

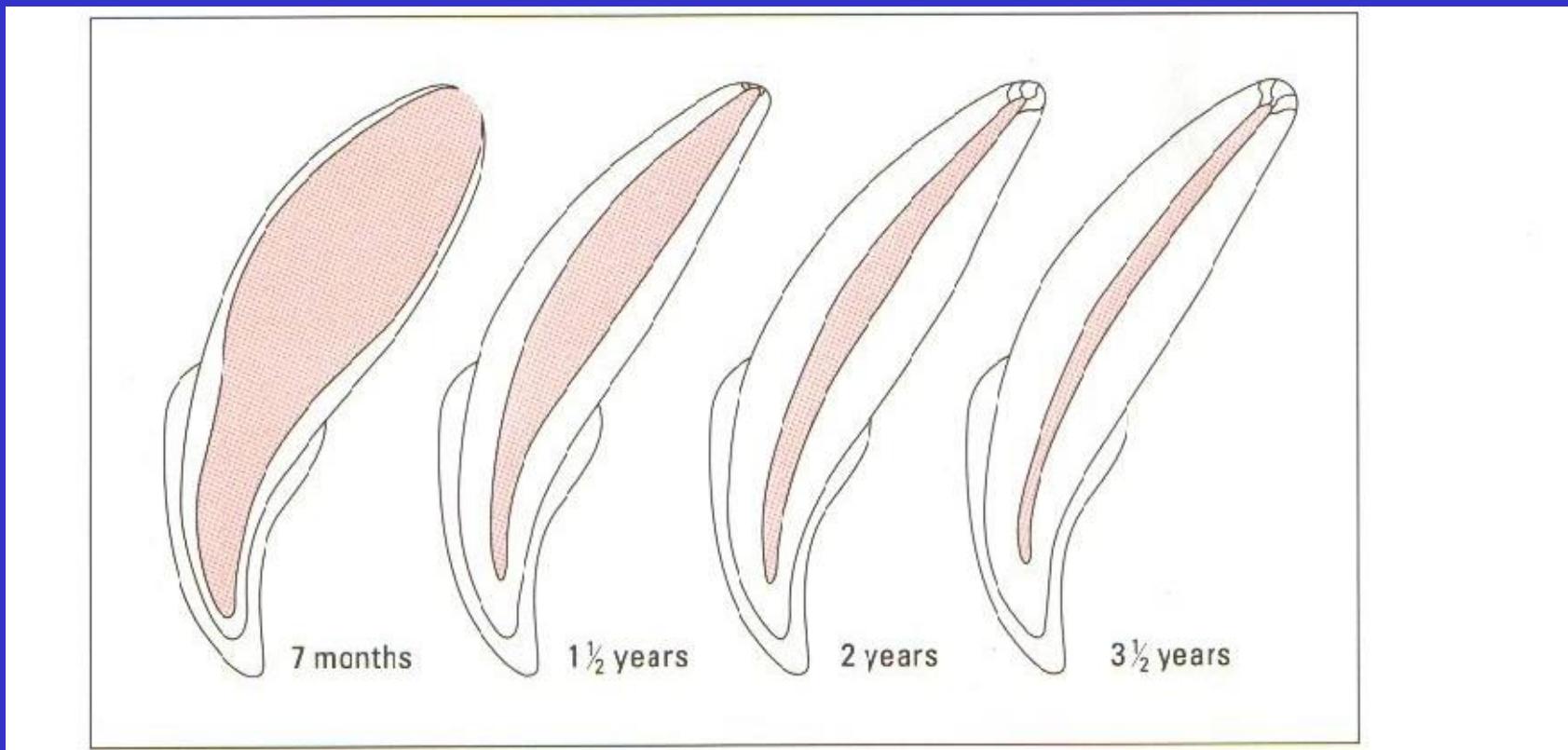
FIG. 1.11 Diagrammatic section through a lower first molar of an adult dog.

