



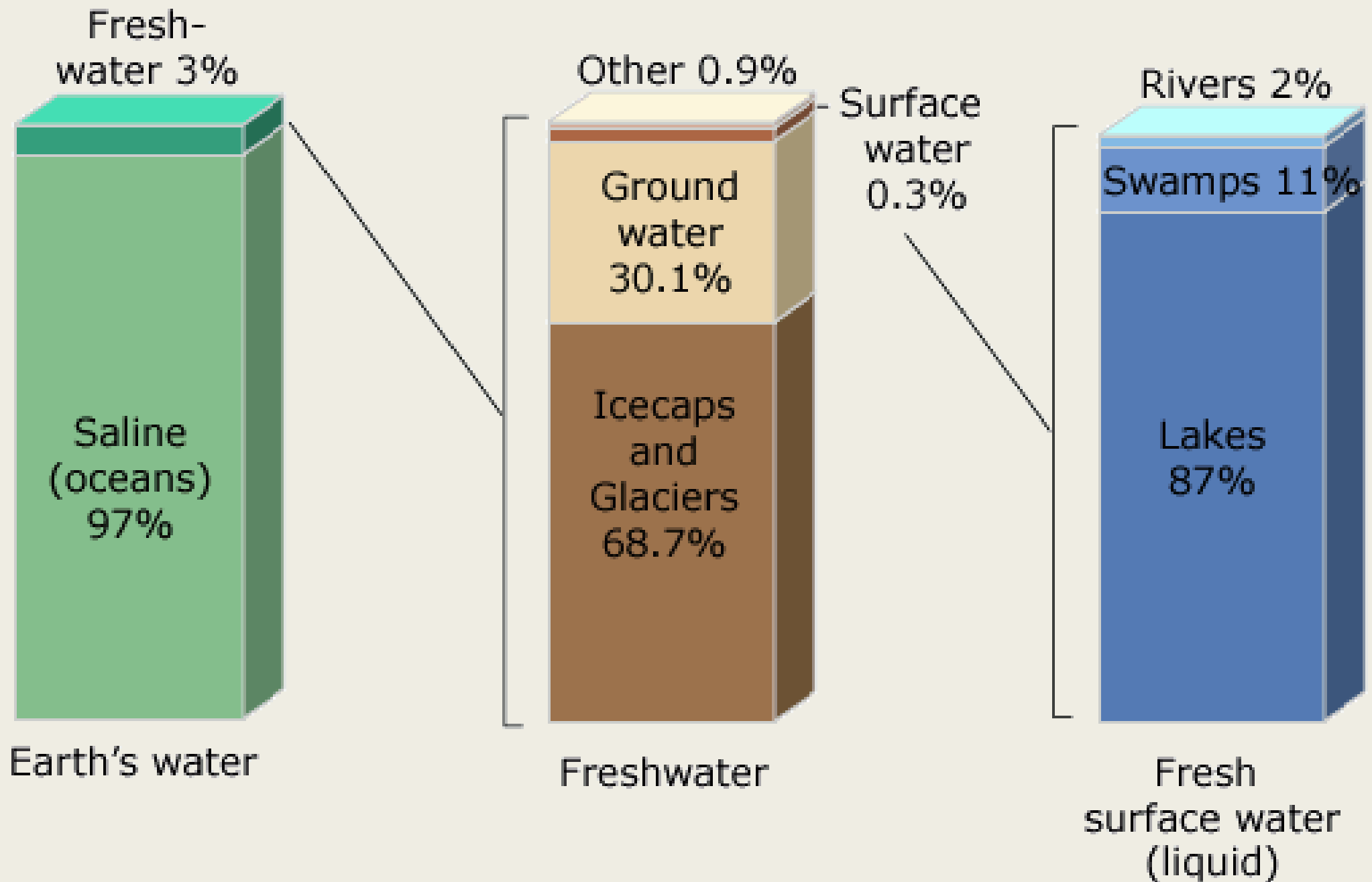
JEM 458

DENİZ JEOLOJİSİ

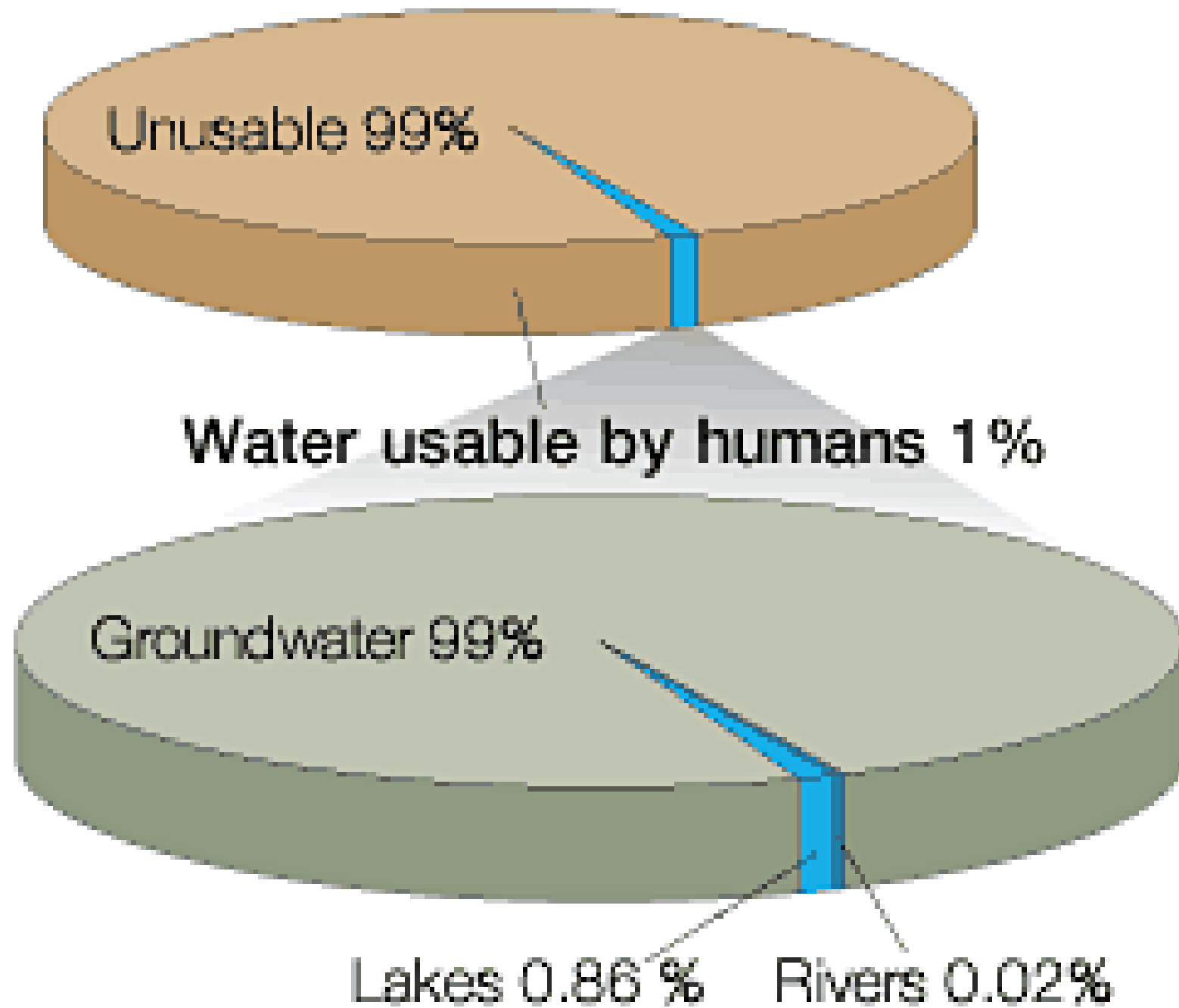
Arş. Gör. Dr. Kıymet DENİZ

7. Hafta

Distribution of Earth's Water



All water on Earth



İnsan vücudu ne kadar oranda su içeriyor?

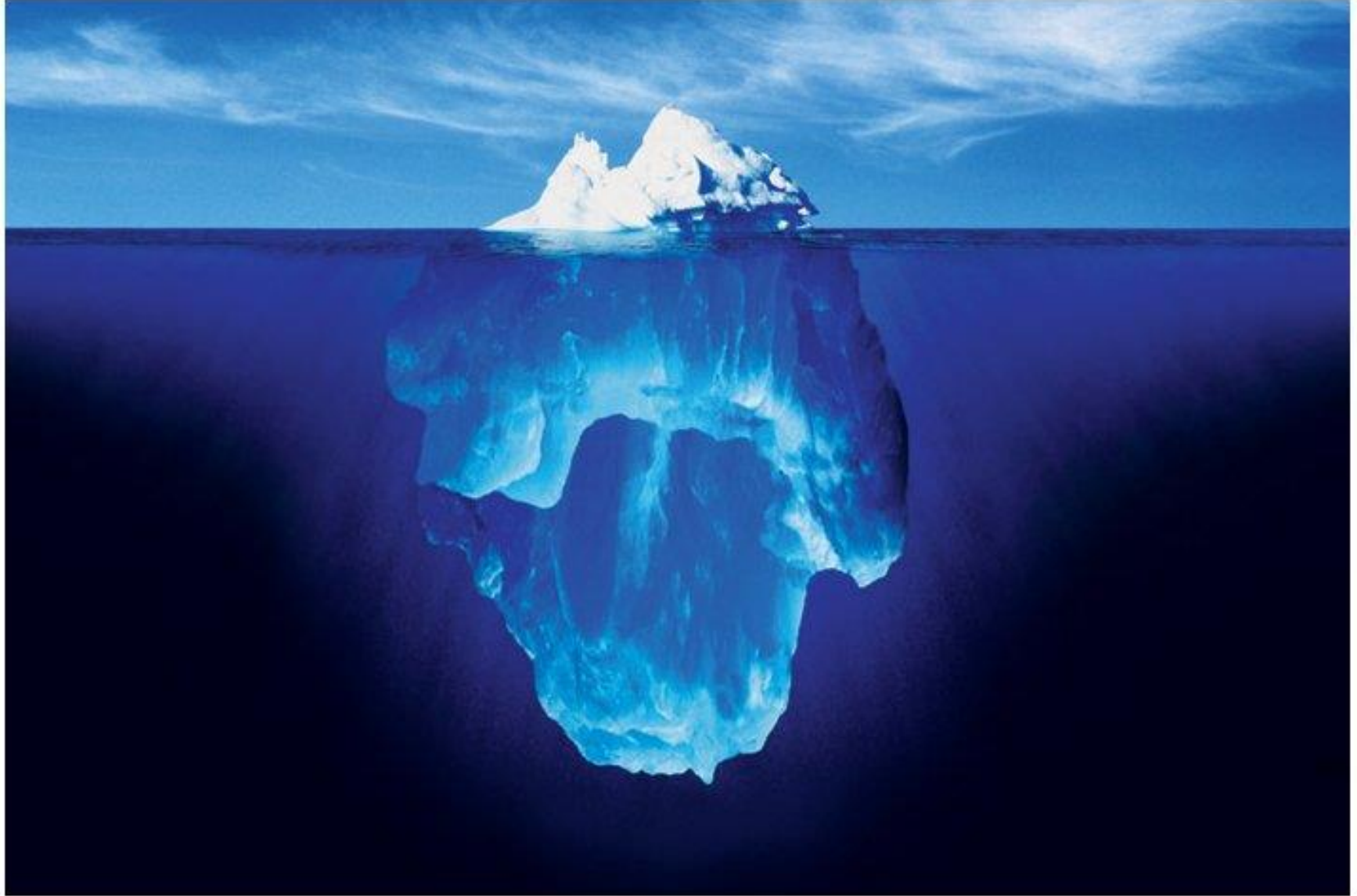
- Bebekler: 78%
- 1 Yaşındaki Çocuk: 65%
- Yetişkin Erkek: 60%
- Bayan: 55%
- Neden bayanların vücudundaki su oranı daha az?

