

GLANDULAE ENDOCRINAE

Glandulae endocrinae: Endocrine system

Pituitary gland/ hypophysis : glandula pituitaria. On the lower side of the brain in the skull, the internal secretory gland connected to the hypothalamus.

Corpus pineale /epiphysis cerebri (glandula pinealis): It is gland on the back of your brain with a small ridge

Pinealocytus (pinealocyte): Pineal gland cells.

GII. Parathyroidea/parathyroid glands (glandula paratiroid/ paratiroid glands): All four small nappies that secrete the parathyroid hormone (parathormone) found behind the thyroid gland.

GI. Suprarenalis/suprarenal gland (gland suprarenalis/ suprarenal gland An endocrine gland located on the top of the kidney.

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Thyroid/ thyroid gland/ gl. thyroidea (gland tiroidea)

(thymus gland) thymus , Thymus gland. In the immune system, It is a two-lobed canal without lymphatic tissue. Thymus, an endocrine gland as well as the central organs of the lymphoid system.

Pancreas (pancreas): Behind the scalp, between the duodenum and the spleen organ.

Langerhans 'islands / langerhans' islets (Langerhans island / langerhans izlet): Small islets related to the pancreas internal secretory function.

Gonad (gonad): The gender bezi. Testis in man, ovary in woman.