E

1







2 The development of the dentine of an upper canine tooth from the completion of eruption to maturity. The dentine wall thickens, the pulp cavity becomes smaller, and the apical foramen remains the only outlet for the residual pulp after the canal has closed. Adapted from H. Schmidt and P. Fabrekrug



3 ay



5 ay



8 ay



15 ay



18 ay



7 Yaş

AM	alveolar mucosa
MGJ	mucogingival junction
AG	attached gingiva
IDF	interdental fold
FGG	free gingival groove
MG	marginal groove
IP	interdental papilla
FG	free gingiva

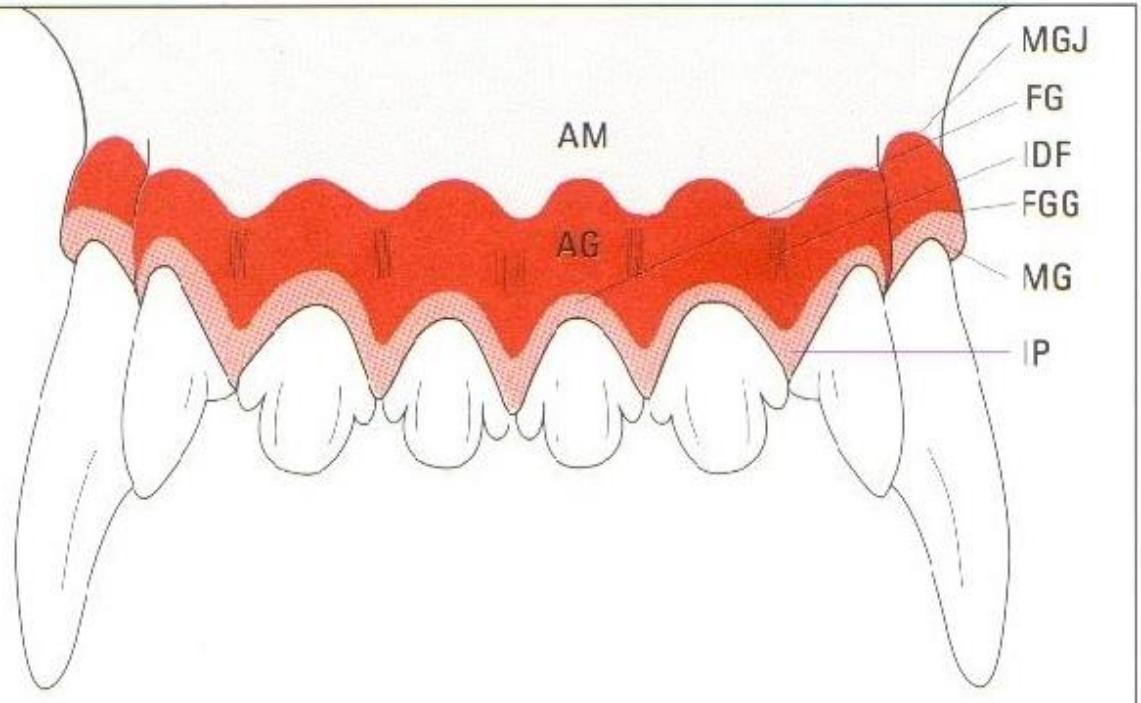


FIG. 1.14 The visible landmarks of clinically normal gingiva.

