SYNTHESIS OF BENZIL

Reaction Equation:

Required Items:

Copper-II-acetate Ammonium nitrate 80% acetic acid Benzoin Alcohol

Experimental Procedure:

- 25 mg of copper-II-acetate, 1.25 g of ammonium nitrate, 8.25 ml of 80% acetic acid solution and 2.5 g of benzoin are mixed in 250 ml of flask.
 - The mixture is heated under reflux and on a water bath for one hour.
 - During heating, the flask is stirred by shaking.
 - At the end of the period the mixture is cooled by vigorous shaking.
 - The residue is filtered and dried on filter paper.

Reaction Progress:

The solution of benzoin in concentrated nitric acid or acetic acid is generated benzil, which is a diketone by oxidation with catalytic amounts of copper-II salts which are continuously reformed with ammonium nitrate. The resulting copper-I-acetate is converted to copper-II-acetate in acetic acid with ammonium nitrate:

$$2 CH_3COOCu + 2 CH_3COOH + NH_4NO_3 \longrightarrow 2 (CH_3COO)_2Cu + NH_4NO_2 + H_2O$$

Meanwhile, the ammonium nitrite leaves the reaction medium by forming nitrogen and water in the acetic acid medium:

$$NH_4NO_2 \xrightarrow{CH_3COOH} N_2 \rightarrow + 2 H_2O$$

M.P. and Yield of Product: 95 °C, 72%

Questions

- 1. Why is copper-II-acetate used in the oxidation process? Can nitric oxide be used? Why?
- 2. How to prepare 80% of acetic acid? Show your calculation. (D $_{\!\!\text{Acetic acid}}\!\!=\!1,\!05$ g/mol)