

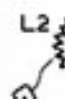
Sentetik antikorlar
Peptidler
Gösterim sistemleri



Uretici - 2 Aracı



Poliklonal antikorlar/antiserum
- tanı
- tedavi



Paul Ehrlich

Elie Metchnikoff



Georges Köhler



César Milstein

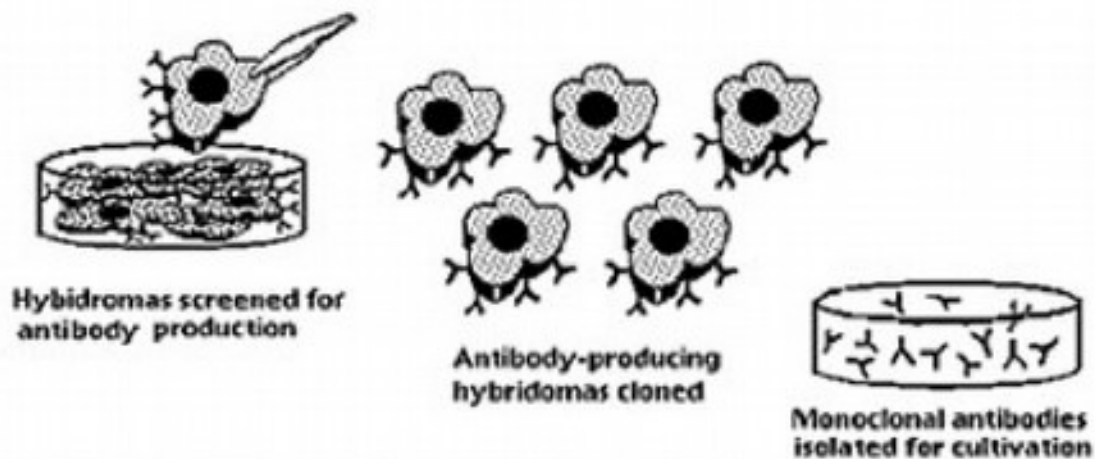
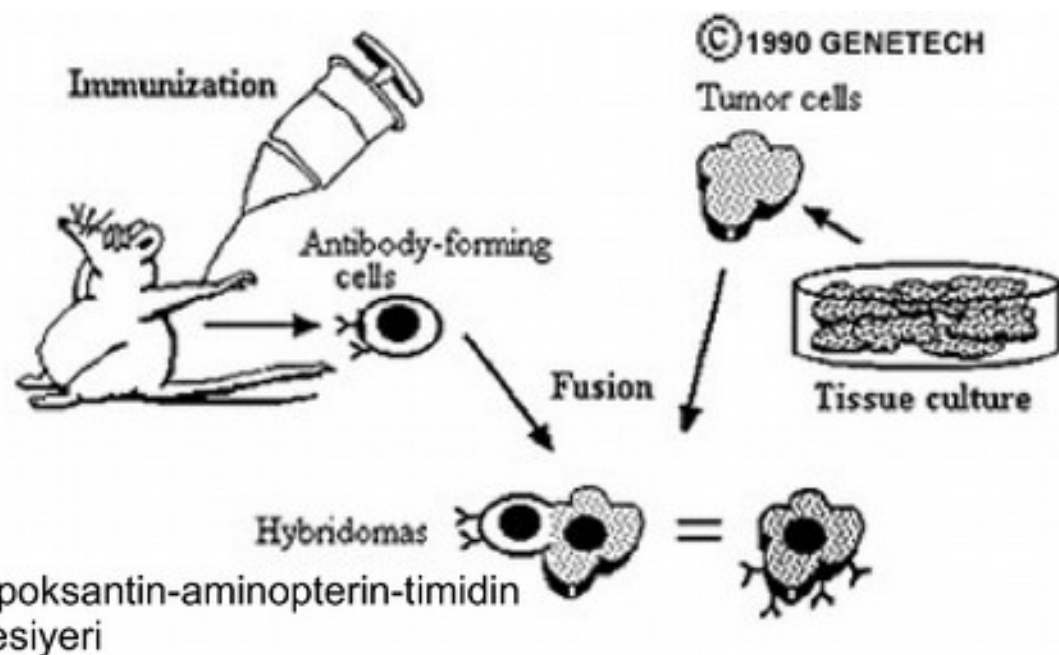
'75

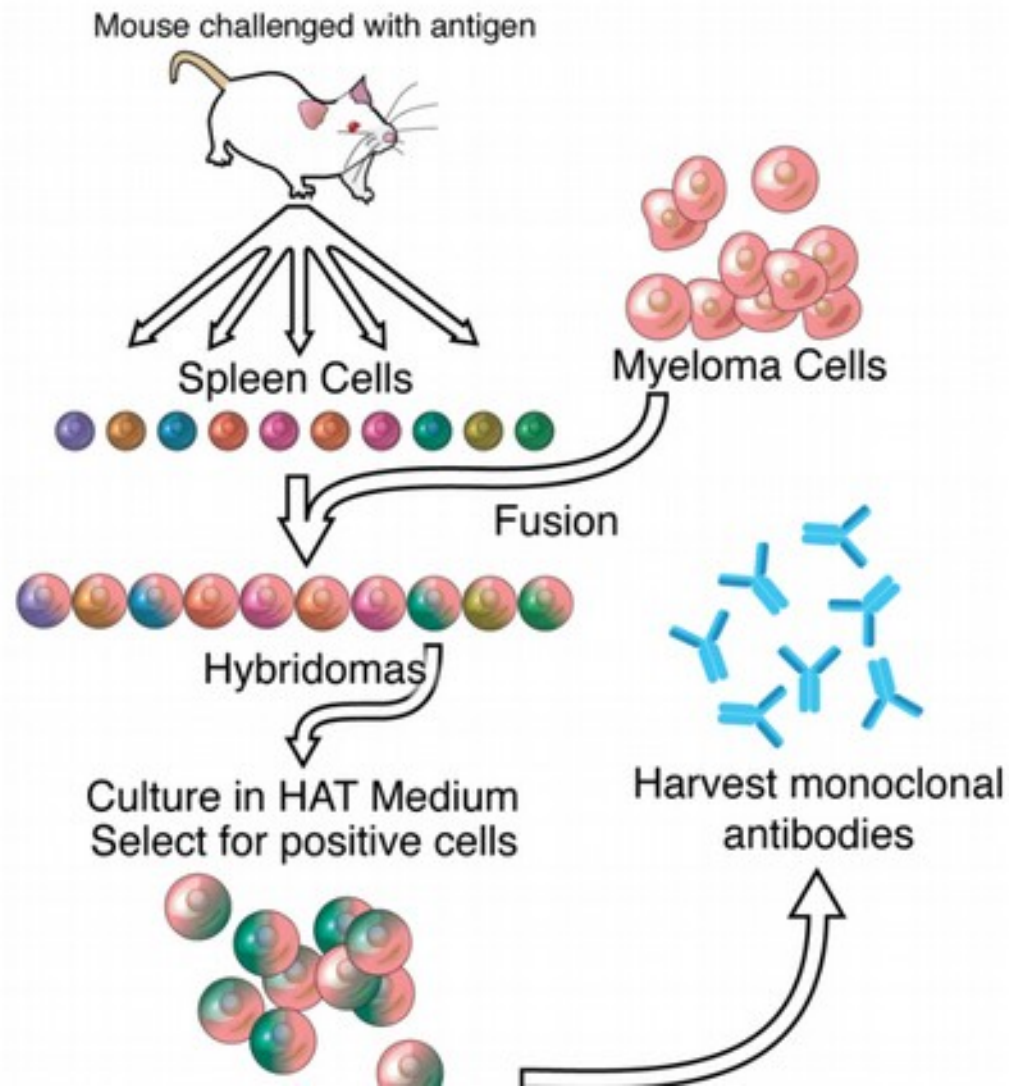


PO

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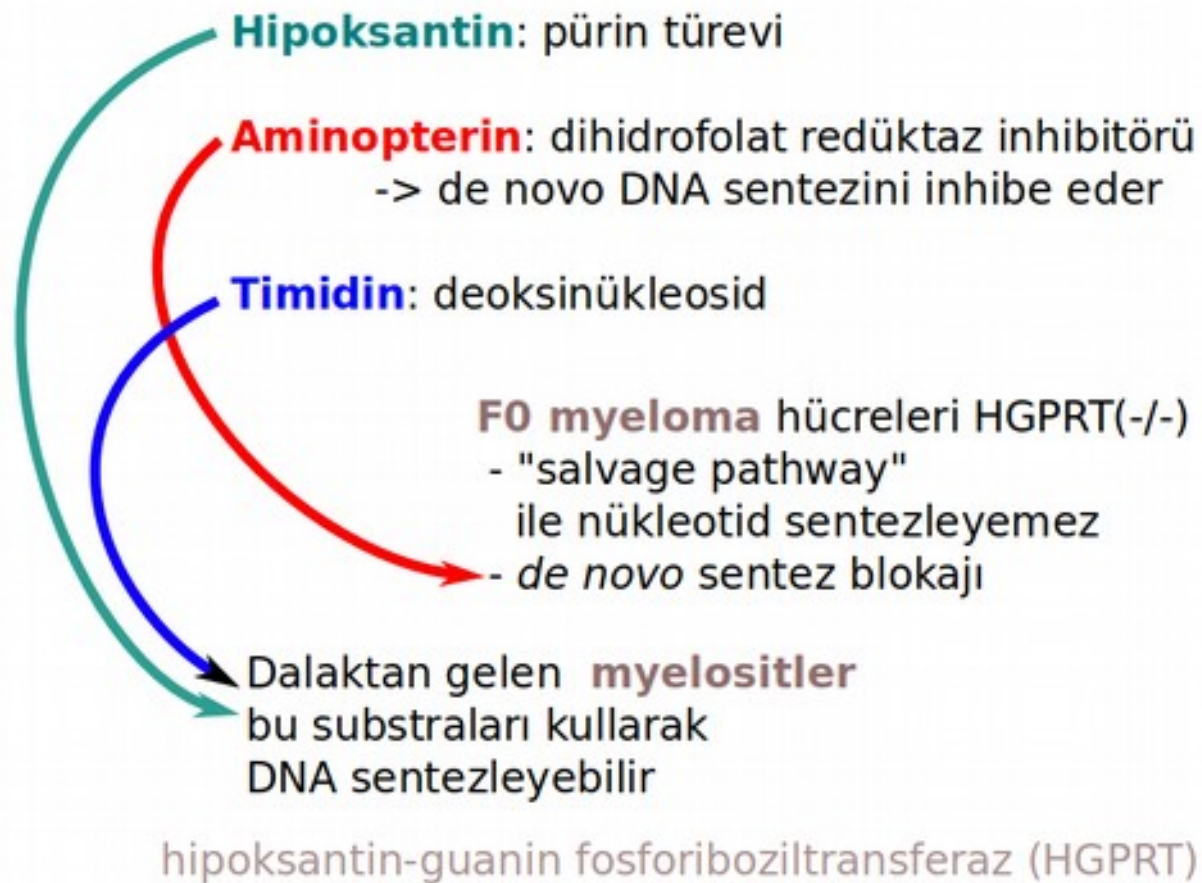
-



