsilon - 32 \\ s^0 \quad 4 \end{array}$$

+ \downarrow 2,5P
- \downarrow 2,5P 2 sign change
+ 2 rhp -2,5P
+ 3 lhp -2,5P
+
+
+
+

4. Determine the values of K and k such that the system has a damping ratio of 0.7, and undamped natural frequency 4rad/sec. 15p



inner loop

$$\frac{\frac{K}{s+2}}{1 + \frac{kK}{s+2}} = \frac{K}{s+2+kK} \quad -3p$$

outer loop

$$\frac{\frac{K}{s+2+kK}}{1 + \frac{K}{s+2+kK} \cdot \frac{1}{s}} = \frac{K}{s^2 + 2s + kKs + K} \quad -3p$$

$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{K}{s^2 + 2s + kKs + K} \quad -3p$$

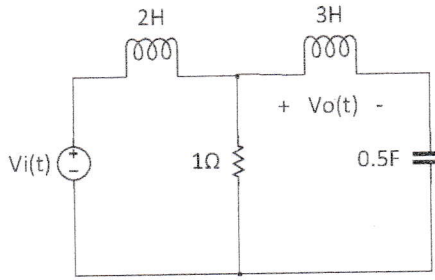
$$K = \omega_n^2 = 4^2 = 16 \quad -3p$$

$$2 \zeta \omega_n = 2 + kK$$

$$2 \cdot 0,7 \cdot 4 = 2 + kK = 2 + 16k$$

$$k = 0,225 \quad -3p$$

5. Find the transfer function $V_o(s)/V_i(s)$ of the electrical system given below. (12p)



$$V_i(s) = 2s I_1(s) + (I_1(s) - I_2(s)) - 3p$$

$$V_o(s) = 3s I_2(s) - 3p$$

$$I_1(s) - I_2(s) = 3s I_2(s) + \frac{2}{s} I_2(s)$$

$$I_1(s) = \left(3s + 1 + \frac{2}{s} \right) I_2(s) - 3p$$

$$V_i(s) = (2s + 1) \left(3s + 1 + \frac{2}{s} \right) I_2(s) - I_2(s)$$

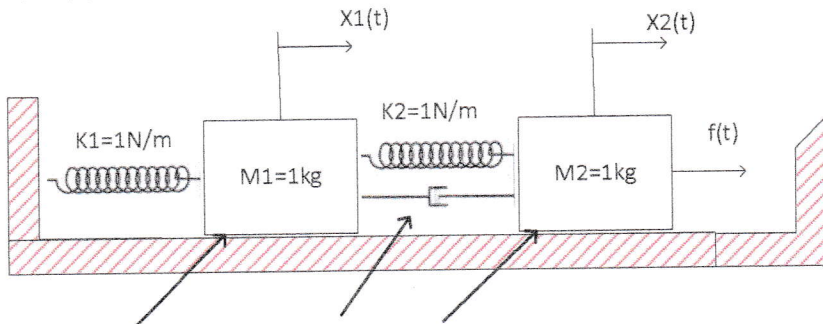
$$V_i(s) = \left(6s^2 + 2s + 4 + 3s + 1 + \frac{2}{s} - 1 \right) I_2(s) = \frac{6s^3 + 5s^2 + 4s + 2}{s} I_2(s)$$

$$\frac{V_o(s)}{V_i(s)} = \frac{3s^2}{6s^3 + 5s^2 + 4s + 2} - 3p$$

6. Find the transfer function for the following mechanical systems. (20p)

a) $X_1(s)/F(s)$

b) $X_2(s)/F(s)$



$b_1=2\text{Ns/m}$

$b_2=1\text{Ns/m}$

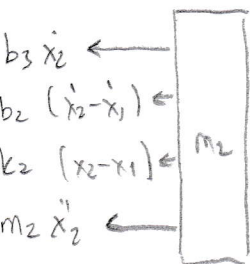
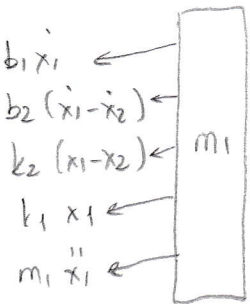
$b_3=1\text{Ns/m}$

$$2s X_1(s) + s X_1(s) - s X_2(s) + X_1(s) - X_2(s) + X_1(s) + s^2 X_1(s) = 0 - 6p$$

$$X_1(s) [s^2 + 3s + 2] = (s+1) X_2(s)$$

$$(s+2)(s+1)$$

$$X_1(s) (s+2) = X_2(s)$$



$$F(s) = -s X_2(s) + s X_2(s) - s X_1(s) + X_2(s) - X_1(s) + s^2 X_2(s) - 6p$$

$$F(s) = - (s+1) X_1(s) + (s^2 + 2s + 1) X_2(s)$$

$$F(s) = - (s+1) X_1(s) + (s^2 + 2s + 1) (s+2) X_1(s)$$

$$F(s) = (-s - 1 + s^3 + 2s^2 + 2s^2 + 4s + s + 2) X_1(s)$$

$$F(s) = (s^3 + 4s^2 + 4s + 1) X_1(s)$$

$$\frac{X_1(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{1}{s^3 + 4s^2 + 4s + 1} - 5p$$

$$\frac{X_2(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{s+2}{s^3 + 4s^2 + 4s + 1} - 3p$$