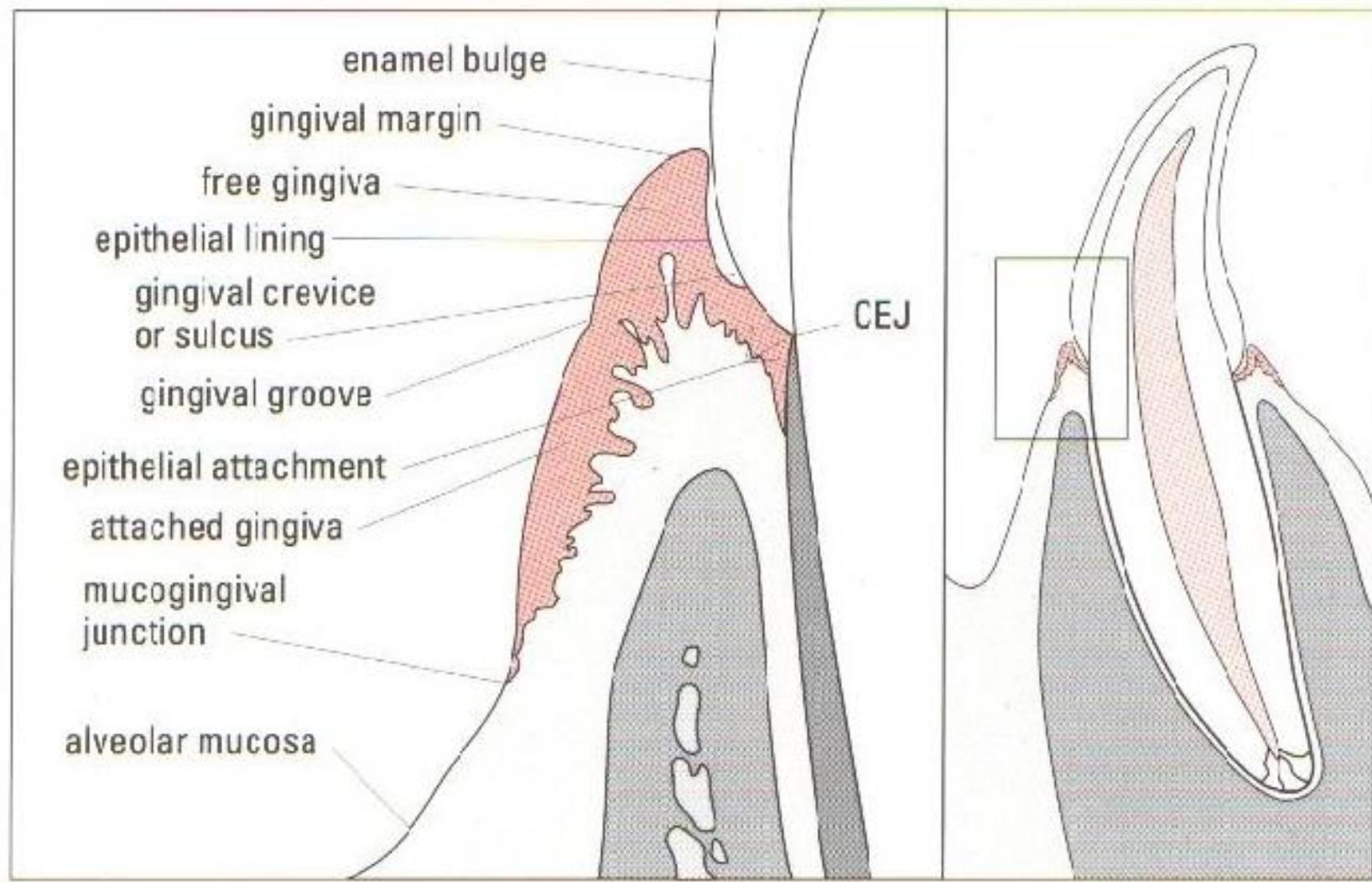


FIG. 1.15 The normal relationship between the gingiva and the tooth.