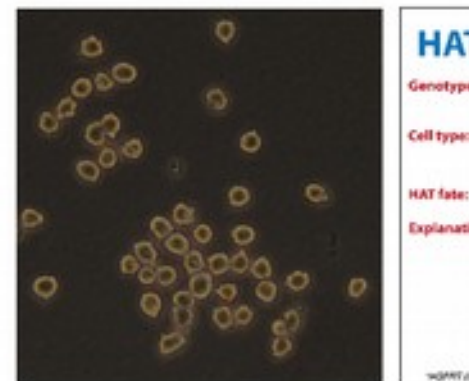
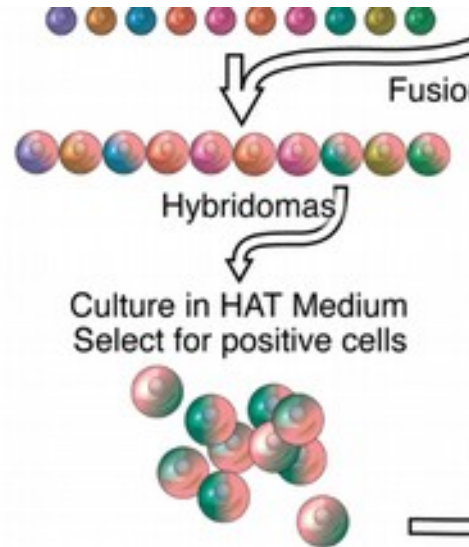


edüktaz inhibitörü
ezini inhibe eder

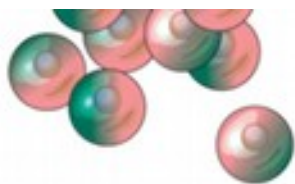
creleri HGPRT(-/-)



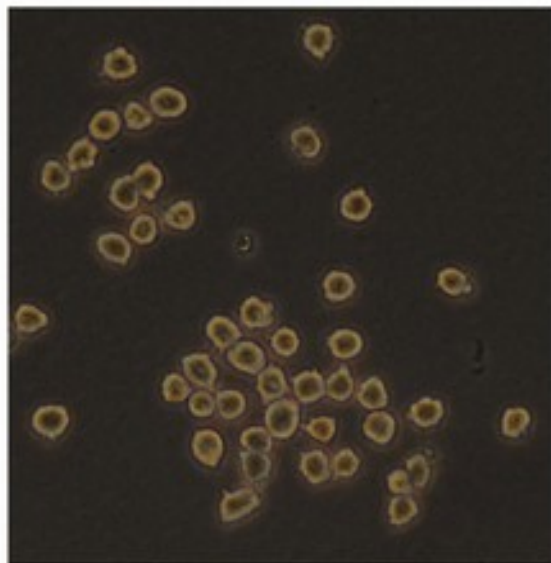
HAT besiyeri ile 14 gün seçim...



GPRT(-/-)



mez



(HGPRT)

çim...

HAT Selection

Genotype:*

TK -

immortal
HAT-sensitive
plasmacytoma

TK+/TK -

fused
hybrid

TK +

mortal
splenic
B-cell

Cell type:

HAT fate:

DIES

SURVIVES

DIES

Explanation:

Unable to synthesize DNA:

(1) Thymidine kinase* mutation causes a loss-of-function in the "salvage" pathway and
(2) Aminopterin blocks "De novo" pathway.

Immortal and restored DNA synthesis:

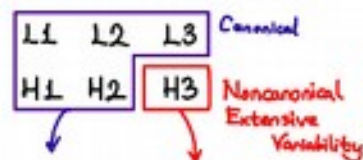
(1) Immortality from plasmacytoma and
(2) rescued ability to synthesize DNA due to restored thymidine kinase* function.

Mortal:

(1) Functional DNA synthesis, but
(2) eventually dies because of limited number of replication cycles

*HGPRT (hypoxanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase) mutants can be used in place of TK (thymidine kinase) mutants

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:HAT_Selection.png



el sınıf öğeleri her bir sınıf için farklıdır ve bu nedenle farklı sınıflarda bulunabilirler. H3 sınıfı için:

- 28 amino asit
- 14 farklı amino asit
- Geniş varyasyonlu amino asitler
- H3 sınıfı

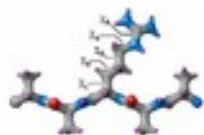
CDR-L3

Sınıf 1+2 → 9 üye
Sınıf 3 → 8 üye
Benzar her bir baştan oluşuyor
Farklılıklerin pozisyonundan kaynaklanıyor
Sınıf 4 → 7 üye
Sınıf 5 → 8 üye

CDR-H3

Canonical sınıflar yerine konmuş yan zincirler bulunuyor

3 üye
10 üye
10 üye
12 üye



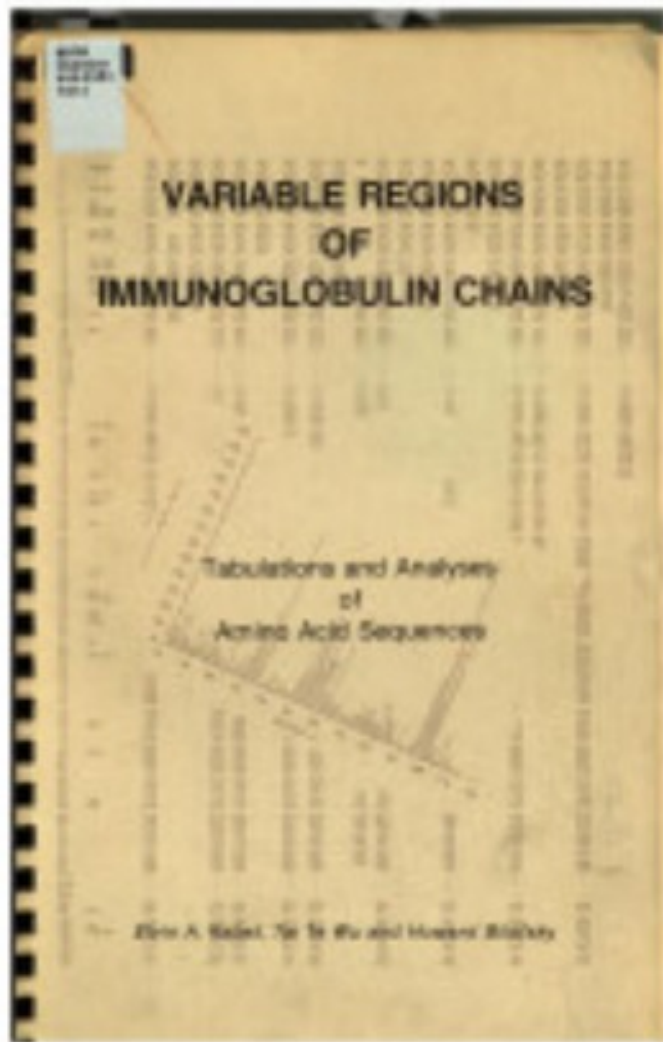
Yaşamın fiziksel ve kimyasal esasları

1912'ler için çok devrimsel...



'12 -> '80

Biyoteknoloji çağında antikorları da diğer peptidler gibi rekombinant DNA teknolojisi kullanarak üretebilir miyiz?



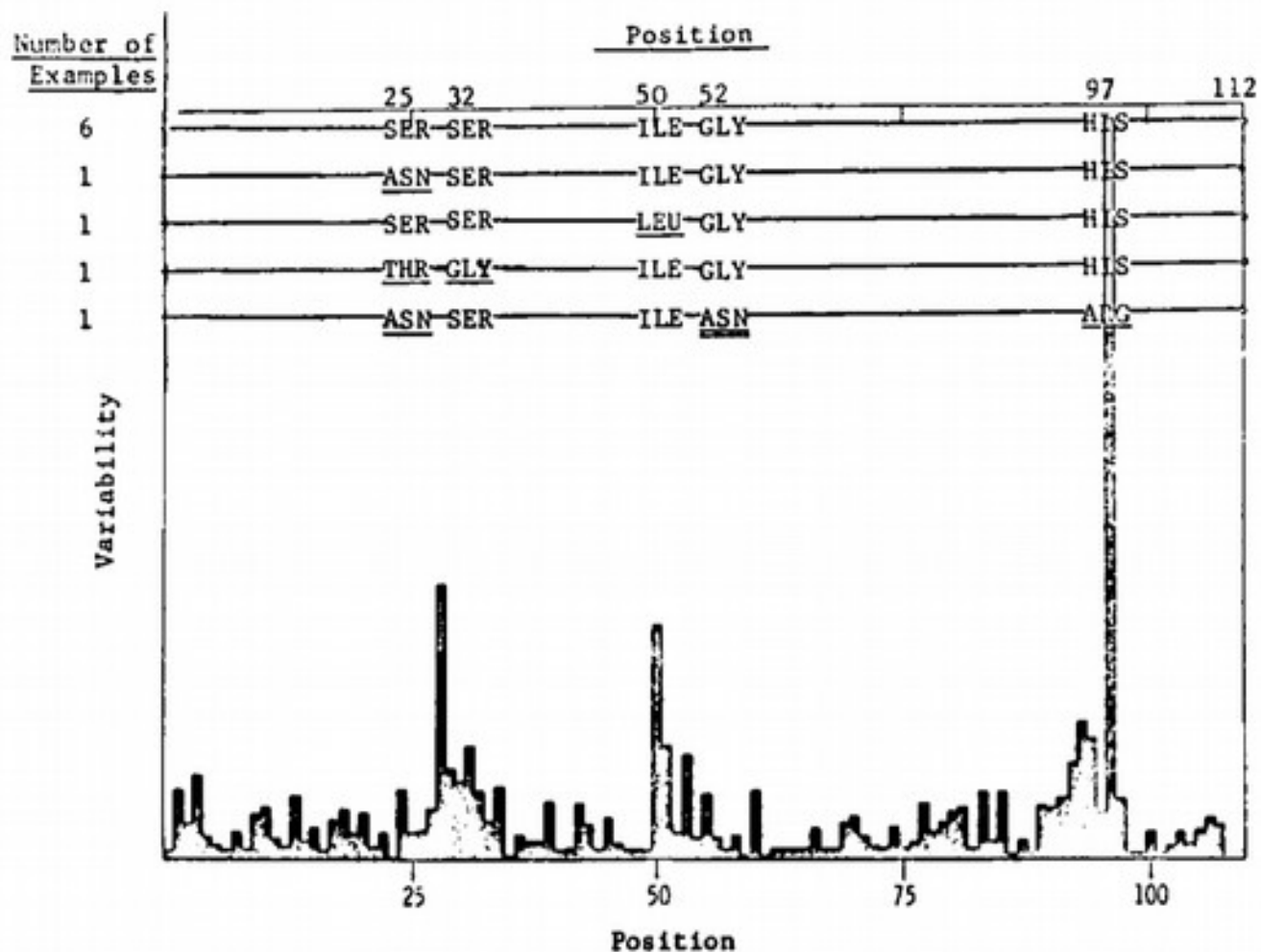
Variable Regions of Immunoglobulin Chains: Tabulations and Analyses of Amino Acid Sequences