Deniz organizmaları ne kadar su içeriyor?

- Büyük bir çoğunluğu % 80 civarında
- Deniz anası ise %95'ten fazla su içermektedir



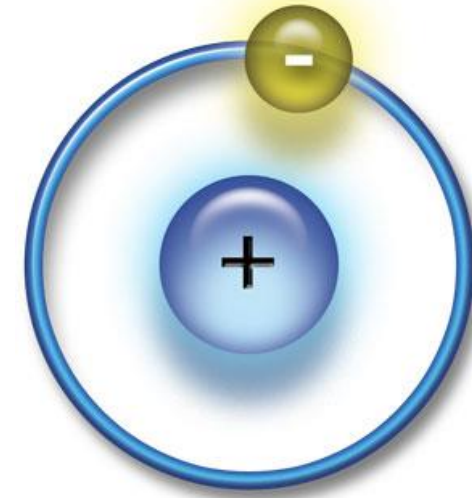
Neden su eřsizdir?



Element ve Molekül

Periodic Table of the Elements

1	IA																2	0															
1	H	IIIA																He															
2	Li	Be																	B	C	N	O	F	Ne									
3	Na	Mg	IIIB IVB VB VIB VIIB VIIIB VIIIIB IXB XIB																Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar									
4	K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr															
5	Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe															
6	Cs	Ba	* La	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn															
7	Fr	Ra	+ Ac	Rf	Ha	Sg	Ns	Hs	Mt	110	111	112	113																				

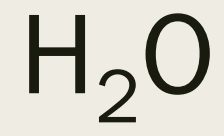


* Lanthanide Series

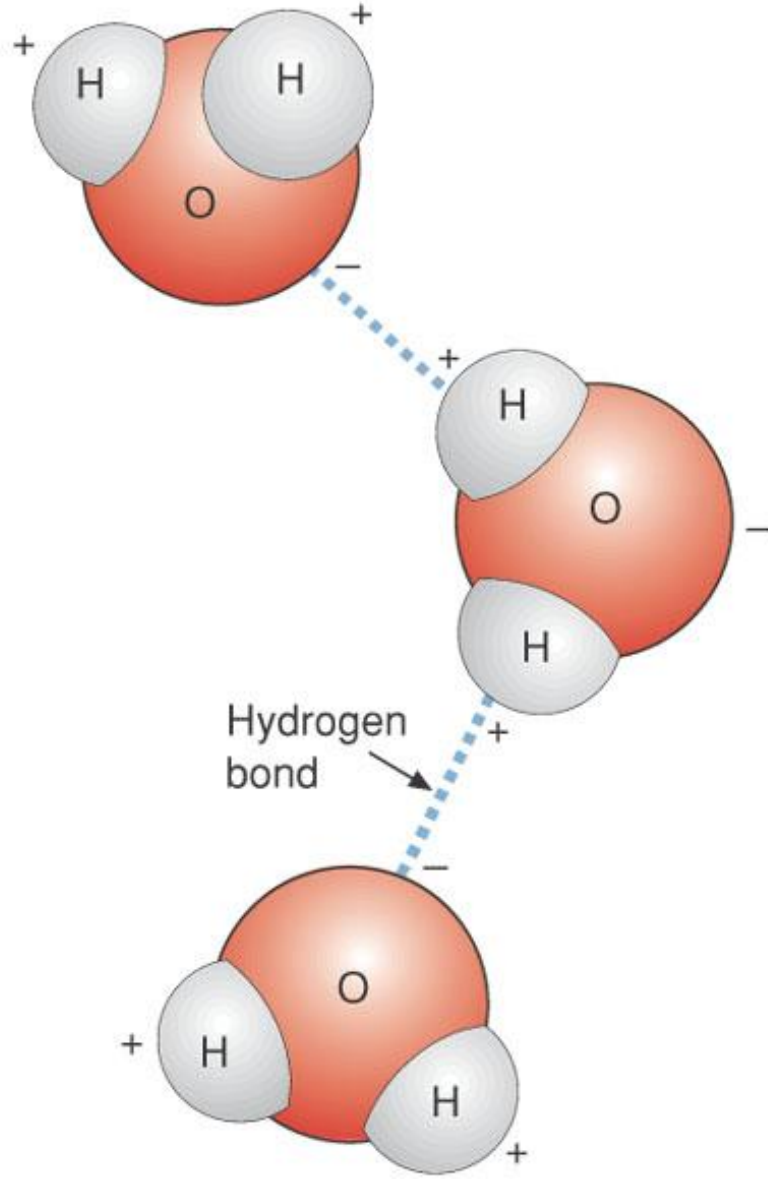
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu

+ Actinide Series

90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103
Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr

