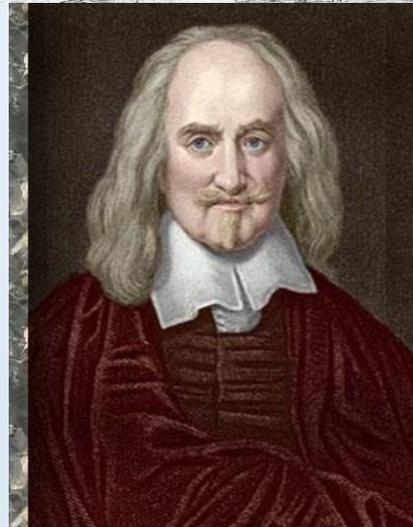
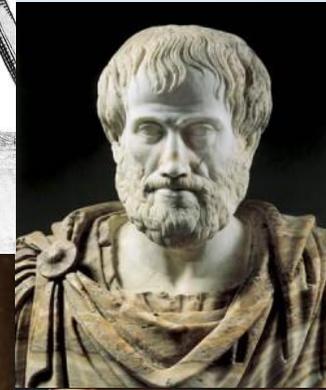




DİPLOMATİK YABANCI DİL 2

INTRODUCTION TO IR TERMINOLOGY

Classical Realism: Machiavelli



Classical Realism: Machiavelli

I. Ön Hazırlık

- Bu bölümde Machiavelli'nin temel düşünceleri tanıtılacaktır.
- Bu bölümün ele aldığı konuyu anlayabilmek için aşağıdaki kavramları araştırın ve bu konuda Türkçe ve İngilizce kaynaklardan yararlanarak bir ön hazırlık yapın.
- Temel kavramlar:
 - Machiavelli
 - Supreme political value
 - Machiavellian

Machiavelli

II. Ders Aşaması – Çeviri ve konuyu öğrenme

- Machiavelli's ideas
- *İngilizce'den Türkçe'ye çeviriniz.*

Power (the Lion) and deception (the Fox) are the two essential means for the conduct of foreign policy, according to the political teachings of Machiavelli. The supreme political value is national freedom, i.e., independence. The main responsibility of rulers is always to seek the advantages and to defend the interests of their state and thus ensure its survival. That requires strength; if a state is not strong it will be a standing invitation for others to prey upon it; the ruler must therefore be a lion.

(Robert Jackson and Georg Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations, New York, Oxford University Press, 2013, p. 69.)

Vocabulary

- deception
- essential
- mean
- conduct
- Foreign policy
- Responsibility
- Ruler
- Ensure
- invitation

- That shrewd and sober outlook is reflected in some typical Machiavellian maxims of realist statecraft, including the following: Be aware of what is happening. Do not wait for things to happen. Anticipate the motives and actions of others. Do not wait for others to act. Act before they do. The prudent state leader acts to ward off any threat posed by his or her neighbours. He or she should be prepared to engage in pre-emptive war and similar initiatives. The realist state leader is alert to opportunities in any political situation, and is prepared and equipped to exploit them.

(Robert Jackson and Georg Sorensen, *Introduction to International Relations*, New York, Oxford University Press, 2011, p. 70.)

Vocabulary

- reflected
- typical
- maxim
- statecraft
- prudent
- Initiative
- Equipped
- Exploit
- opportunities

***** *IR Grammar* *****



*** IR Grammar ***

1. Fill in the blanks with the correct word/s.

The _____Machiavellian assumption is that the world is a dangerous place.

(Robert Jackson and Georg Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations, New York, Oxford University Press, 2011, p. 69.)

- **Choose the correct word/s**
- only
- overriding
- one
- sole

2. If any political leader hopes to _____ in such a world, he or she must always be aware of dangers, must anticipate them, and must take the necessary precautions against them.

(Robert Jackson and Georg Sorensen, Introduction to International Relations, New York, Oxford University Press, 2011, p. 67.)

- **Choose the correct word/s**
- develop
- survive
- conquest
- prosper

- **Choose the appropriate word/phrase in the spaces provided.**

Machiavelli's realist writings are sometimes portrayed as 'manuals on how to _____ in a completely chaotic and immoral world'. But that view is somewhat _____. It overlooks the responsibilities of _____ not merely to themselves or to their personal regimes but also to their country and its citizens: what Machiavelli, thinking of Florence, refers to as 'the republic'. This is the _____ virtue aspect of Machiavellian realism: rulers have to be both lions and foxes because their people _____ upon them for their survival and prosperity.

- misleading
- depend
- thrive
- rulers
- civic