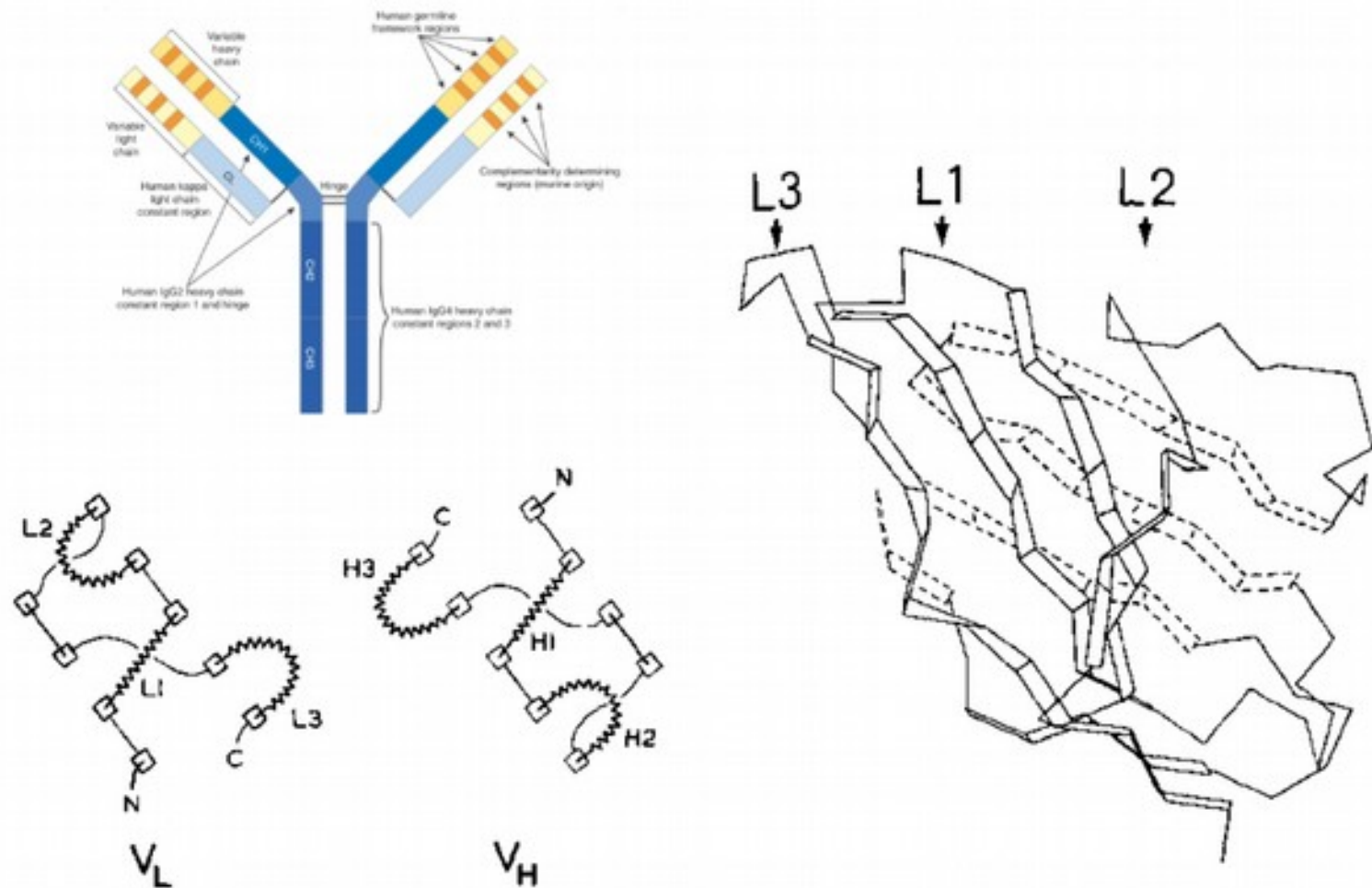
Reprinted with permission from the Annual Review of Immunology, Volume 1, ©1983 by Annual Reviews

Elvin A. Kabat

ici - 1

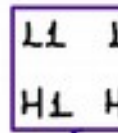
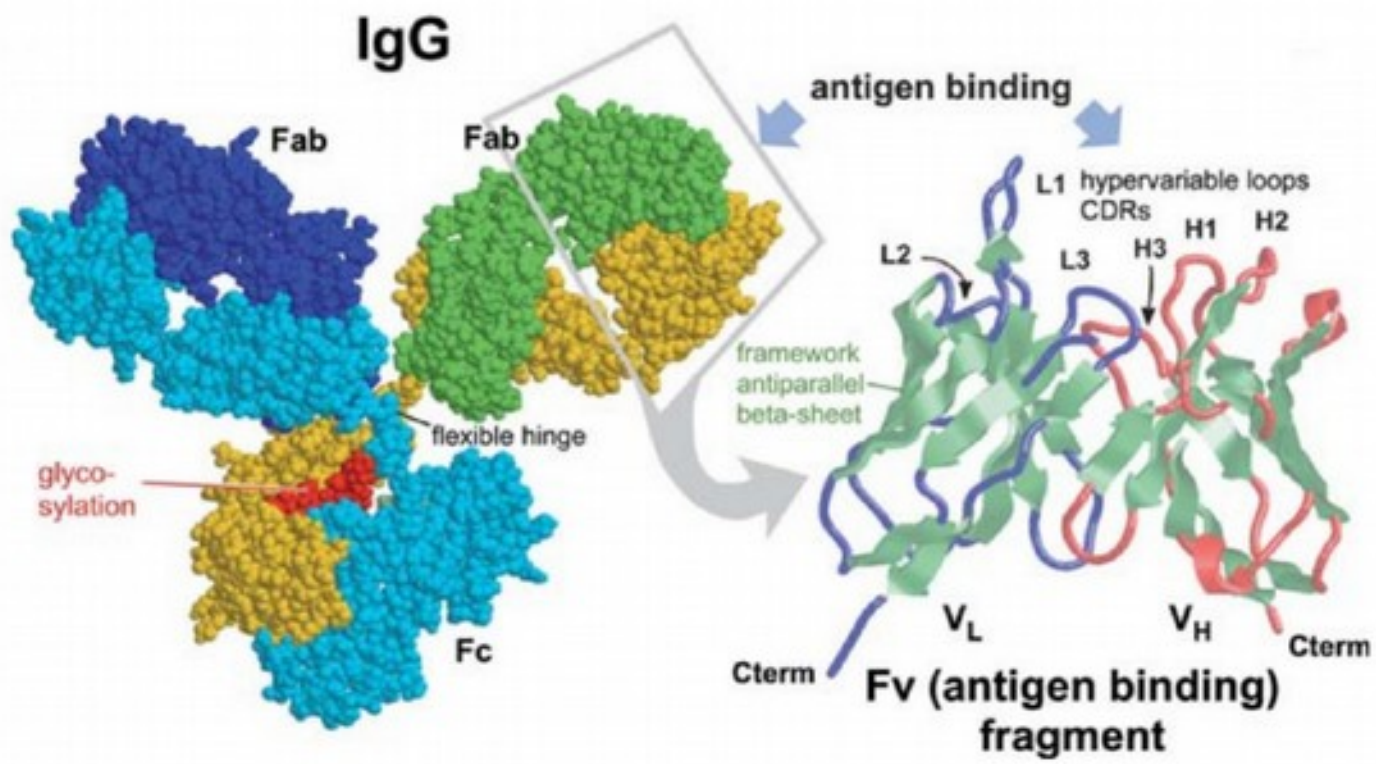


Kabat EA, Wu TT. Attempts to Locate Complementarity-Determining Residues in the Variable Positions of Light and Heavy Chains *.
Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences 1971;190(1):382-393.



Chothia C, Lesk AM. Canonical structures for the hypervariable regions of immunoglobulins. *J. Mol. Biol.* 1987 Aug;196(4):901-917.

Bağlanmanın anatomisi...

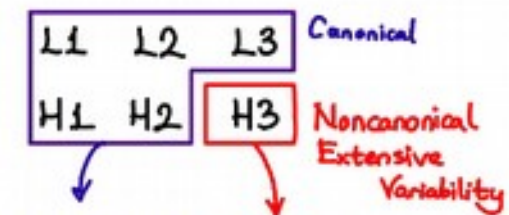
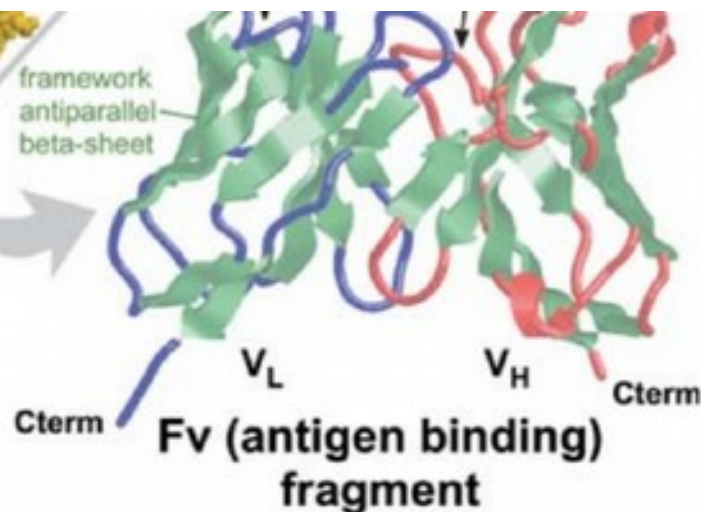


10 sınıf
 Canonical sınıf üyeleri heron be
 omeye konformasyonuna sahip
 — loop uzunluğu
 — CDR'lerdeki anahtar an
 asitler
 — Framework'deki anahtar an

CDR-L1
 5 beşirgin κ
 4 beşirgin olmayan λ
 1 beşirgin olmayan κ

CDR-L2
 çoğunluk bir yapıya uygundur

C
 S
 S
 B



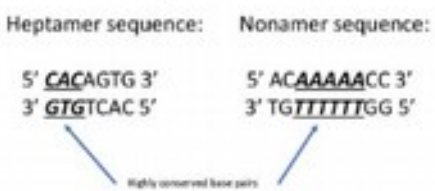
10 sınıf
 Canonical sınıf üyeleri heren heren aynı omurga konformasyonuna sahip
 — loop uzunluğu
 — CDR'lerdeki çinkofor amino asitler
 — Framework'deki anahtar aminoasitler

H3 tabanlı
 — δB teranesi
 — Ab initio modeller
 — Konformasyonel arama
 — Hepsi :)



Yaşamın kimyasal 1912'ler için ç

Recombination Signal Sequences



CDR-L1
 5 belirgin κ
 4 belirgin olmayan λ
 1 belirgin olmayan κ
 Toplam 10 sınıf

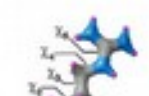
CDR-L2
 çoğunluk bir yapıya uyuyor

CDR-L3
 Sınıf 1+2 \rightarrow 9 üye
 Sınıf 3 \rightarrow 8 üye
 Benzer hairpin bop'lerden oluşuyor
 Farklılıklar Prolinin pozisyonundan kaynaklanıyor
 Sınıf 4 \rightarrow 7 üye
 Sınıf 5 \rightarrow 8 üye

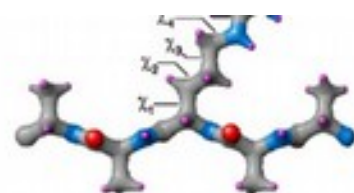
CDR-H1
 Sınıf 1 \rightarrow 10 üye
 Sınıf 2 \rightarrow ?
 Sınıf 3 \rightarrow 11 üye
 Sınıf 4 \rightarrow 12 üye

CDR-H2
 Sınıf 1 \rightarrow 9 üye
 Sınıf 2 \rightarrow 10 üye
 Sınıf 3 \rightarrow 10 üye
 Sınıf 4 \rightarrow 12 üye