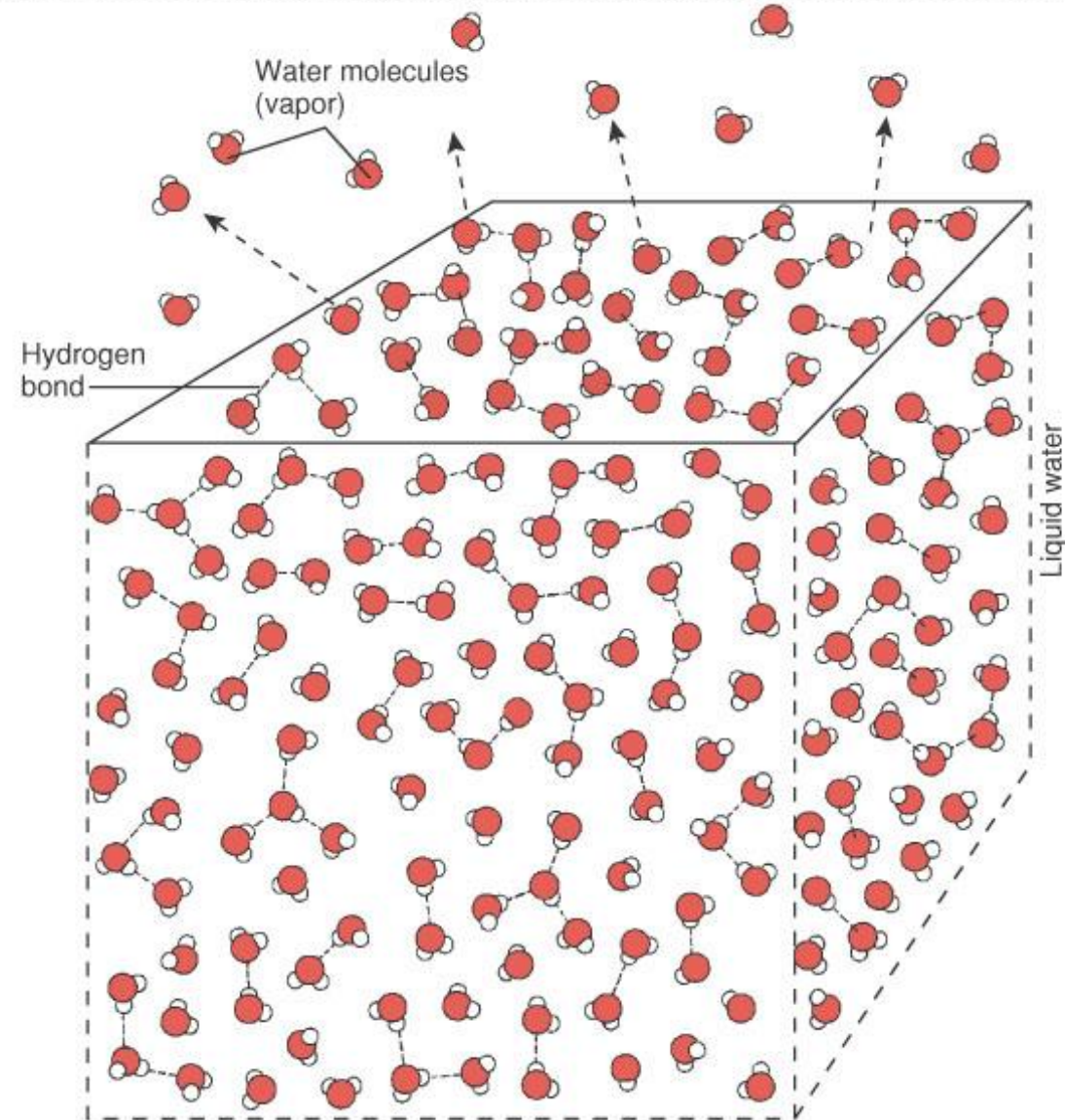


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Hidrojen Bağları

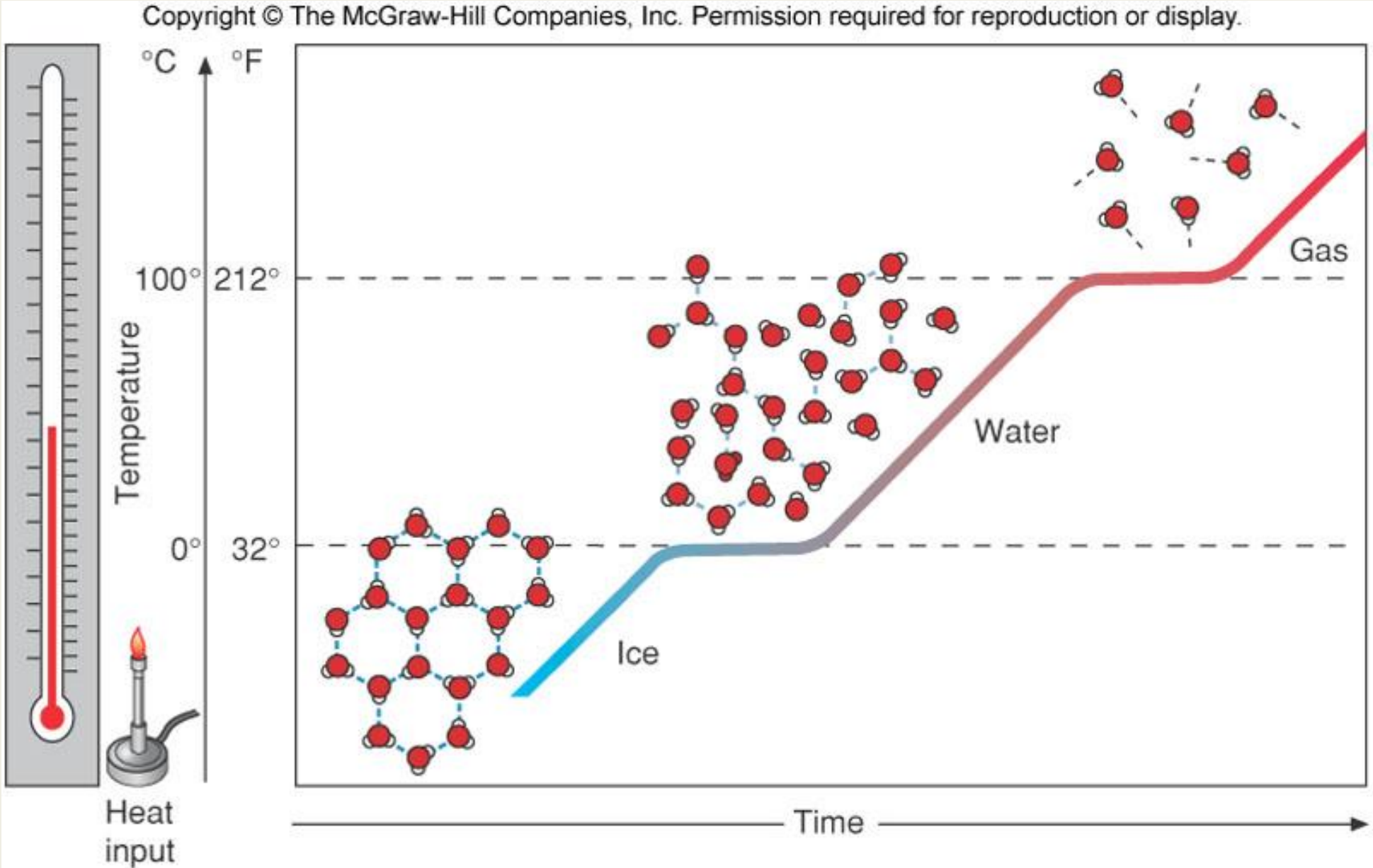
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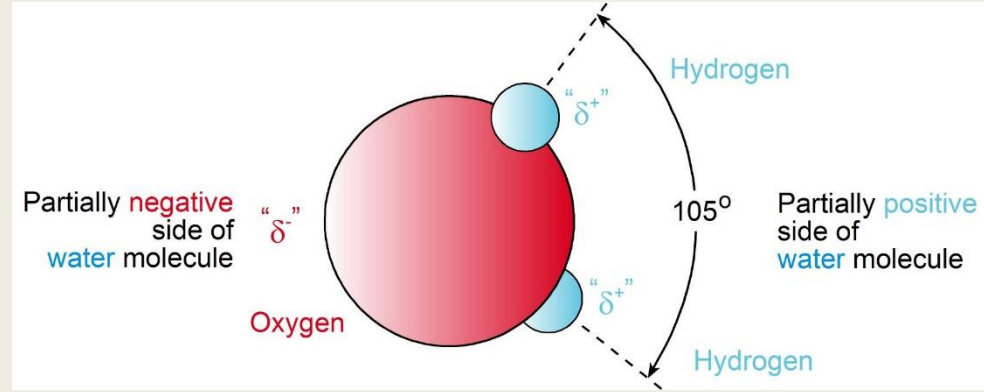
Hızlı ve Yavaş Moleküller