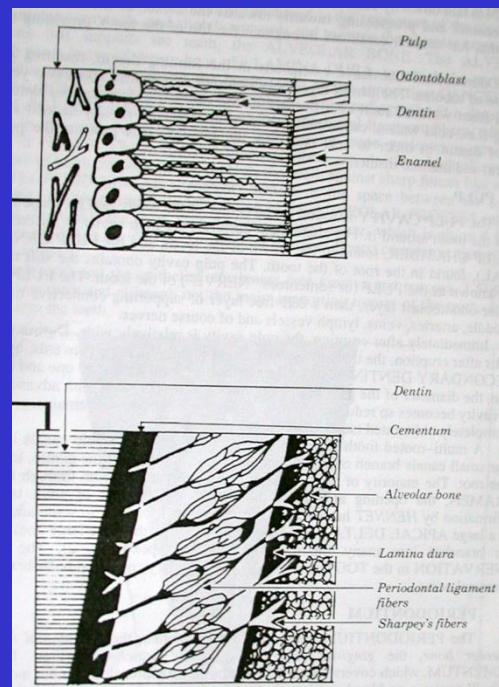
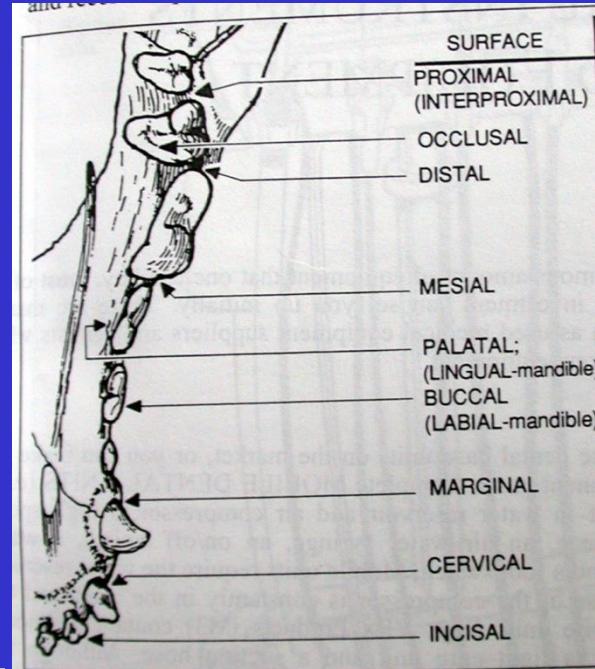
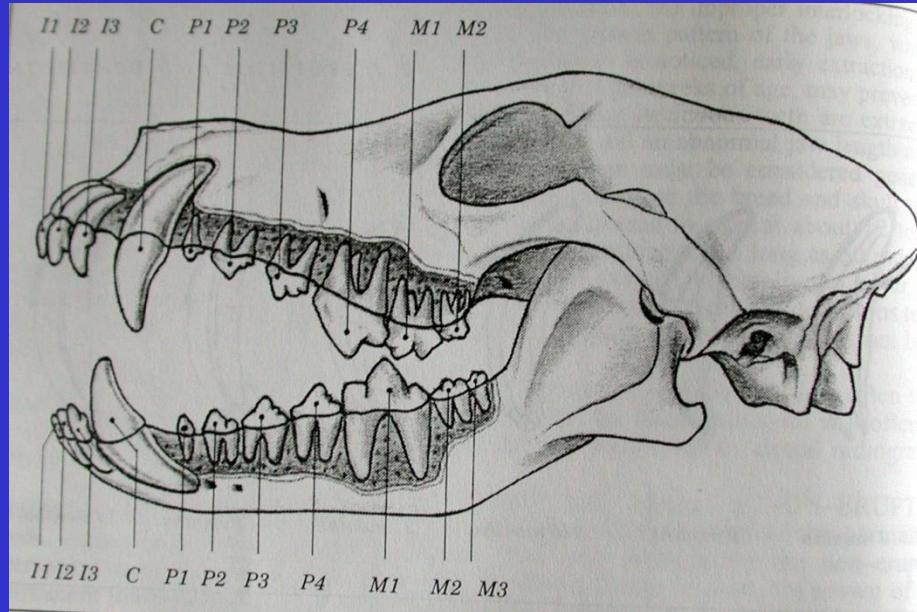


Figure 12. Topography of the tooth (ventral view).

TERMINOLOJİ