CDR-H3
 Canonical sınıflar yerine korunmuş yan zincirler bulunuyor



Biyotek



FRs and CDRs of Antibody and TCR Variable Regions

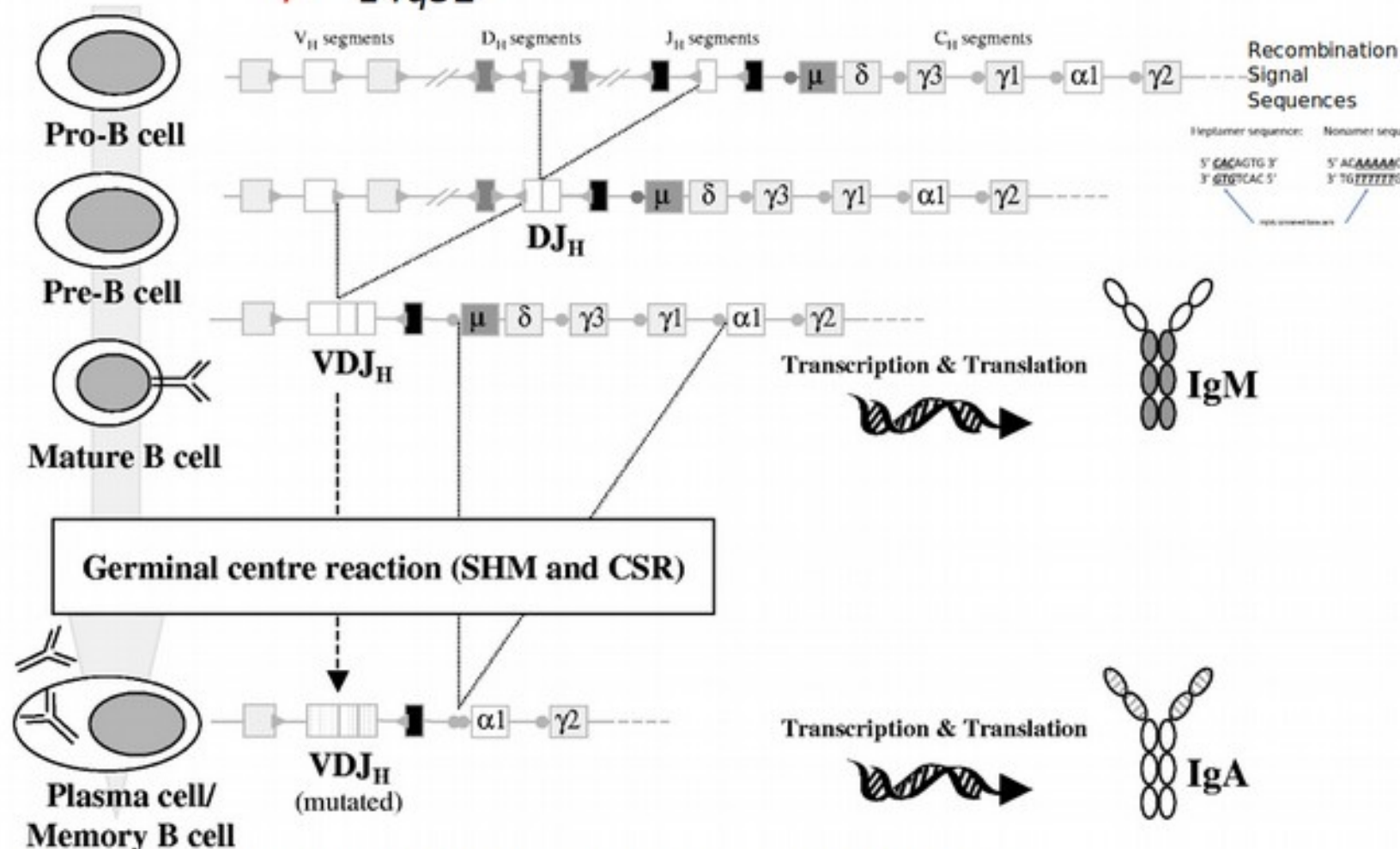
FR or CDR	V _L	V _H	V _α	V _β	V _γ	V _δ
FR1	1–23	1–22	1–22	1–23	1–21	1–22
CDR1	24–34	31–35B	23–33	24–33	22–34	23–34A
FR2	35–49	36–49	34–47	34–49	35–49	35–49
CDR2	50–56	50–65	48–56	50–56	50–59	50–57
FR3	57–88	66–91	57–92	57–94	60–95	58–89
CDR3	89–97	95–102	93–105	95–107	96–107	90–105
FR4	98–107	103–113	106–116	108–116A	108–116C	106–116

Soru: Bir memelide kaç farklı genom bulunur?

$10^{11} - 10^{12}$

Ama nasıl?

14q32



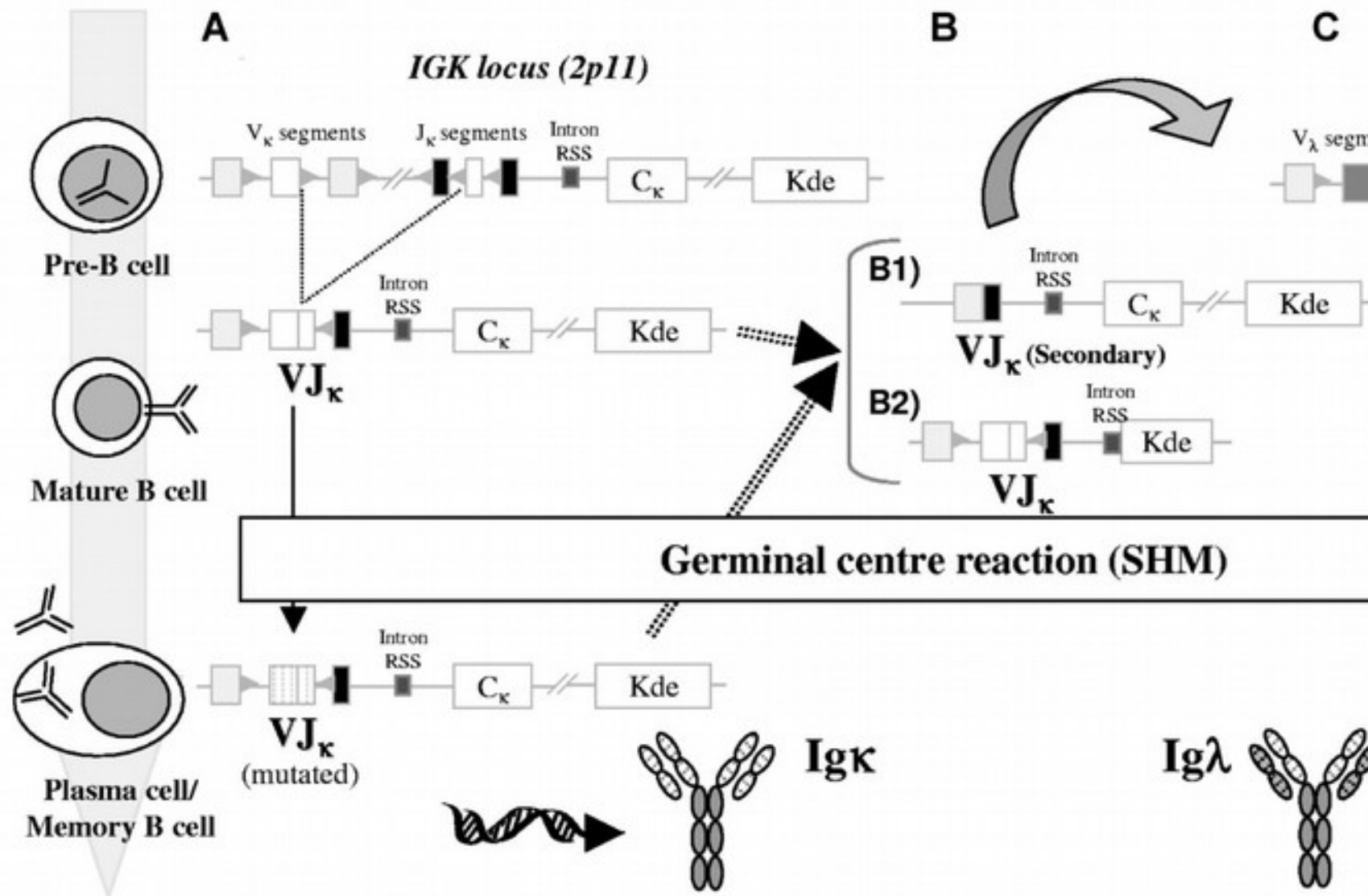
As beligen olmanın 2. beligen olmanın 10. sınıf

CDR-H1
Sınıf 1 → 10 yıl
Sınıf 2 → ?
Sınıf 3 → 11 yıl
Sınıf 4 → 12 yıl

FRs and CDRs of A_H

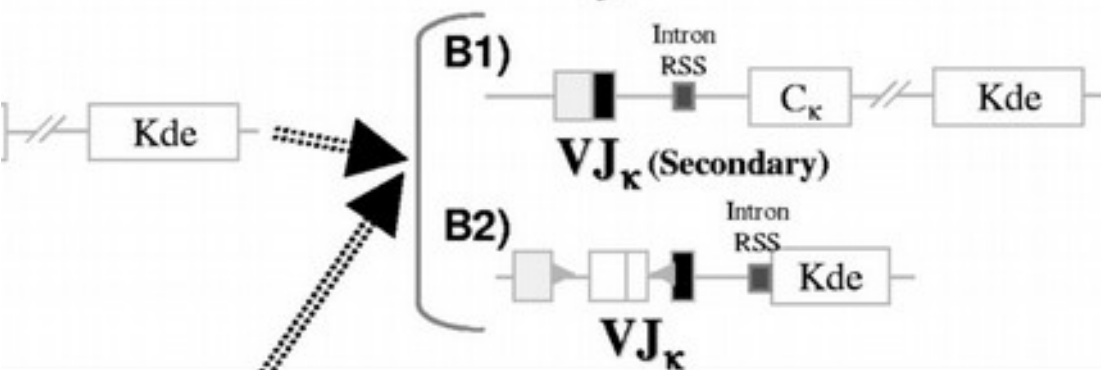
FR or CDR	V _L
FR1	1-23
CDR1	24-34
FR2	35-49
CDR2	50-56
FR3	57-88
CDR3	89-97
FR4	98-107

Immunoglobulin gene rearrangements and the pathogenesis of multiple myeloma
 David González, Mirjam van der Burg, Ramón García-Sanz, James A. Fenton, Anton W. Langerak, Marcos González, Jacques J. M. van Dongen, Jesus F. San Miguel and Gareth I. Morgan. Blood 2007 110:3112-3121

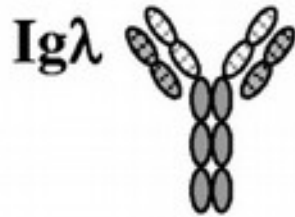
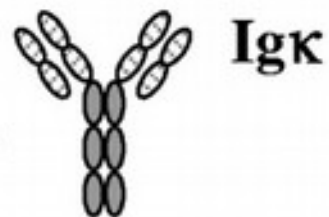
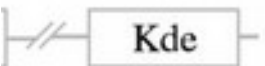


κ (*2p11*)

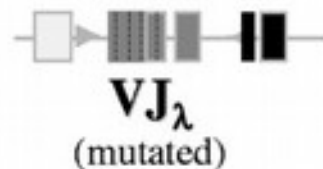
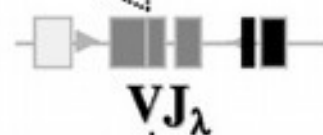
B



Germinal centre reaction (SHM)



C

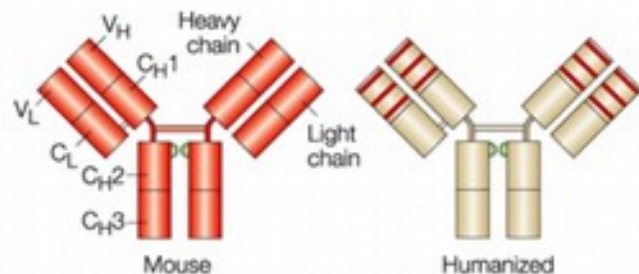
IGL locus (*22q11*)**VDJ recombination**

- recombination
- terminal deoxy
- Artemis nuclea
- joining (NHE
- DNA-depende
- X-ray repair cr
- DNA ligase IV
- Cernunnos or
- end-joining
- Paralog of XRC
- DNA polymera