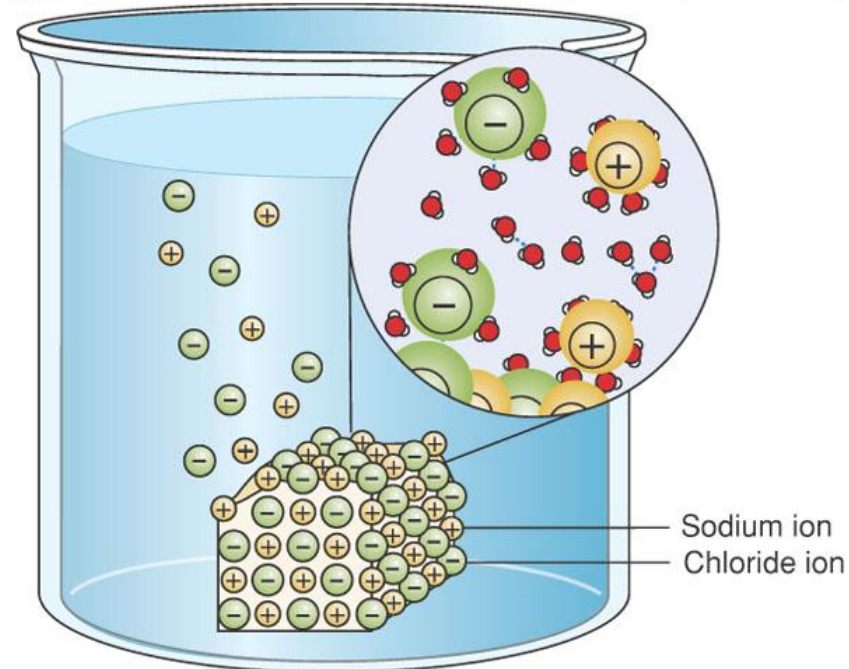
Suyun Moleküler Yapısındaki Değişiklikler




Su neden Evrensel Çözücü



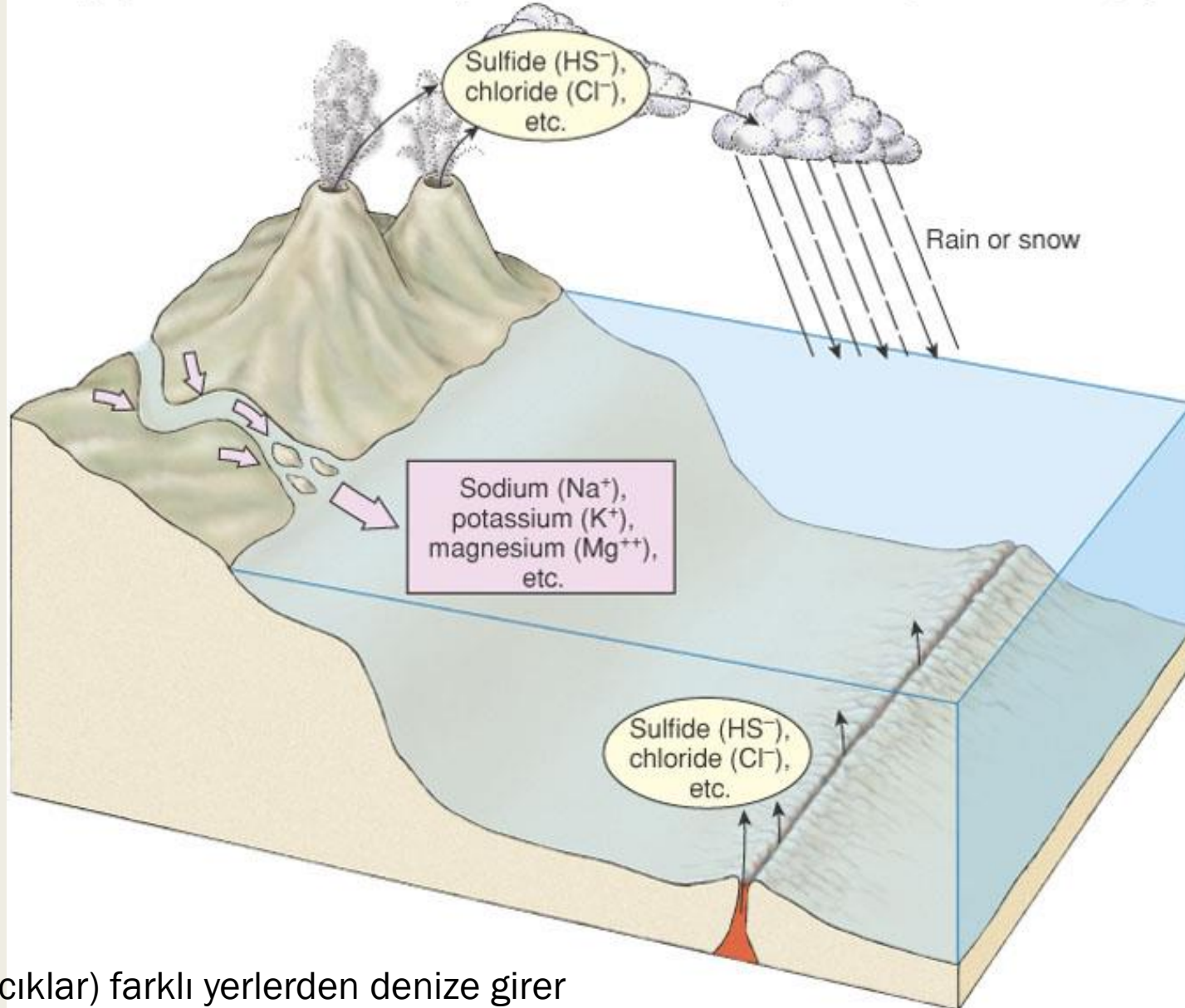
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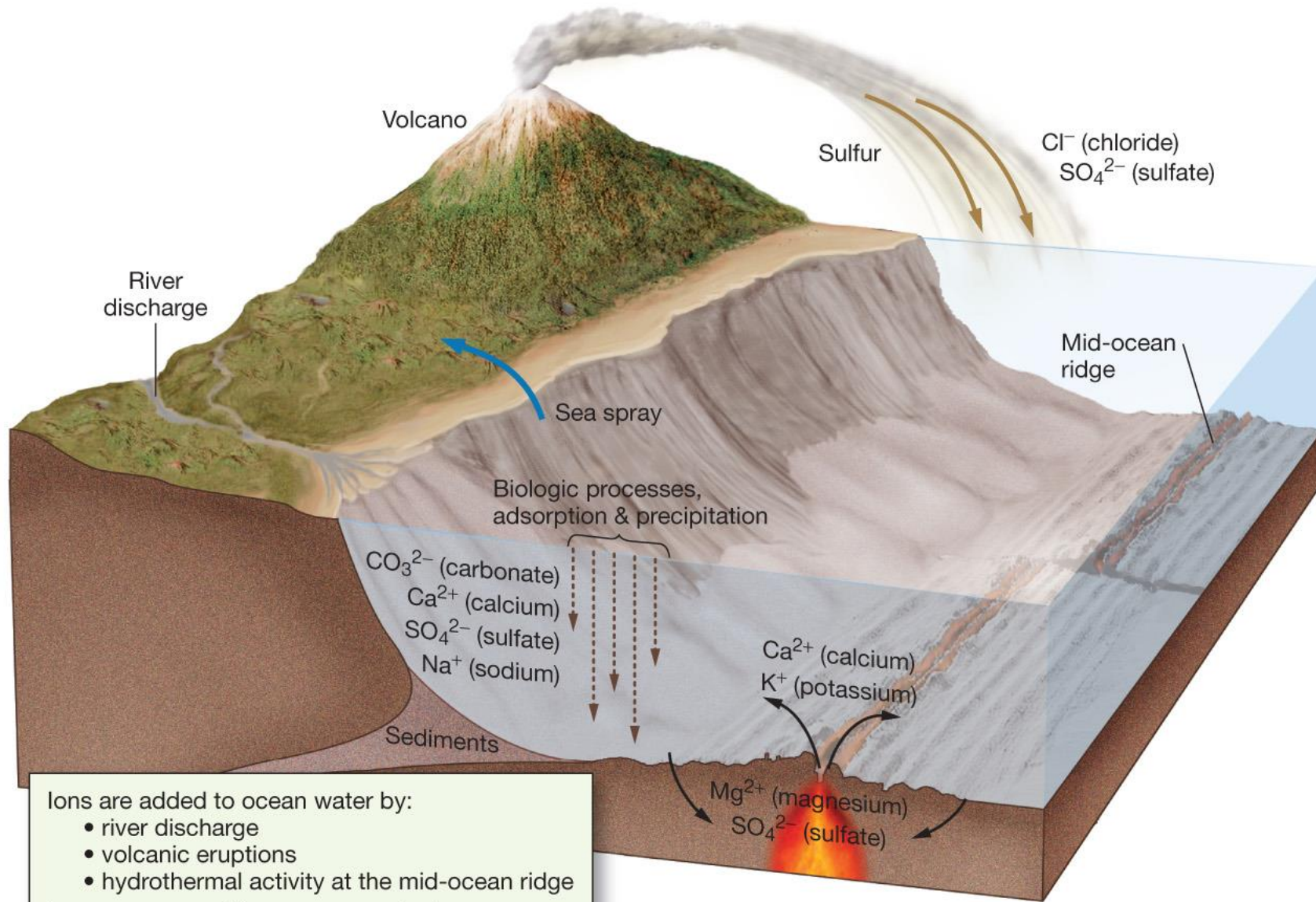
- \oplus Sodium ion
- \ominus Chloride ion
-  Water molecule

