



# DİPLOMATİK YABANCI DİL I

INTRODUCTION TO IR TERMINOLOGY

# IR and the Changing Contemporary World of States



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## I. Ön Hazırlık

- Bu bölümde değişen günümüz devletlerin dünyasını ele alacağız. Bu süreçte etkili olan faktörler belirtilecektir.
- Bu bölümün ele aldığı konuyu anlayabilmek için aşağıdaki kavramları araştırın ve bu konuda Türkçe ve İngilizce kaynaklardan yararlanarak bir ön hazırlık yapın.
- Temel kavramlar:
- Juridical statehood
- State types in the global state system
- Strong/weak states—strong/weak powers

# The Changing Contemporary World of States

## II. Ders Aşaması – Çeviri ve konuyu öğrenme

- Dimensions of statehood
  - ***İngilizce'den Türkçe'ye çeviriniz.***
1. Many important questions in the study of IR are connected with the theory and practice of sovereign statehood which, as indicated, is the central historical institution of world politics. But there are other important issues as well. That has led to ongoing debates about the proper scope of IR. At one extreme, the scholarly focus is exclusively on states and interstate relations; but at another extreme, IR includes almost everything that has to do with human relations across the world. It is important to study these different perspectives if we hope to have a balanced and rounded knowledge of IR.

(Robert Jackson and Georg Sorensen, *Introduction to International Relations*, New York, Oxford University Press, 2011, p. 22.)

# Vocabulary

- rounded
- statehood
- indicate
- exclusively
- interstate
- proper
- scope
- balanced

2. Viewed from within, the state is the national government: it is the highest governing authority in a country, and possesses domestic sovereignty. That is the internal aspect of the state. The main questions in regard to the internal aspect concern state–society relations: how the government rules the domestic society, the means of its power and the sources of its legitimacy, how it deals with the demands and concerns of individuals and groups that compose that domestic society, how it manages the national economy, what its domestic policies are, and so forth.

(Robert Jackson and Georg Sorensen, *Introduction to International Relations*, New York, Oxford University Press, 2011, p. 22.)

# Vocabulary

- authority
- internal
- possess
- domestic
- legitimacy
- concern
- compose
- manage
- demands
- aspect
- Deal with

**\*\*\* *IR Grammar* \*\*\***



## \*\*\* IR Grammar \*\*\*

### *Multiple-choice questions:*

1. Viewed internationally, however, the state is not merely a government; it is a populated territory with a national government and a domestic society. In other words, it is a \_\_\_\_\_.
- statehood
  - government
  - country
  - society

2. The first category is the state viewed as a formal or \_\_\_\_\_ in its relations with other states.

- organization
- legal institution
- sovereignty
- Statehood
- Apparatus

### *3. Choose the appropriate word/phrase in the spaces provided.*

Viewed from within, the state is the national government: it is the highest governing \_\_\_\_\_ in a country, and possesses \_\_\_\_\_ sovereignty. That is the internal aspect of the state. The main questions in regard to the internal aspect concern state–society \_\_\_\_\_: how the government rules the domestic society, the means of its power and the \_\_\_\_\_ of its legitimacy, how it deals with the demands and concerns of individuals and groups that \_\_\_\_\_ that domestic society, how it \_\_\_\_\_ the national economy, what its domestic policies are, and so forth.

- Manages
- legitimacy
- authority
- domestic
- relations
- sources
- compose

#### 4. Choose the appropriate word/phrase in the spaces provided.

The first category is the state viewed as a \_\_\_\_\_ or legal institution in its relations with other states. That is the state as an \_\_\_\_\_ that is constitutionally \_\_\_\_\_ of all foreign states, is recognized as sovereign or independent by most of those states, enjoys membership in international organizations, and possesses various international rights and \_\_\_\_\_. We shall refer to that first category as **'juridical' statehood**. \_\_\_\_\_ independence and recognition are essential elements of \_\_\_\_\_ statehood.

- independent
- entity
- formal
- obligations
- constitutional
- juridical

## 5. Choose the appropriate word/phrase in the spaces provided.

The second category is the \_\_\_\_\_ viewed as a substantial political-economic organization. That category has to do with the extent to which states have developed \_\_\_\_\_ political institutions, a solid economic basis, and a substantial degree of national \_\_\_\_\_, that is, of popular unity and support for the state. We shall refer to that second category as 'empirical' \_\_\_\_\_.

- statehood
- unity
- efficient
- state