VDJ recombinaise

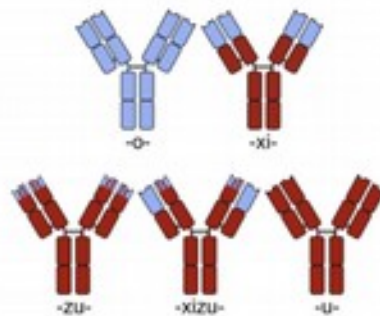
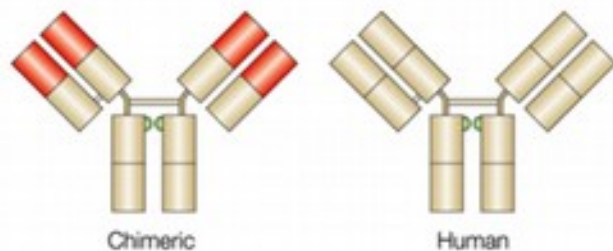
- recombination activating genes 1 and 2 (RAG)
- terminal deoxynucleotidyl transferase (TdT)
- Artemis nuclease (ubiquitous non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) pathway for DNA repair)
- DNA-dependent protein kinase (DNA-PK)
- X-ray repair cross-complementing protein 4 (XRCC4)
- DNA ligase IV
- Cernunnos or XRCC4-like factor [XLF]: non-homologous end-joining factor 1
- Paralog of XRCC4 and XLF (PAXX)
- DNA polymerases λ and μ

"Magic Bullet"



immünojenisite

Biyolojik
fonksiyon



Hümanizasyon derecelerine
göre isimlendirme

Nature Reviews | Cancer

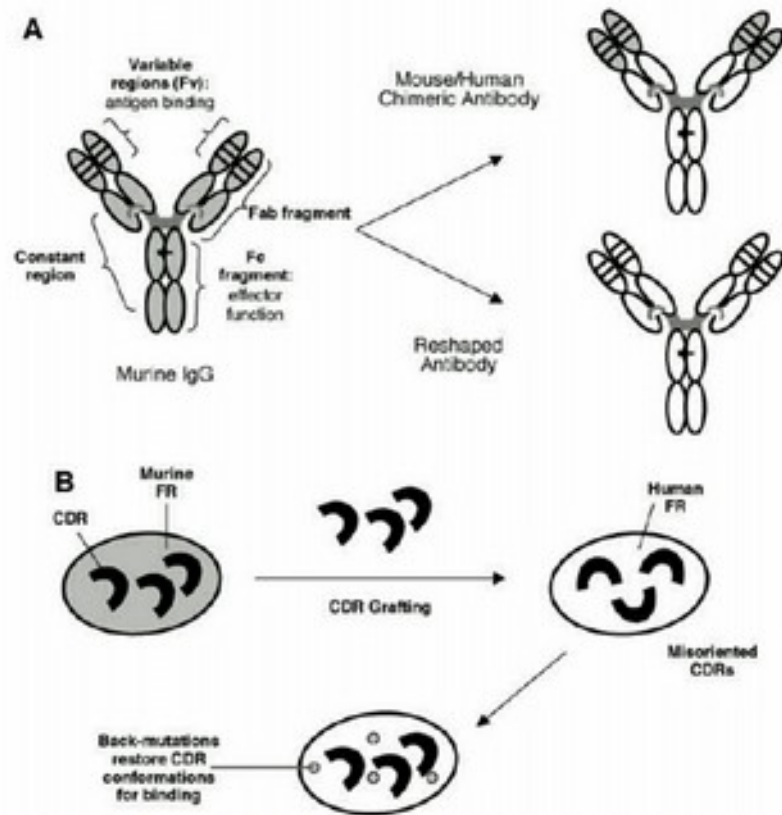
ilk önceliğimiz: **HÜMANİZASYON**



Tüm b...
konfor...

O hald...
gereks...

x



Tüm bu manipölasyonlar, "orijinal" konformasyonu bozuyor :/

1

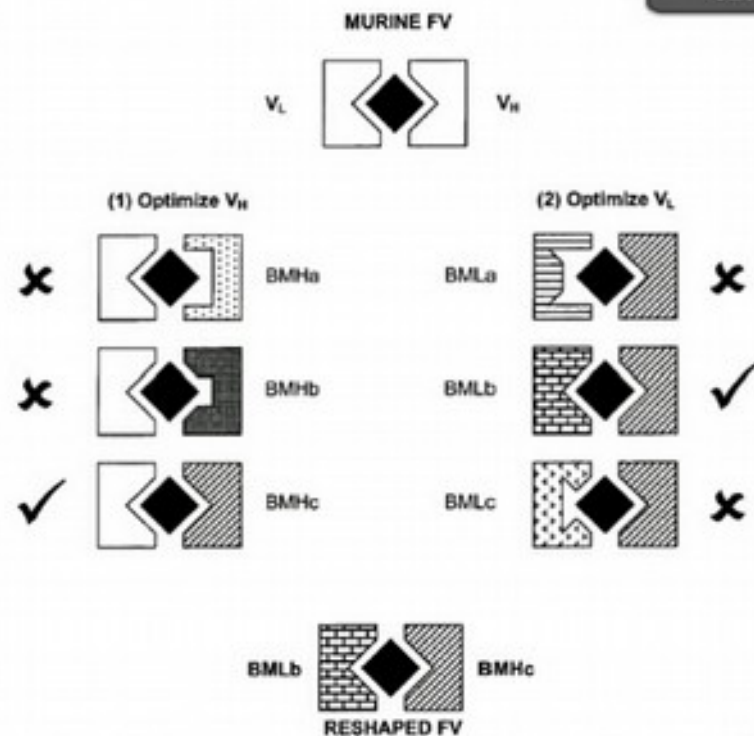
Brand
Humulin
Humatrope
Genotropin
Saizen
Nutropin/Protropin
Intron A &
Avonex
Betaseron/Betaferon
Procrit/Eporex
Epogen
NeoRecormon
Kogenate
NovoSeven
Benefix
Fabrazyme
Replagal
Pulmozyme
Activase/Actilyse

Brand

ojenisite

lojik
siyon

O halde ciddi bir optimizasyona
gereksinim var!



4

3

Yıllar içinde biyolojik peptid ilaçlar...

1

Brand	Generic	Company	Therapeutic category	Indications
Humulin	Insulin	Eli Lilly	Diabetes	Diabetes
Humatrope	Recombinant Somatropin	Eli Lilly	Hormones	Growth failure
Genotropin	Somatropin	Pfizer	Hormones	Growth failure
Saizen	Somatropin	Serono	Hormones	Growth failure
Nutropin/Protropin	Somatropin/Somatrem	Genentech	Hormones	Growth failure
Intron A &	Interferon alpha-2b/	Schering-Plough	Anti-infective	Viral infections
Avonex	Interferon beta-1a	Biogen Idec	Multiple sclerosis	Chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy
Betaseron/Betaferon	Interferon beta-1b	Schering AG	Multiple sclerosis	Multiple sclerosis
Procrit/Eprex	Epoetin alpha	J&J	Blood modifier	Anaemia
Epogen	Epoetin alpha	Amgen	Blood modifier	Anaemia
NeoRecormon	Epoetin beta	Roche	Blood modifier	Anaemia
Kogenate	Factor VIII	Bayer	Blood modifier	Haemophilia
NovoSeven	Factor VIIa	Novo Nordisk	Blood modifier	Haemophilia
Benefix	Factor IX	Wyeth	Blood modifier	Haemophilia
Fabrazyme	Agalsidase beta	Genzyme	Enzymes	Fabry disease
Replagal	Agalsidase alfa	TKT Europe	Enzymes	Fabry disease
Pulmozyme	Dornase alpha	Genentech	Enzymes	Cystic fibrosis
Activase/Actilyse	Alteplase	Genentech	Blood factor	Myocardial infarction

<http://laborant.pl/index.php/recombinant-protein-therapeutics-the-future-is-here>

<http://laborant.pl/index.php/recombinant-protein-therapeutics-the-future-is-here>

Brand	Generic	Company	Therapeutic category	Indications
Humalog/Liprolog	insulin lispro,	Eli Lilly	Diabetes	Diabetes
Lantus	Glargine insulin	Sanofi-Aventis	Diabetes	Diabetes
Levemir	Datemir insulin	Novo Nordisk	Diabetes	Diabetes
Pegasys	Pegylated interferon alpha-2a	Roche	Interferon	Hepatitis C
Peg-Intron	Pegylated interferon alpha-2a	Schering Plough	Interferon	Hepatitis C
Aranesp	Darbepoetin alpha	Amgen	Blood modifier	Anaemia
Neulasta	PEG-Filgrastim	Amgen	Blood modifier	Neutropenia
ReFacto	Factor VIII	Wyeth	Blood modifier	Haemophilia
Amevive	alefacept	Biogen Idec.	Inflammation/Bone	Plaque psoriasis
Enbrel	Etanercept	Amgen	Anti-arthritic	Arthritis
Ontak	rIL2-diphtheria toxin	Ligand Pharmaceuticals	Cancer	Cancer

<http://laborant.pl/index.php/recombinant-protein-therapeutics-the-future-is-here>

Brand	Generic	Company	Therapeutic category	Indications
ReoPro	Abciximab	Eli Lilly	Blood modifier	Acute coronary syndrome
Rituximab	rituximab	Genentech	Cancer	Non-Hodgkin's

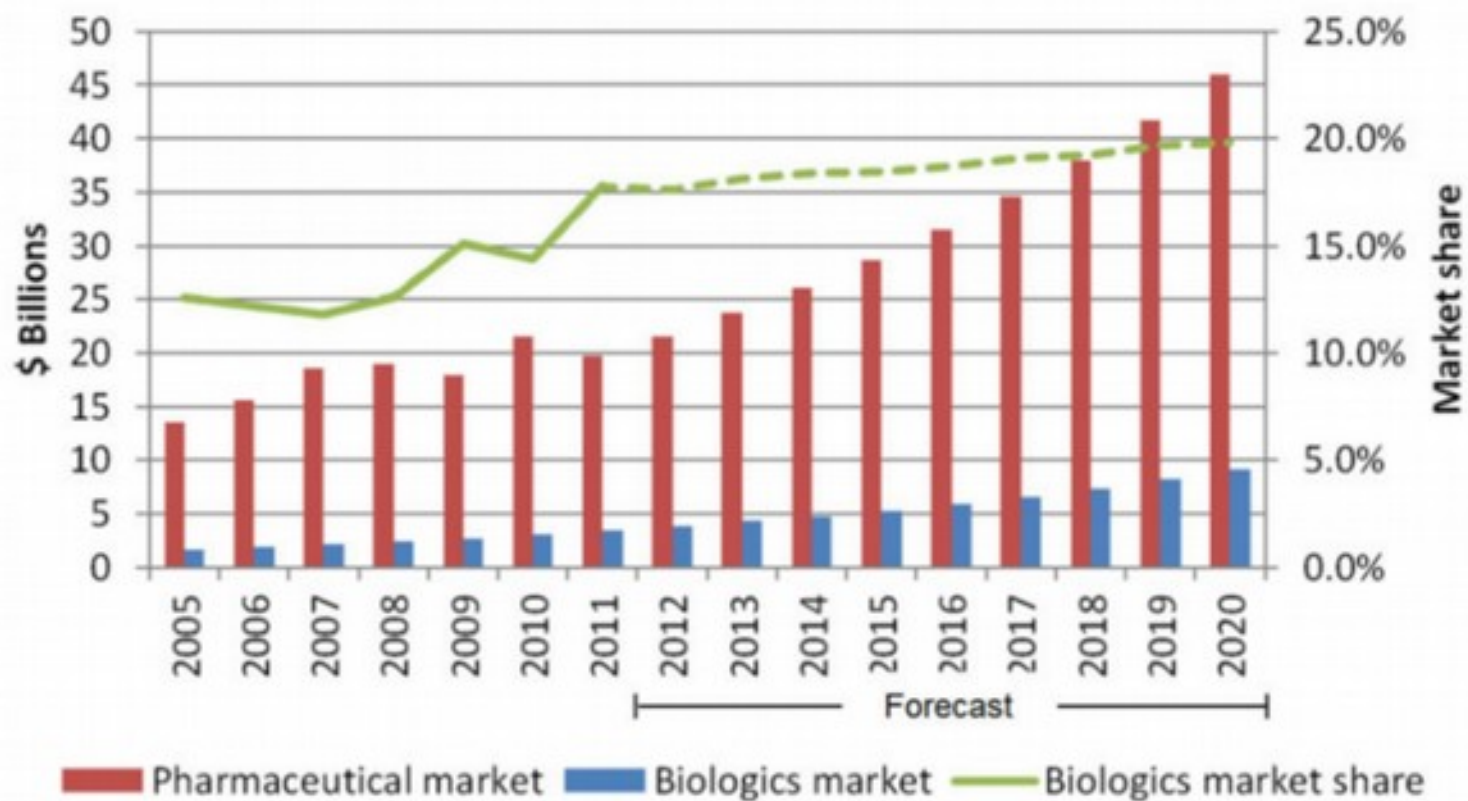
Enbrel	Etanercept	Amgen	Anti-arthritis	Arthritis
Ontak	rIL2-diphtheria toxin	Ligand Pharmaceuticals	Cancer	Cancer