Deniz Suyu Nasıl Oluşur?

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İyonlar (yükü parçacıklar) farklı yerlerden denize girer



- Ions are added to ocean water by:
- river discharge
 - volcanic eruptions
 - hydrothermal activity at the mid-ocean ridge
- Ions are removed from ocean water by:
- adsorption and precipitation
 - sea spray
 - biologic processes
 - hydrothermal activity at the mid-ocean ridge

Deniz Suyunun Bileşimi

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Table 3.1

The Composition of Seawater of 35‰ Salinity

Although the concentration varies slightly from place to place in the ocean, the percentage of total salinity of each ion remains constant.

Ion	Concentration ‰	Percentage of Total Salinity
Chloride (Cl^-)	19.345	55.03
Sodium (Na^+)	10.752	30.59
Sulfate (SO_4^{-2})	2.701	7.68
Magnesium (Mg^{+2})	1.295	3.68
Calcium (Ca^{+2})	0.416	1.18
Potassium (K^+)	0.390	1.11
Bicarbonate (HCO_3^-)	0.145	0.41
Bromide (Br^-)	0.066	0.19
Borate (H_2BO_3^-)	0.027	0.08
Strontium (Sr^{+2})	0.013	0.04
Fluoride (F^-)	0.001	0.003
Other dissolved material	<0.001	<0.001

TABLE 5.1

SELECTED DISSOLVED MATERIALS IN 35‰ SEAWATER

1. Major Constituents (in parts per thousand, ‰)

Constituent	Concentration (‰)	Ratio of constituent/total salts (%)
Chloride (Cl ⁻)	19.2	55.04
Sodium (Na ⁺)	10.6	30.61
Sulfate (SO ₄ ²⁻)	2.7	7.68
Magnesium (Mg ²⁺)	1.3	3.69
Calcium (Ca ²⁺)	0.40	1.16
Potassium (K ⁺)	0.38	1.10
Total	34.58‰	99.28%

2. Minor Constituents (in parts per million, ppm^a)

Gases		Nutrients		Others	
Constituent	Concentration (ppm)	Constituent	Concentration (ppm)	Constituent	Concentration (ppm)
Carbon dioxide (CO ₂)	90	Silicon (Si)	3.0	Bromide (Br ⁻)	65.0
Nitrogen (N ₂)	14	Nitrogen (N)	0.5	Carbon (C)	28.0
Oxygen (O ₂)	6	Phosphorus (P)	0.07	Strontium (Sr)	8.0
		Iron (Fe)	0.002	Boron (B)	4.6

3. Trace Constituents (in parts per billion, ppb^b)

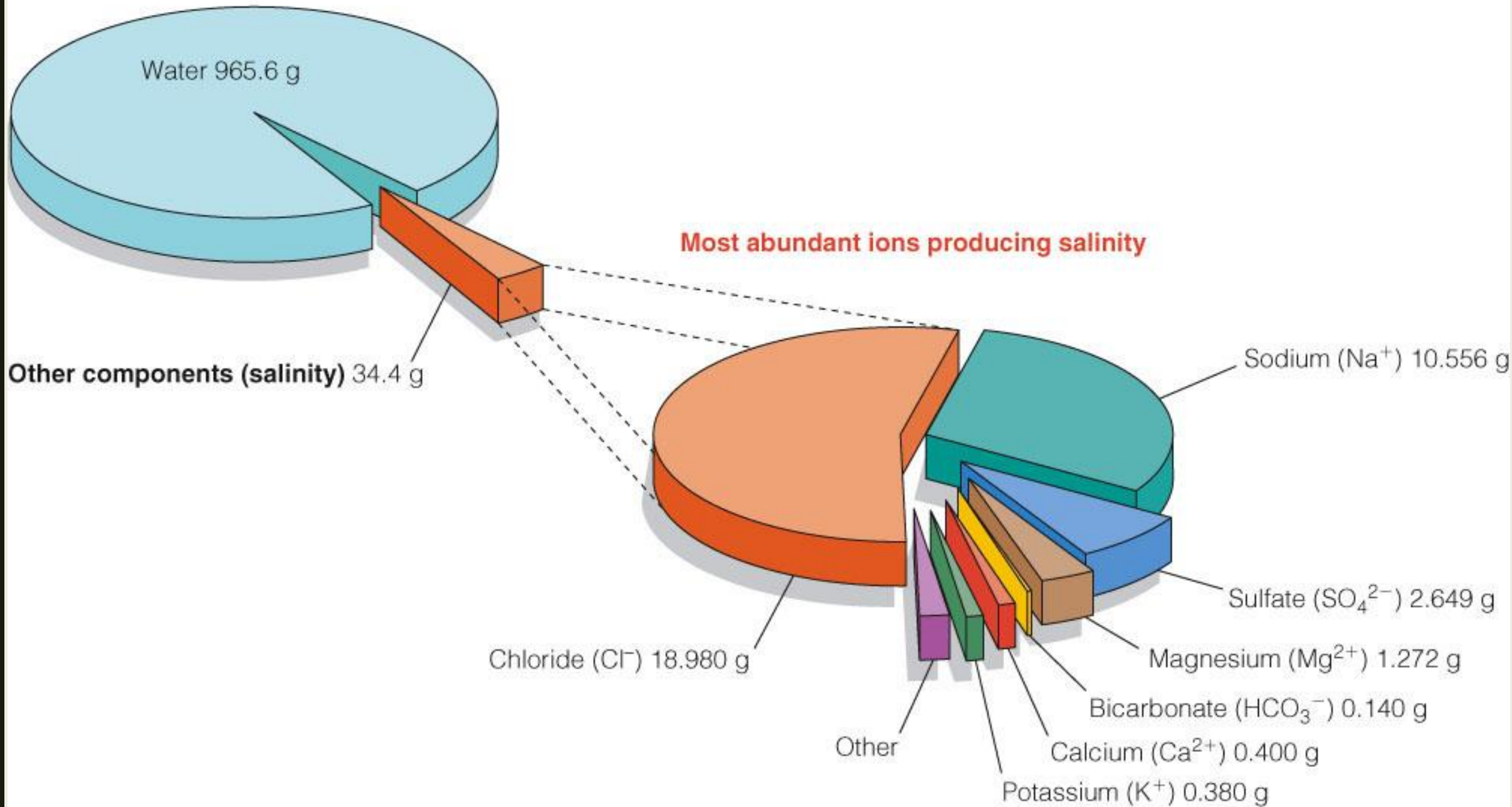
Constituent	Concentration (ppb)	Constituent	Concentration (ppb)	Constituent	Concentration (ppb)
Lithium (Li)	185	Zinc (Zn)	10	Lead (Pb)	0.03
Rubidium (Rb)	120	Aluminum (Al)	2	Mercury (Hg)	0.03
Iodine (I)	60	Manganese (Mn)	2	Gold (Au)	0.005

^aNote that 1000 ppm = 1‰.^bNote that 1000 ppb = 1 ppm.

