



# DİPLOMATİK YABANCI DİL I

INTRODUCTION TO IR TERMINOLOGY

# Why we study IR?



# Introduction to IR Terminology

## I. Ön Hazırlık

- Bu bölümde akademik bir disiplin olarak Uluslararası İlişkilerin (IR) inceleme alanının tarihsel ve sosyal temelini ele alacağız. Bu bölümün amacı günlük hayatımızda uluslararası ilişkilerin (i.r.) pratik gerçekliğini akademik alanda uluslararası ilişkilerin incelenmesi ile ilişkisini belirtmektir.
- Bu bölümün ele aldığı konuyu anlayabilmek için aşağıdaki kavramları araştırın ve bu konuda Türkçe ve İngilizce kaynaklardan yararlanarak bir ön hazırlık yapın.
- Temel kavramlar:
- International Relations (IR), international relations (i.r), international politics, World politics, global politics.

# Introduction to IR Terminology

## II. Ders Aşaması – Çeviri ve konuyu öğrenme

- What are the differences between International Relations and international relations, and international politics and world politics?

*İngilizce'den Türkçe'ye çeviriniz.*

- It is conventional to differentiate the discipline of 'International Relations' from the subject matter of 'international relations' by the use of upper and lower case respectively. As Chris Brown (1997: 3) puts it, "International Relations" (upper case) is the study of "international relations" (lower case)'.

- *International politics* is used here as a synonym of international relations. It does, however, have the advantage of highlighting the political dimension of relations that are international.
- *World or global politics*: Insofar as new actors, issues, structures and processes are thought to have emerged in recent decades as a result of globalisation, rendering the traditional state-focused agenda incomplete, some scholars prefer 'world' or 'global politics' to 'international relations'. This has prompted some scholars to talk of an historic shift from 'international relations' to 'world politics' or 'global society' (R. B. J. Walker 1995; Barnett and Sikkink 2008).

(BOX 0.1: TERMINOLOGY - Richard Devet et al. ed., *An introduction to international relations*, Cambridge University Press 2012, p. 3)

# Vocabulary

- Agenda
- Decade
- State-focused
- Prompt
- Shift
- Conventional
- Differentiate
- Subject matter
- Synonym

- **IR** is the shorthand name for the academic subject of international relations. It can be defined as the study of relationships and interactions between countries, including the activities and policies of national governments, international organizations (IGOs), nongovernmental organizations (NGOs), and multinational corporations (MNCs). It can be both a theoretical subject and a practical or policy subject, and academic approaches to it can be either empirical or normative or both. It is often considered a branch of political science, but it is also a subject studied by historians (international or diplomatic history), and economists (international economics). As well, it is a field of legal studies (public international law) and an area of philosophy (international ethics). From that broader perspective IR clearly is an interdisciplinary inquiry.
- (Robert Jackson and Georg Sorensen, *Introduction to International Relations*, New York, Oxford University Press, 2011, p. 4.)

# Vocabulary

- Field
- Inquiry
- Subject
- Interaction
- Empirical
- Area
- Define
- Legal
- Government
- Organization
- Normative

**\*\*\* *IR Grammar* \*\*\***



# \*\*\* IR Grammar \*\*\*

## 1. Fill in the blanks with the correct word/s.

- The sovereign\_\_\_\_\_, then, is an invention that only arrived relatively recently on the historical \_\_\_\_\_. Its capacity to mobilize resources and populations enabled Europeans to spread their institutions across the globe and \_\_\_\_\_the state to play a dominant role in \_\_\_\_\_politics for three centuries.
- *Richard W. Mansbach, Kirsten L. Taylor, Introduction to Global Politics, s.54.*
- **Choose the correct word/s**
- Global
- Stage
- Allowed
- State

2. Because of the \_\_\_\_\_ of territory and \_\_\_\_\_ to the definition of the state, political scientists refer to the \_\_\_\_\_ state as the “sovereign” or “\_\_\_\_\_ state.”

- *Walter C. Opello, Stephen J. Rosow, The Nation-State and Global Order: A Historical Introduction to Contemporary Politics.*
- **Choose the correct word/s**
- Modern
- Sovereignty
- Importance
- Territorial

- The sovereign state can be \_\_\_\_\_ in very \_\_\_\_\_ as a territorially defined political society that is recognized as being solely responsible for the \_\_\_\_\_ of that territory and, on the international stage, as \_\_\_\_\_ from any political or religious superior.
- *Peter Sutch, Juanita Elias, International Relations: The Basics, s.21.*
- **Choose the correct word/s**
- Loose terms
- Defined
- Governance
- Independent