<http://laborant.pl/index.php/recombinant-protein-therapeutics-the-future-is-here>

3

Brand	Generic	Company	Therapeutic category	Indications
ReoPro	Abciximab	Eli Lilly	Blood modifier	Acute coronary syndrome
Rituxan	rituxumab	Genentech	Cancer	Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma
Herceptin	Trastuzumab	Genentech	Cancer	Breast cancer
Synagis	Palivizumab	MedImmune	Respiratory	Respiratory syncytial virus
Campath	Alemtuzumab	Schering AG	Cancer	Non-Hodgkin's lymphoma
Humira	Adalimumab	Abbott Labs	Anti-arthritis	Rheumatoid arthritis
Xolair	Omalizumab	Genentech	Respiratory diseases	Paediatric asthma, peanut allergies
Erbix	Cetuximab	Imclone Systems	Cancer	Colon cancer
Avastin	Bevacizumab	Genentech	Cancer	Colon cancer

<http://laborant.pl/index.php/recombinant-protein-therapeutics-the-future-is-here>



http://www.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/eng/about/planning_reporting/evaluation/2014_2015/hht.html

Geldiğimiz noktada

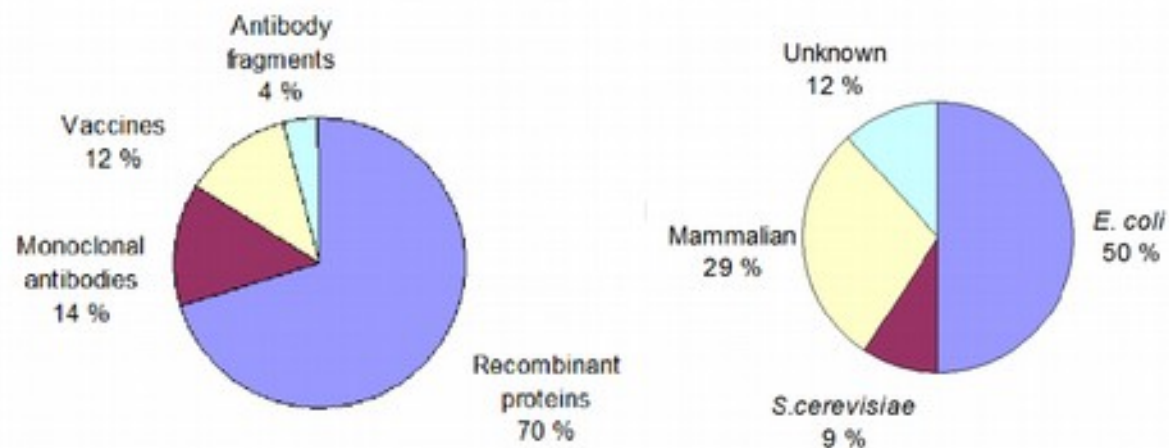


Table 1. The different biopharmaceutical products (Walsh, 2006).

Recombinant proteins

- Blood factors (e.g. Factor VIII)
- Thrombolytic agents (e.g. tissue plasminogen activator)
- Hormones (e.g. insulin, growth hormones)
- Growth factors (e.g. erythropoietin)
- Interferons (e.g. interferon- α)
- Interleukin-based products

is-here

Monoclonal antibodies and antibody fragments

Vaccines

Nucleic-acid based products

Therapeutic enzymes

tein 4 (XRCC4)