Deniz Suyu Ne Kadar Tuzlu?

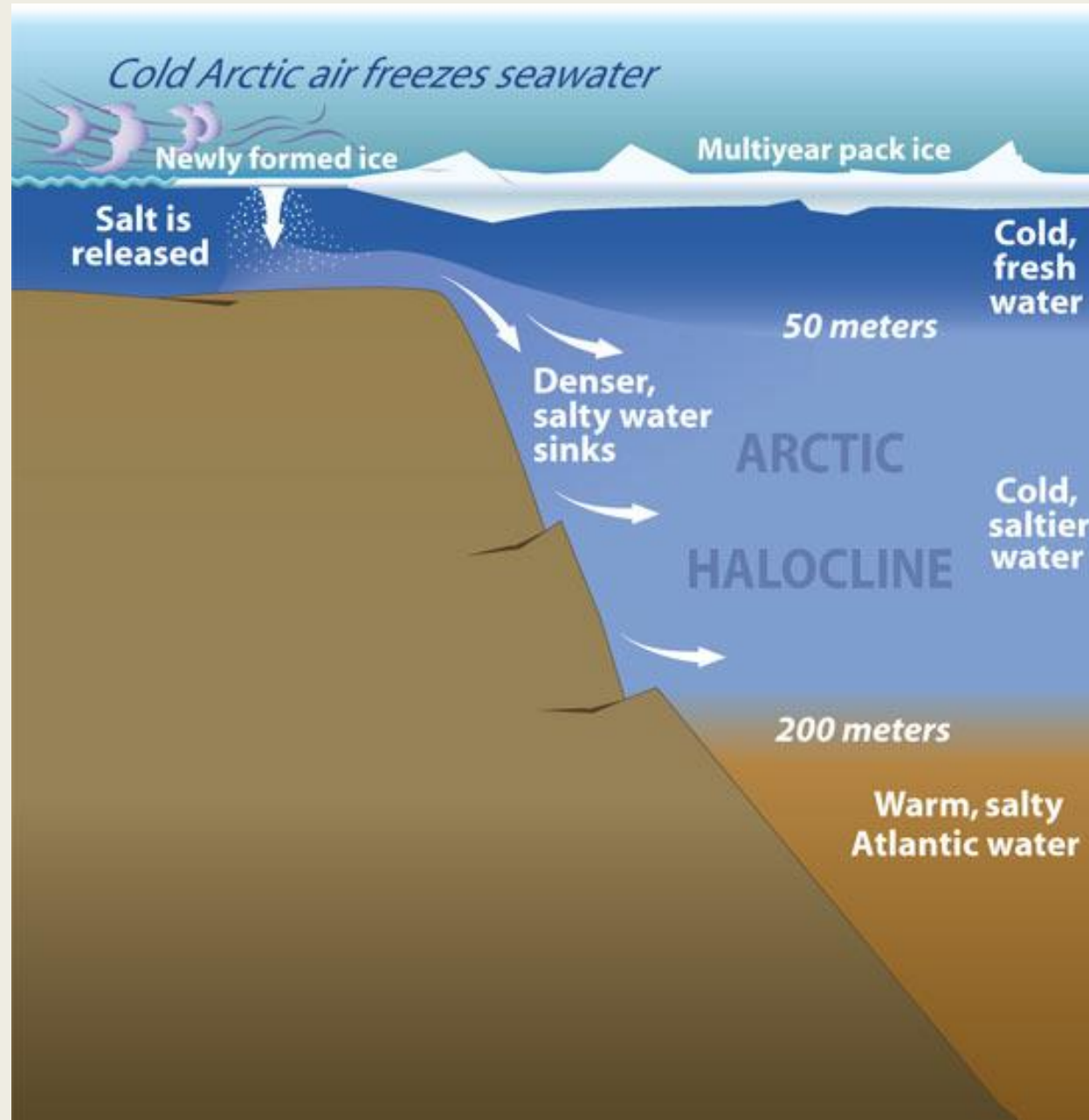


One kilogram of seawater

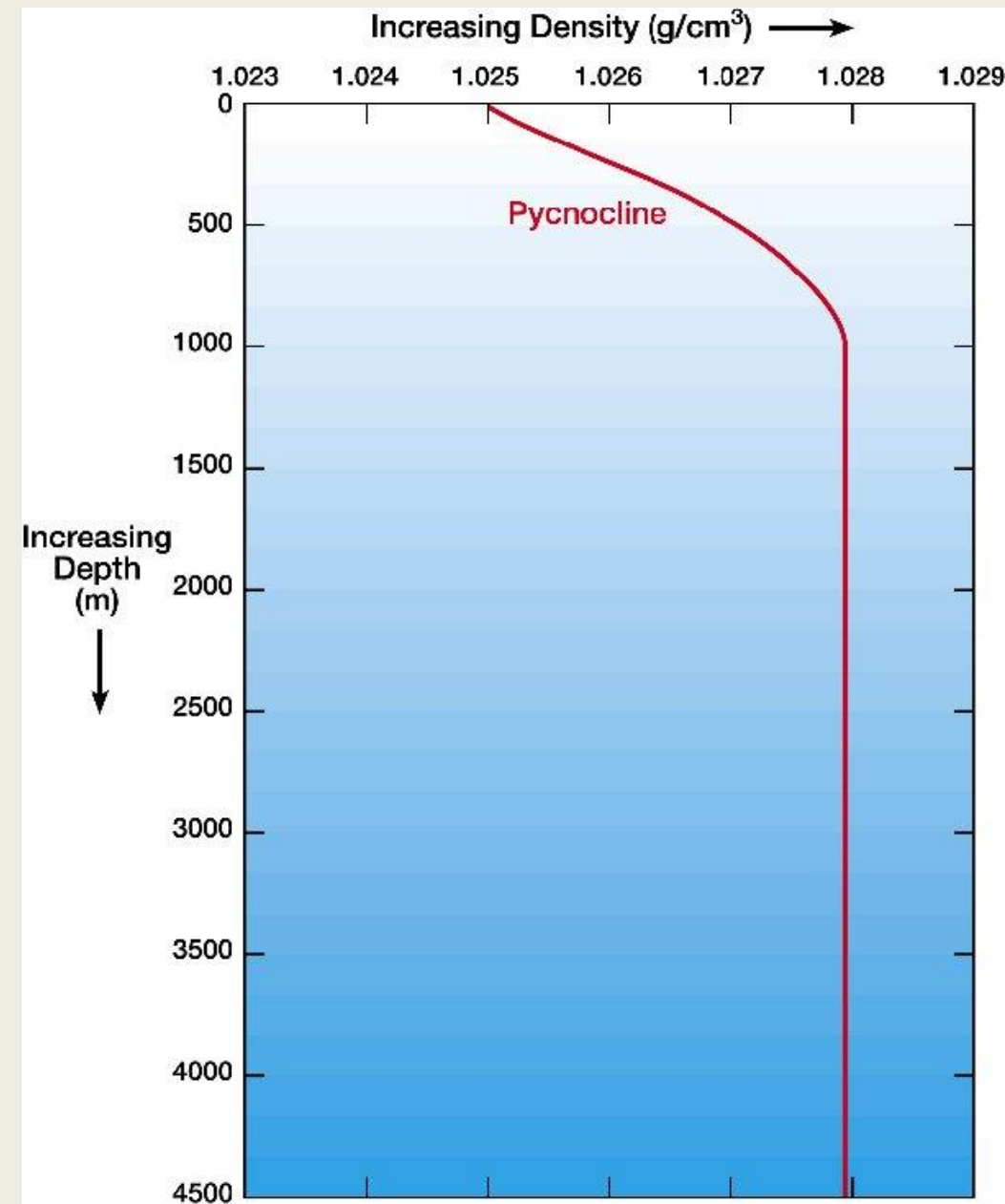
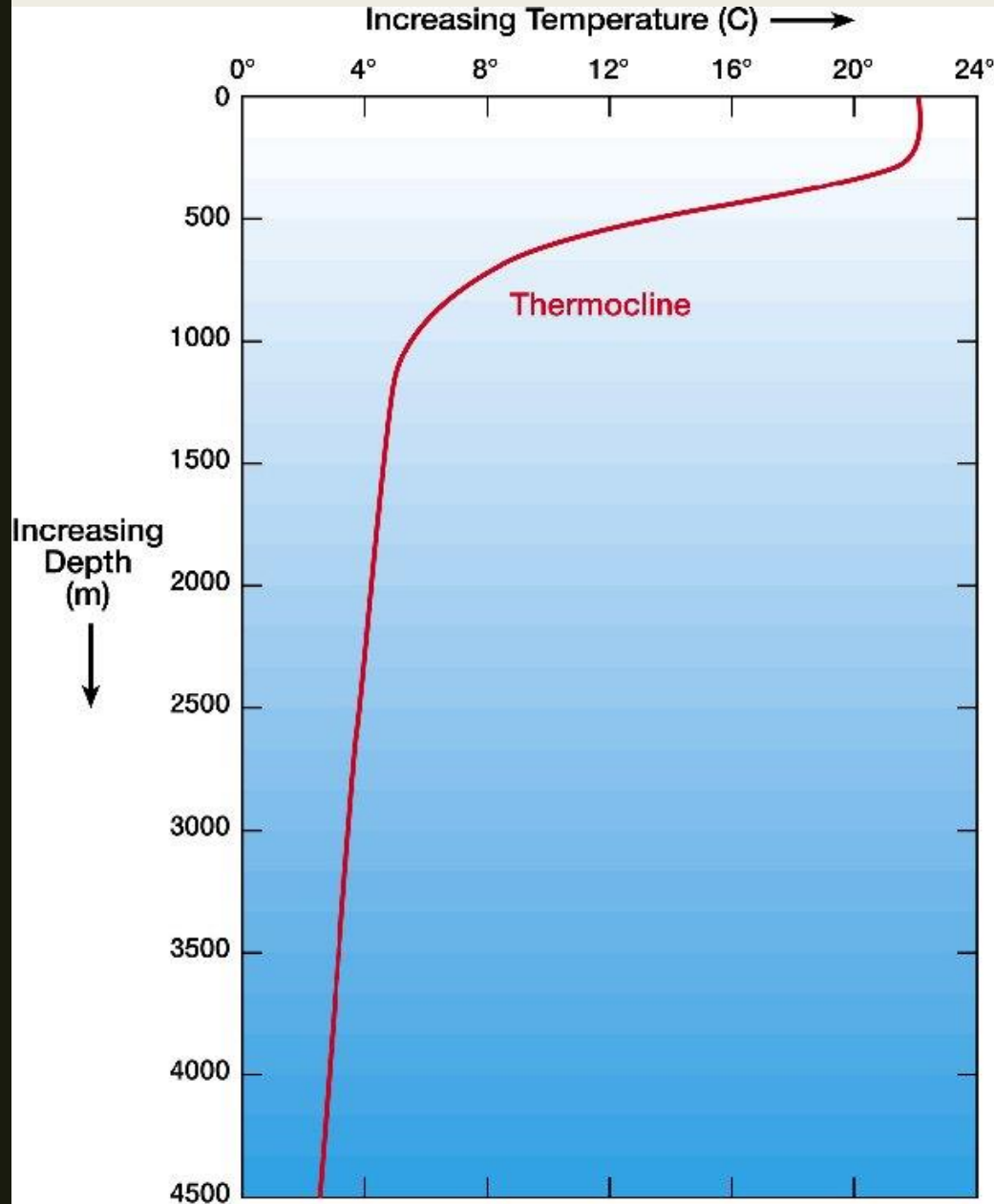


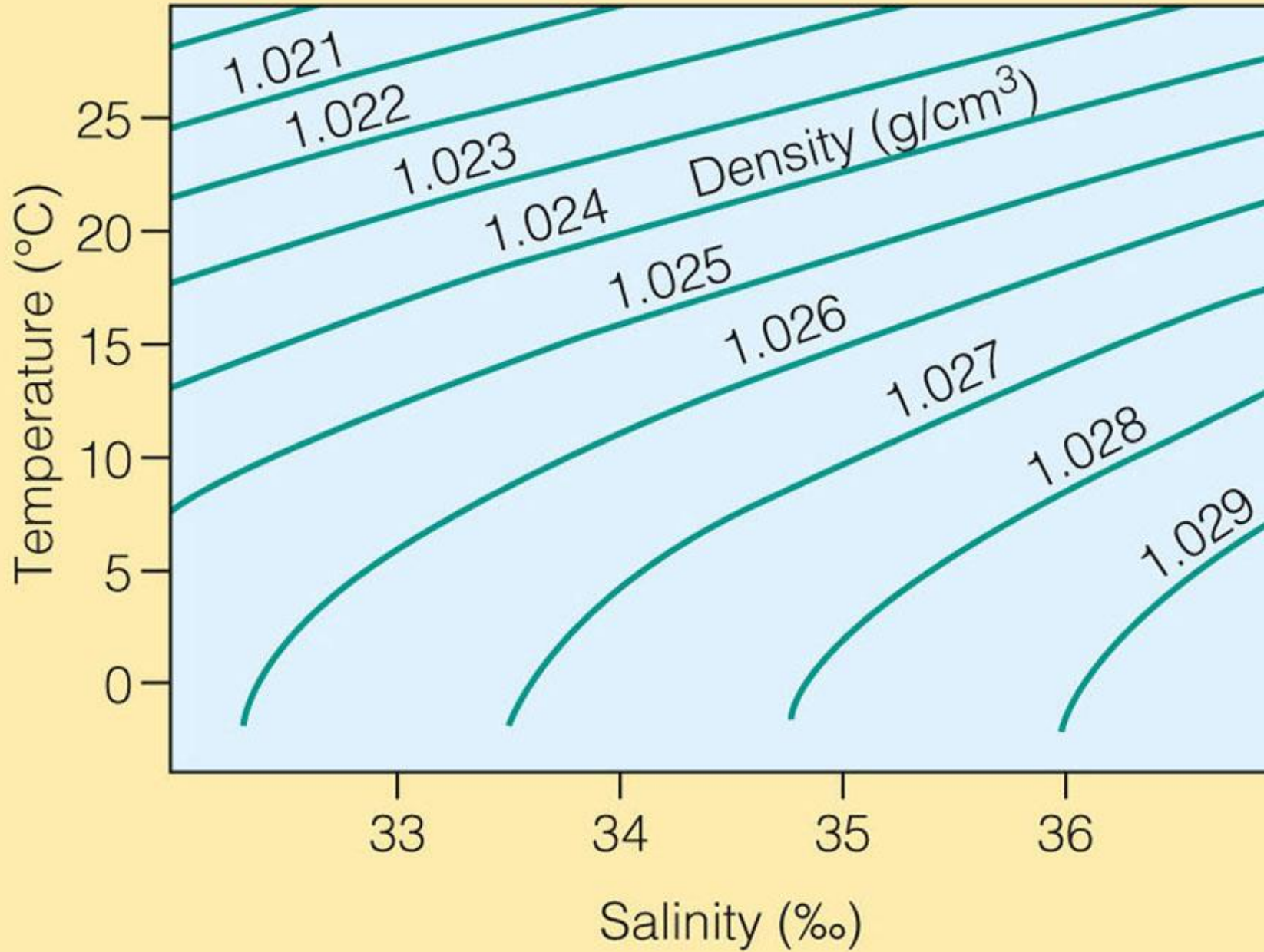
Tuzluluk, Sıcaklık, Yoğunluk

Tuzluluk, Sıcaklık, Yoğunluk



Tuzluluk, Sıcaklık, Yoğunluk



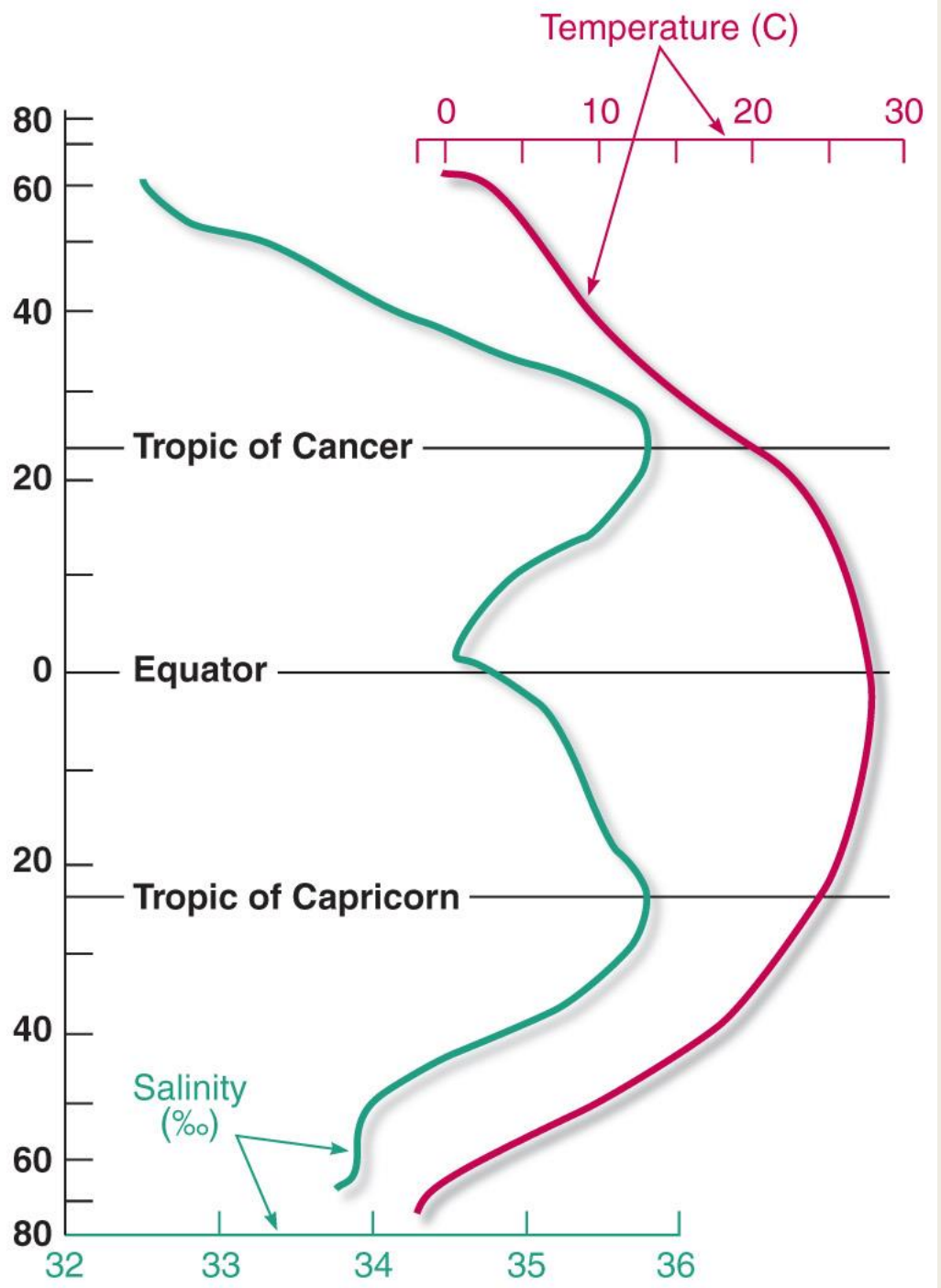


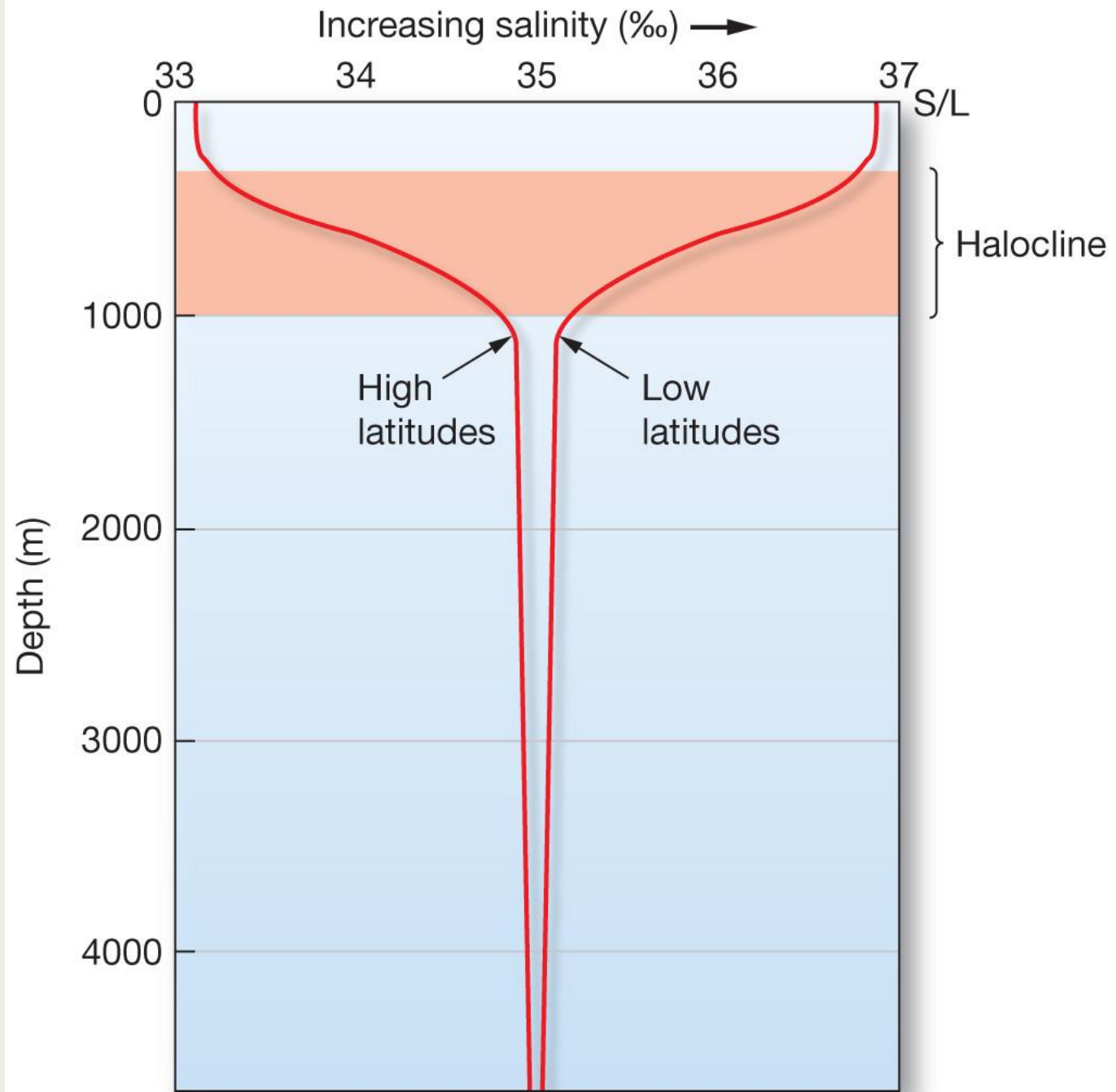


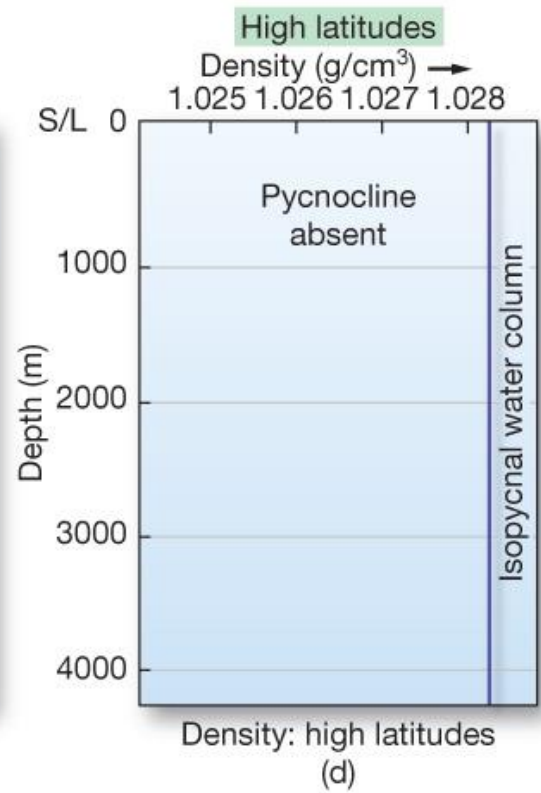
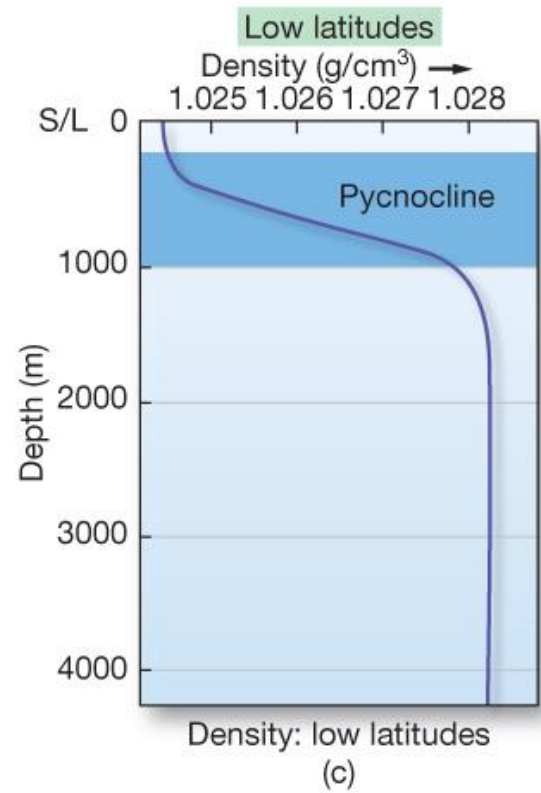
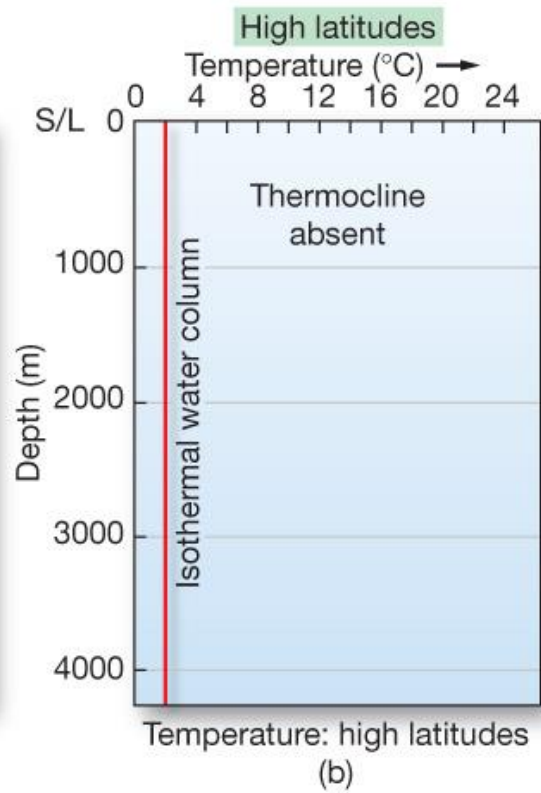
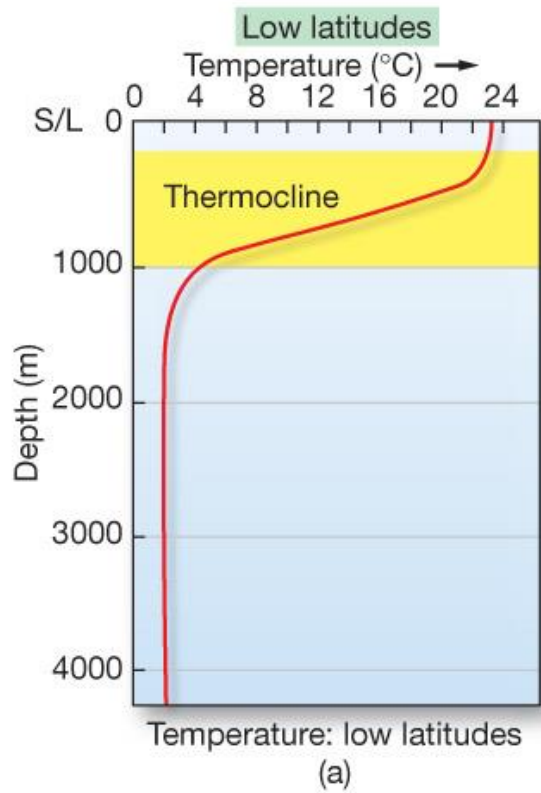
North