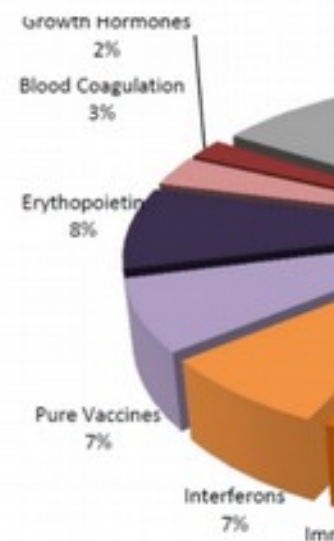
non-homologous

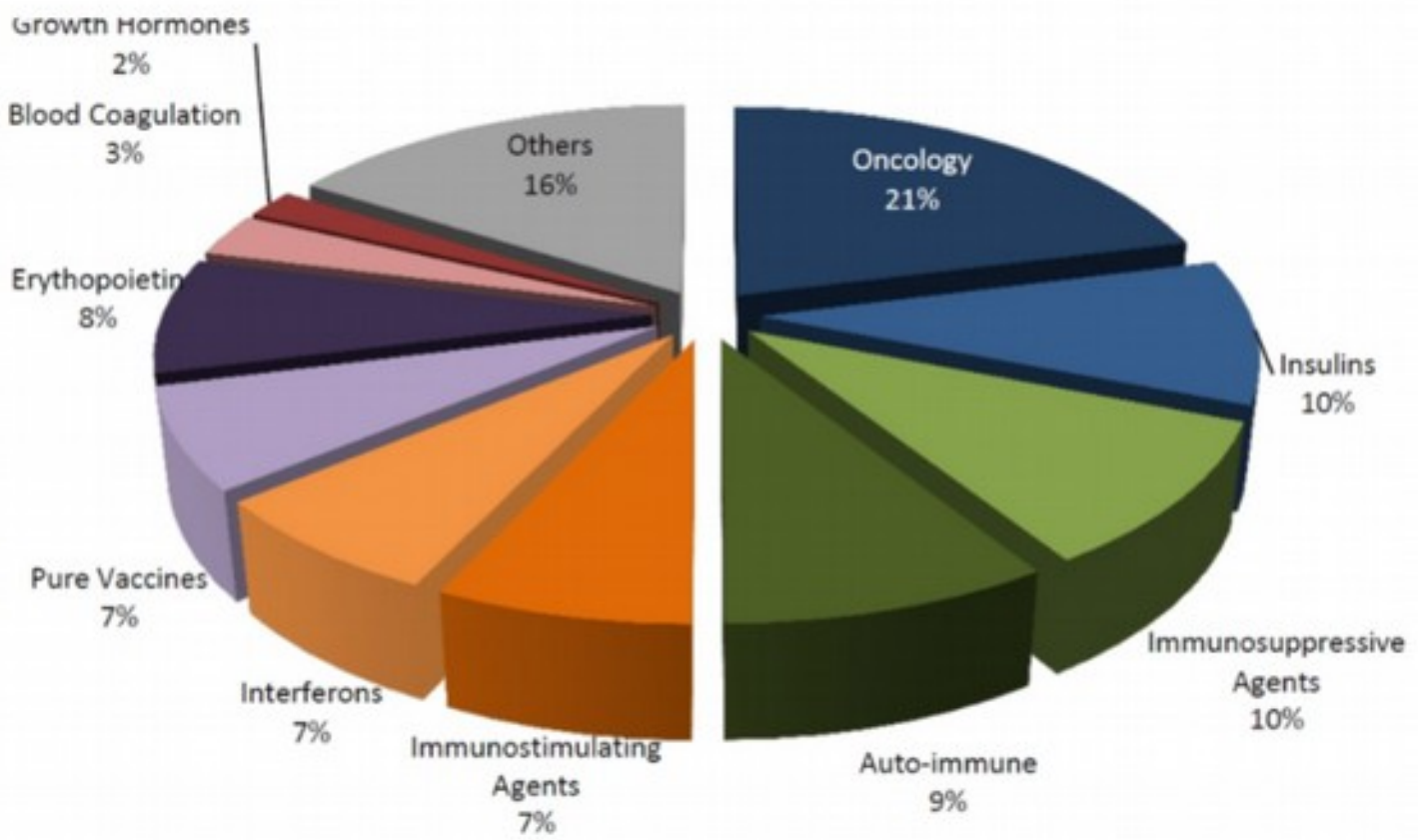


Vaccines

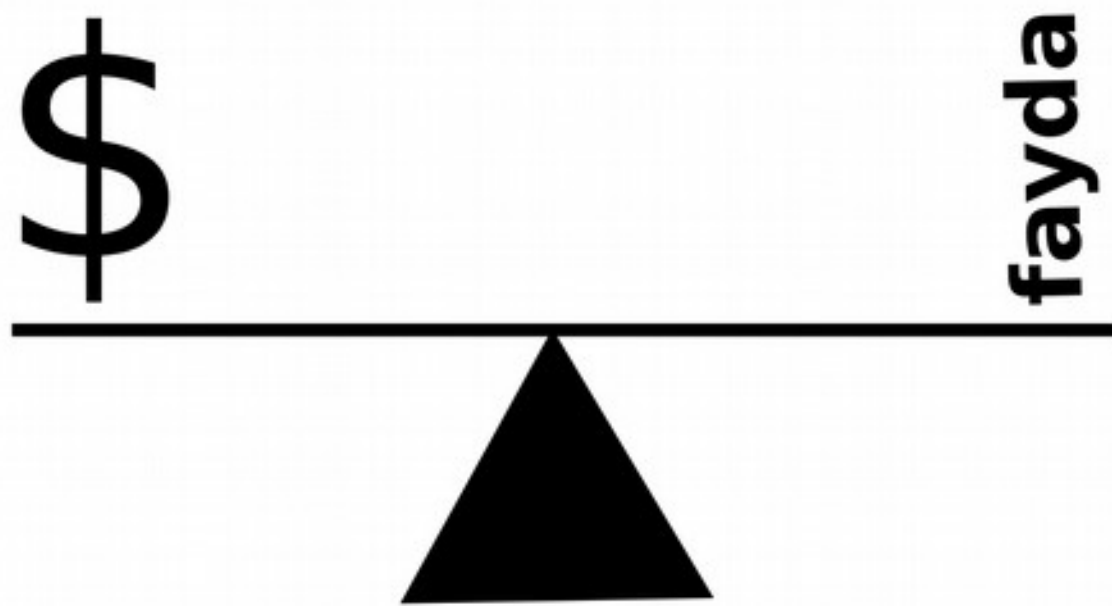
Nucleic-acid based pro

Therapeutic enzymes





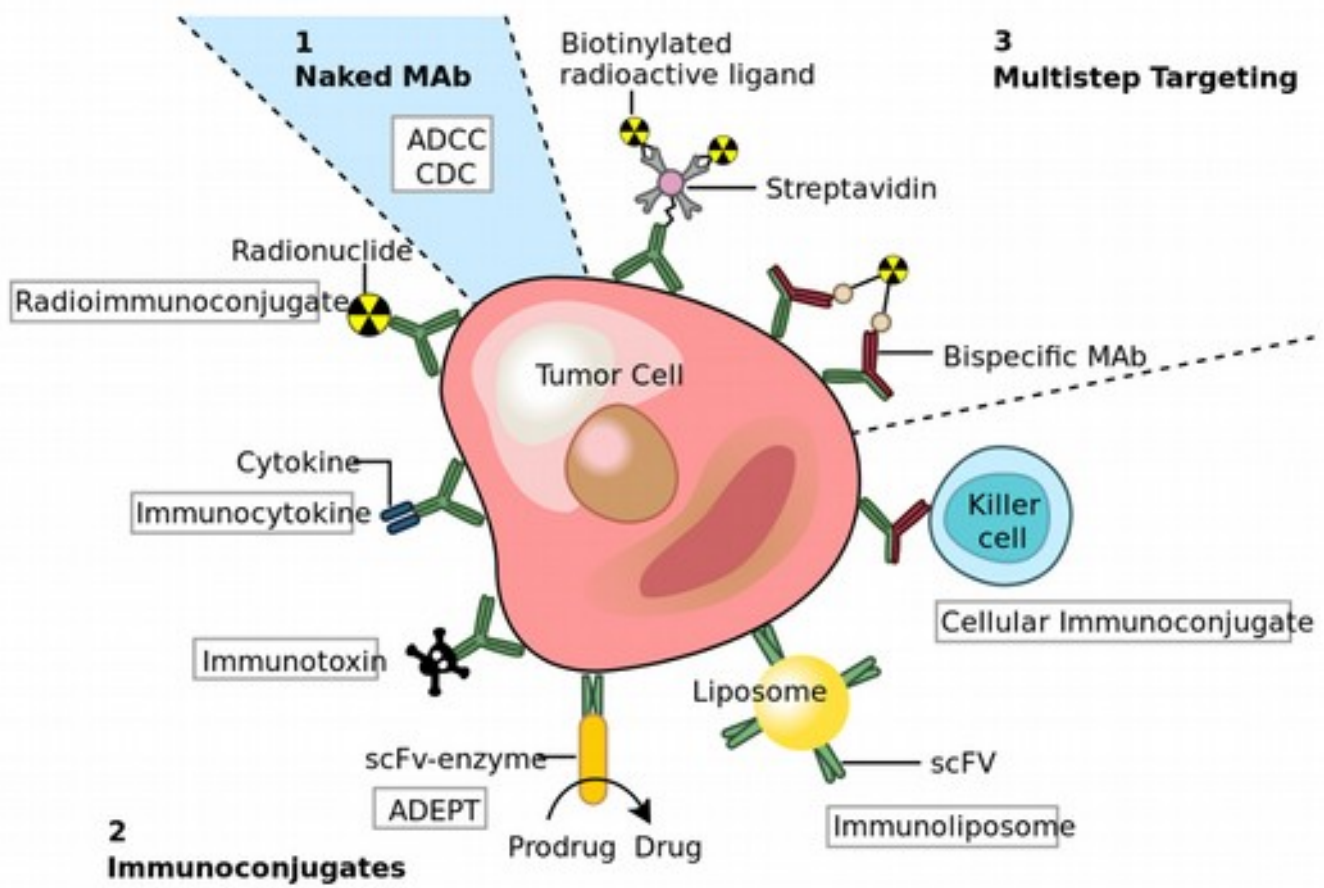
Ne kadar "sihirli"?!?

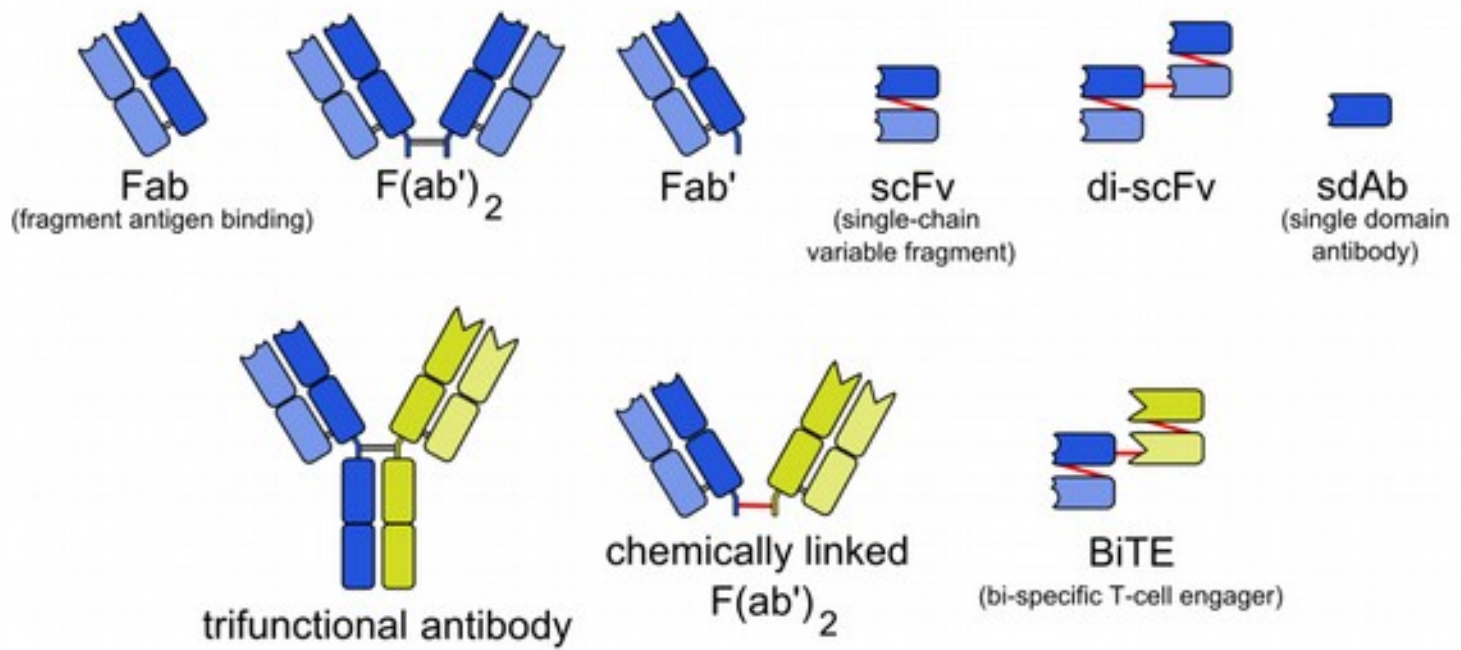


solins
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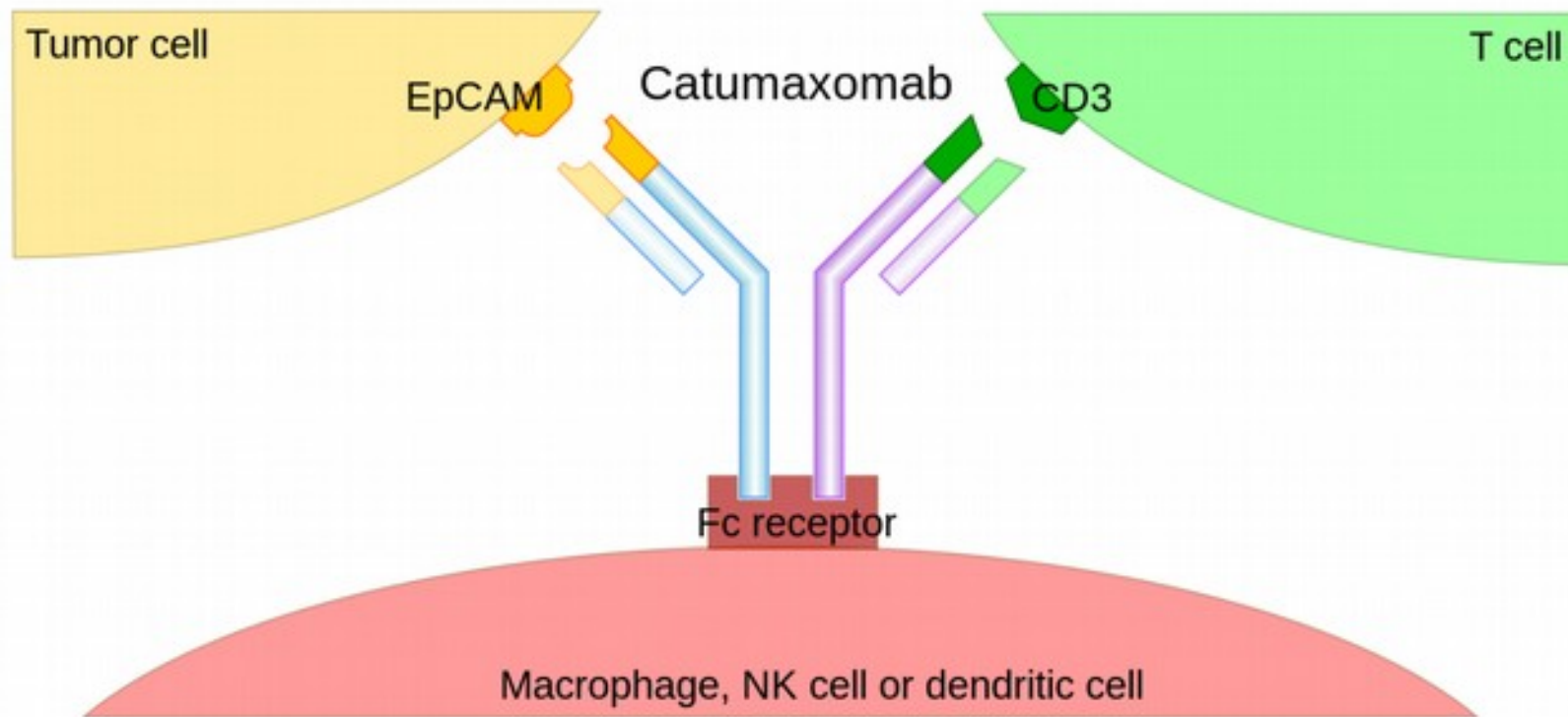
Daha yaratıcı kombinasyonlar...





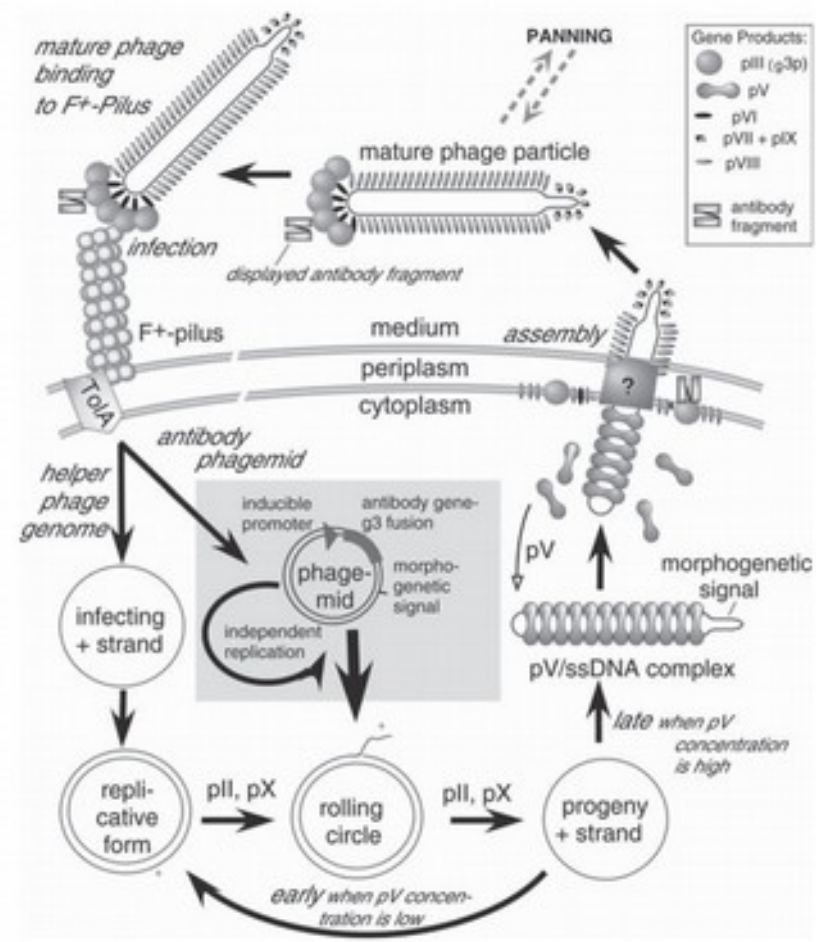
daha küçük... daha kompakt... hücre içi hedefler?
çoklu hedefleme...