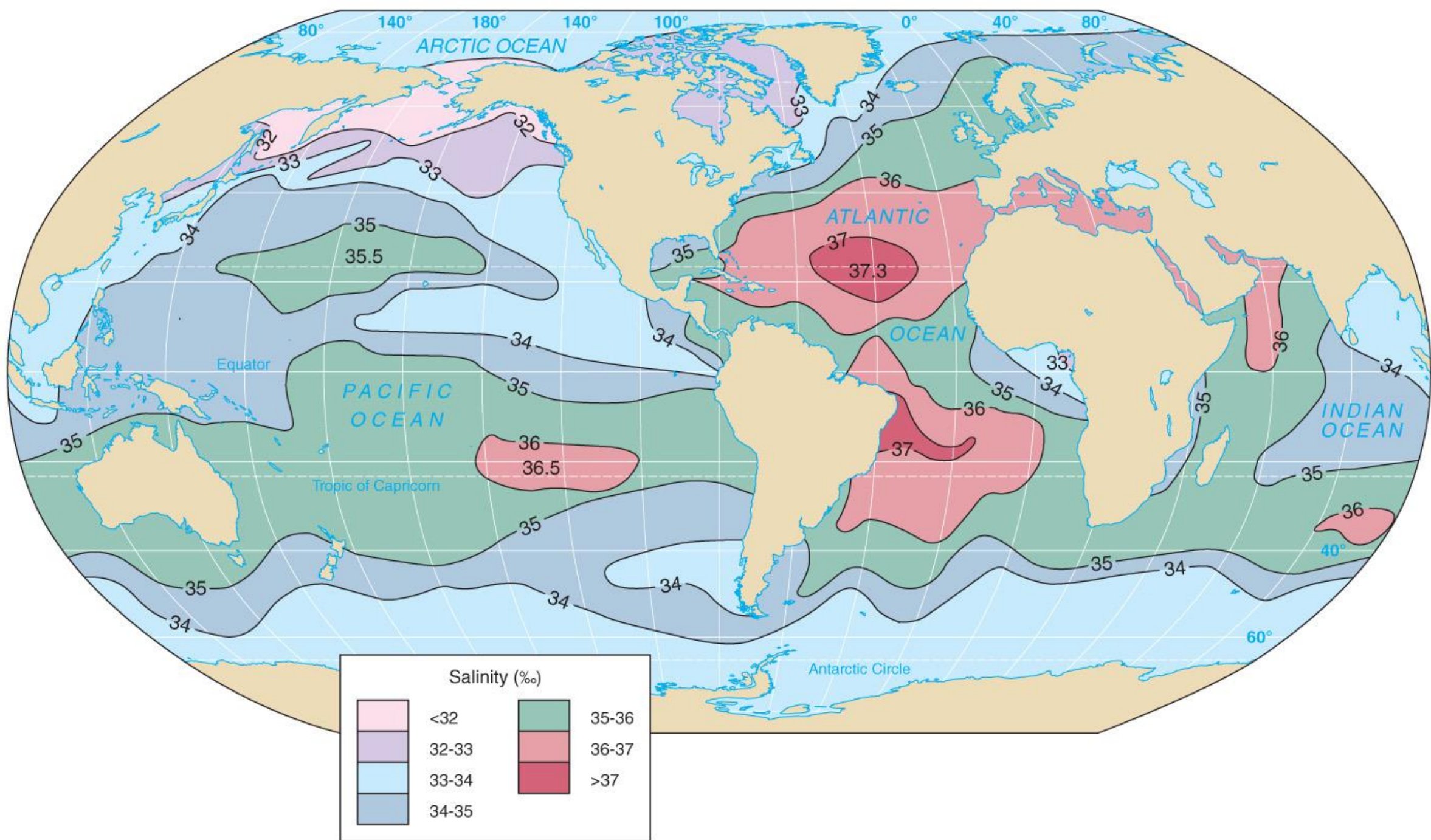
Latitude

South



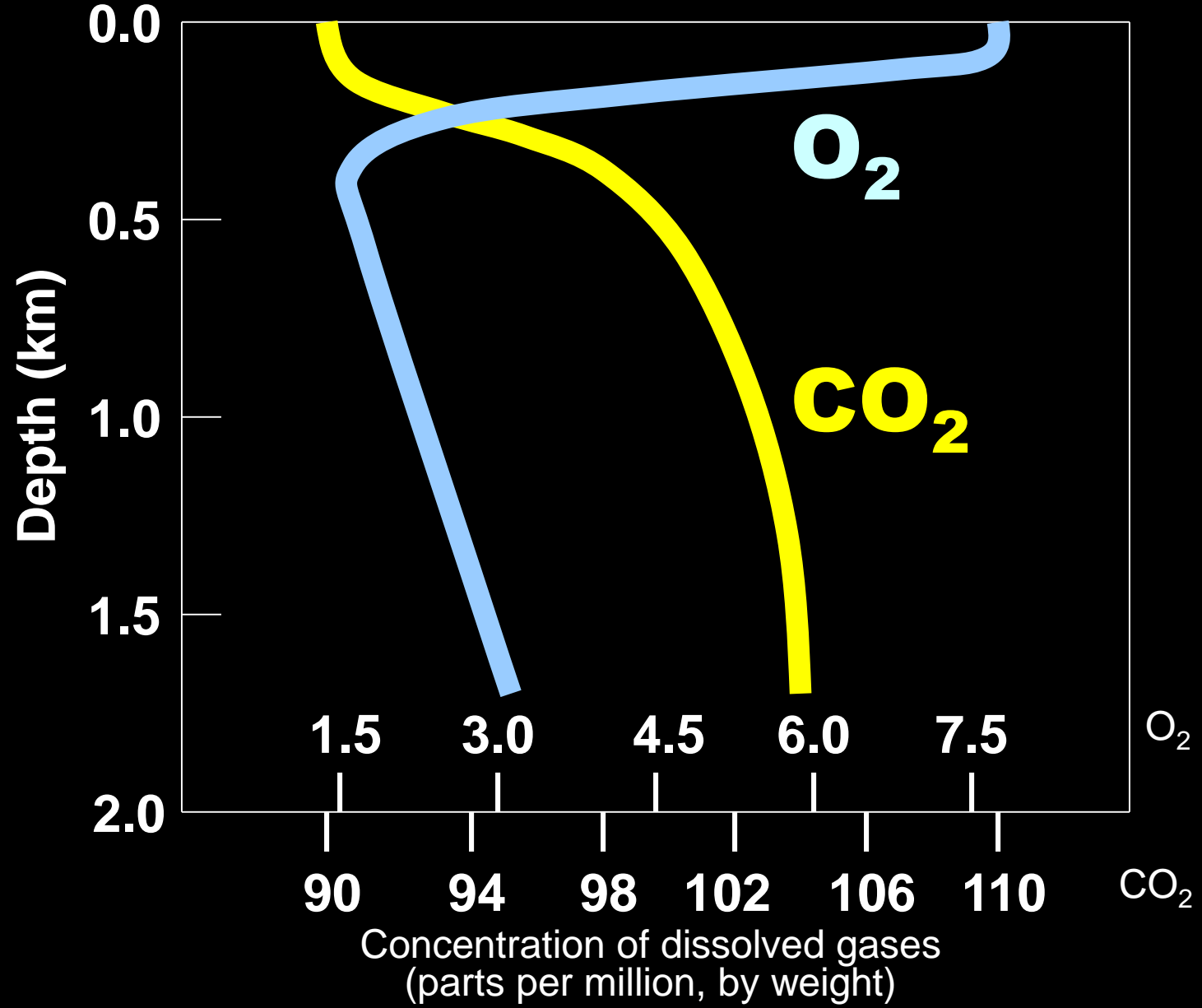






Location/type	Salinity
Normal open ocean	33-38‰
Baltic Sea	10‰ (brackish)
Red Sea	42‰ (hypersaline)
Great Salt Lake	280‰
Dead Sea	330‰
Tap water	0.8‰ or less
Premium bottled water	0.3‰

Çözünmüş Gazlar



OCEAN ACIDIFICATION

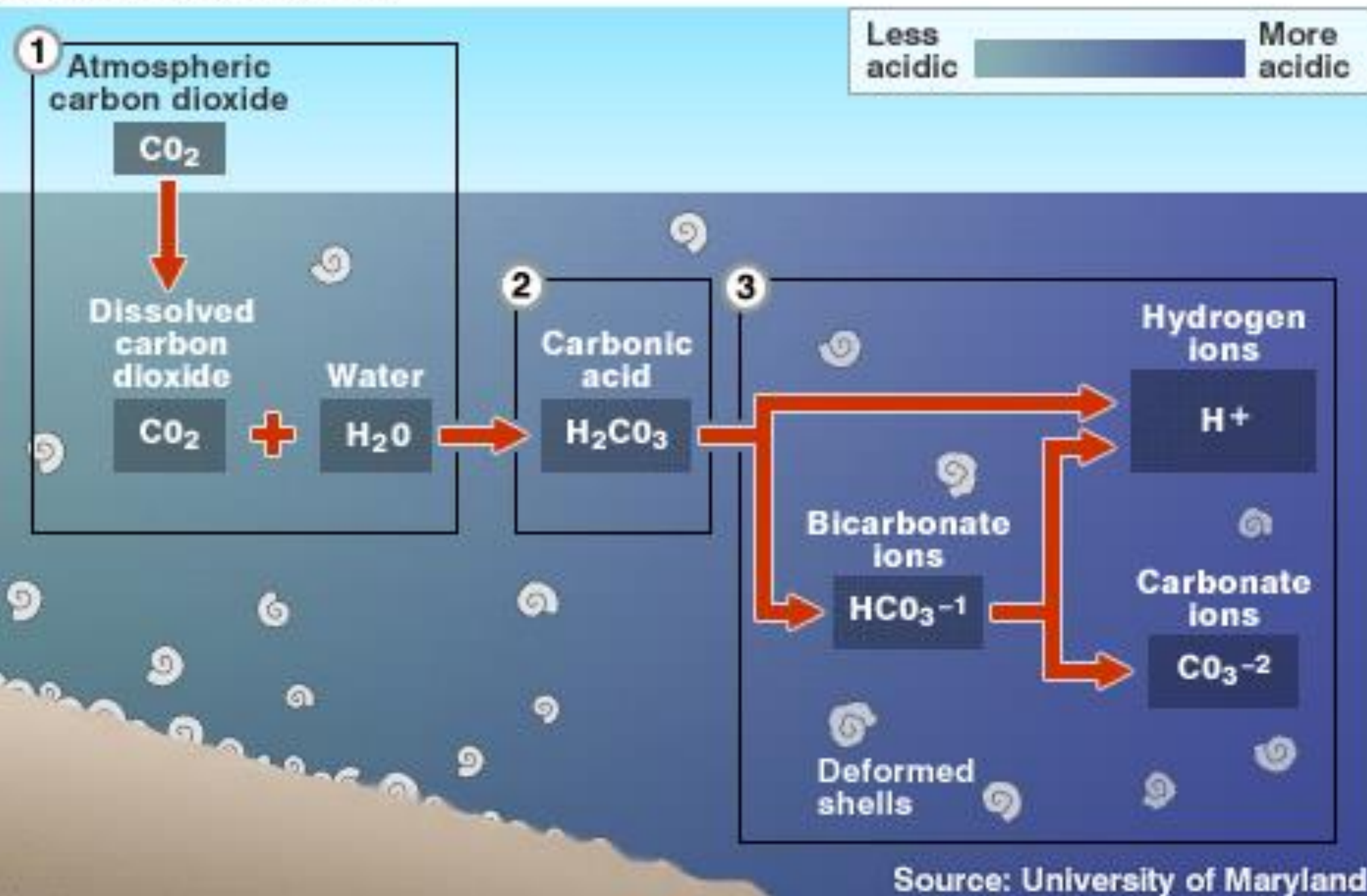


TABLE 5.2

COMPARISON OF SELECTED PROPERTIES OF PURE WATER AND SEAWATER

Property	Pure water	35‰ Seawater
Color (light transmission)		
• Small quantities of water	Clear (high transparency)	Same as for pure water
• Large quantities of water	Blue-green because water molecules scatter blue and green wavelengths best	Same as for pure water
Odor	Odorless	Distinctly marine
Taste	Tasteless	Distinctly salty
pH	7.0 (neutral)	Surface waters range = 8.0–8.3; average = 8.1 (slightly alkaline)
Density at 4°C (39°F)	1.000 g/cm ³	1.028 g/cm ³
Freezing point	0°C (32°F)	−1.9°C (28.6°F)
Boiling point	100°C (212°F)	100.6°C (213.1°F)

VARIATION IN PH LEVELS IN THE WORLD'S OCEANS