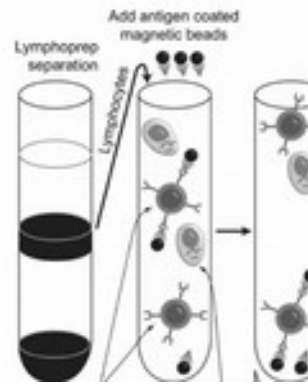


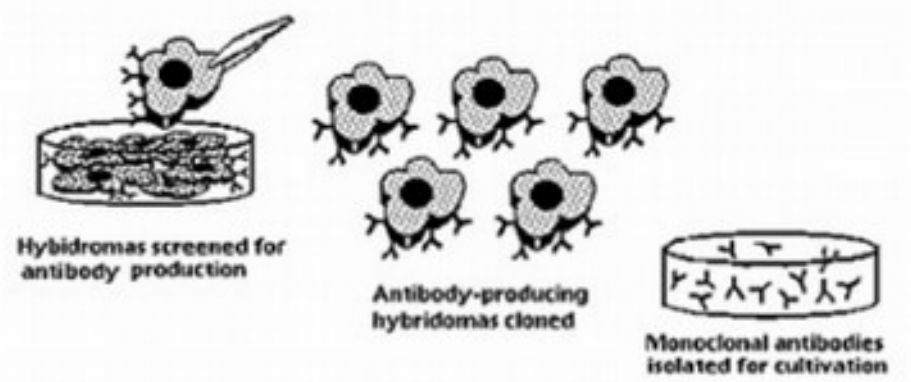
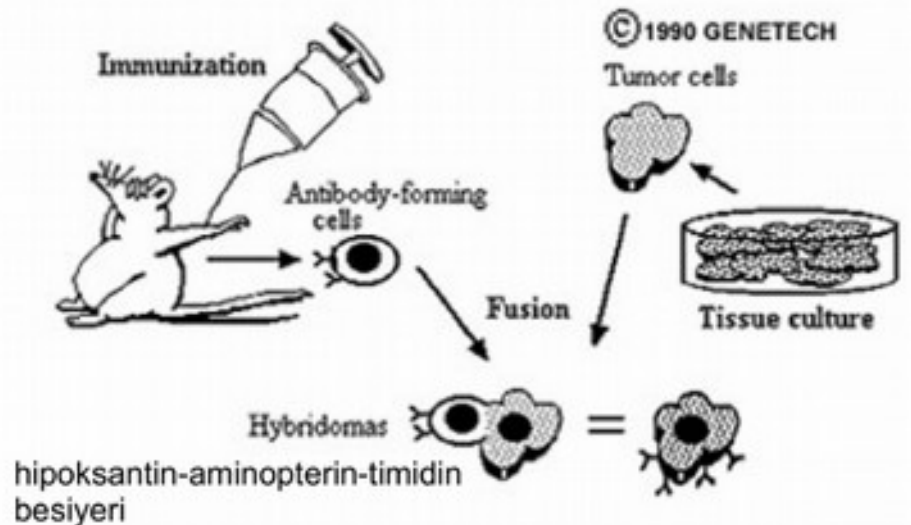
çoklu hedefleme...

Eski bir dosttan yardım...



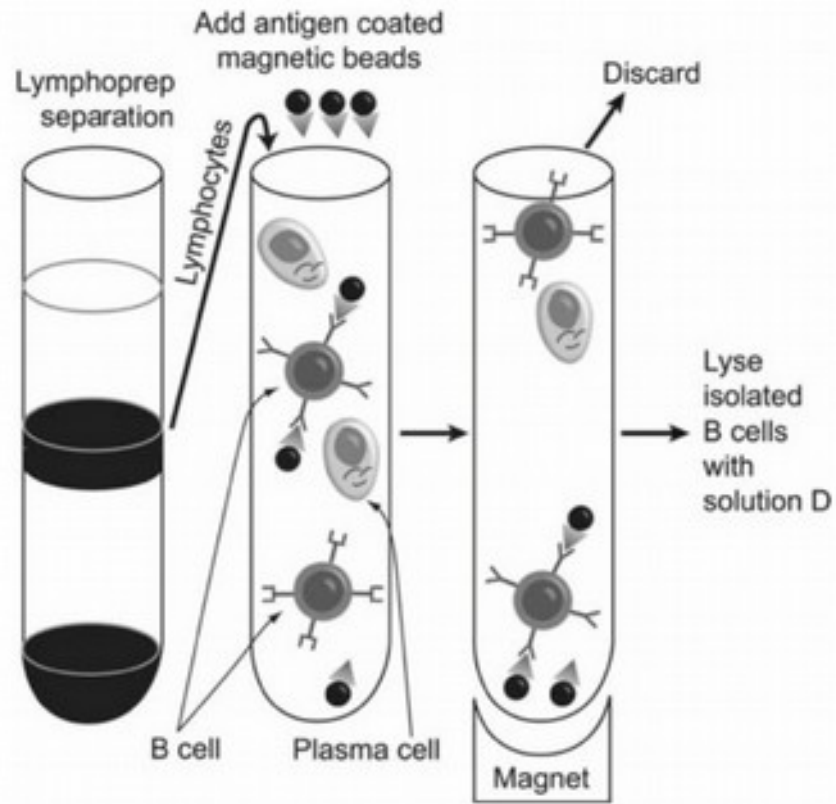
hibridoma teknoloji
ya da
dolaşımdan B-hücre

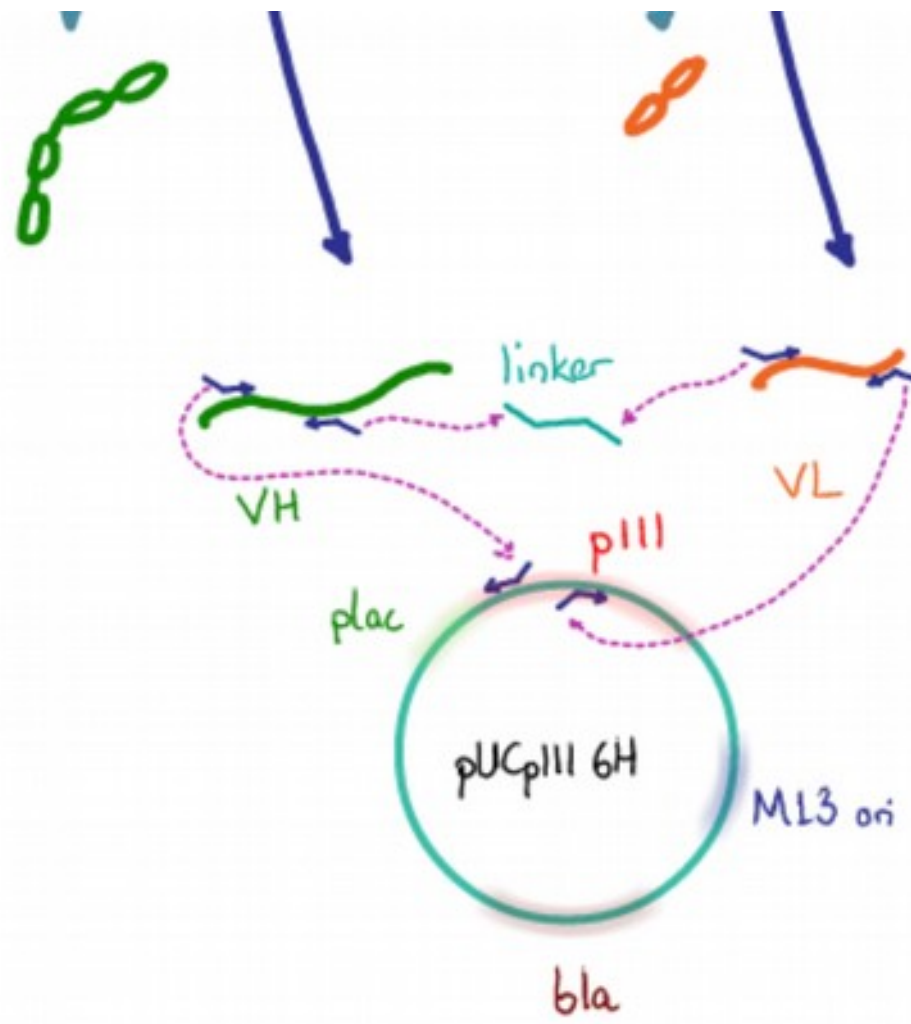




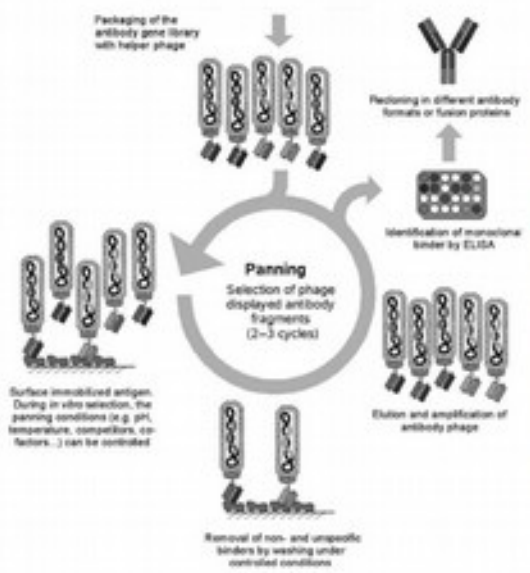
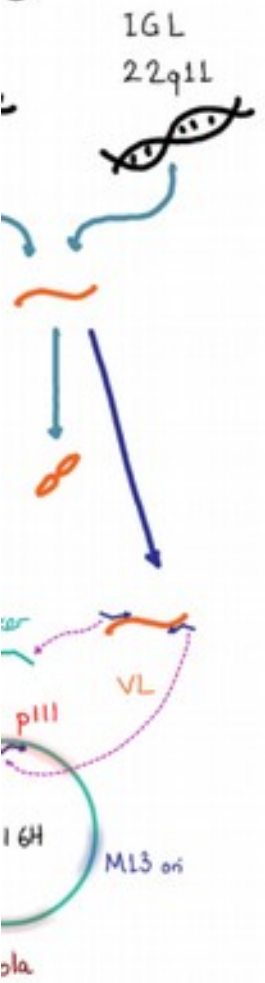
hibridoma teknolojisi

ya da dolaşımdan B-hücresi hasatı...





Surfactant
During
pannini
tempo
factor



Heavy Forward _____
GAGTCATTCT Tgc
mHF1: 5'-GAGTCATTCT g

(-c) konstraktı için u
Heavy Forward
GAGTCATTCTg
mHF1-c: 5'-GAGTCATTCTg
mHF2-c: 5'-GAGTCATTCTg
mHF3-c: 5'-GAGTCATTCTg
mHF4-c: 5'-GAGTCATTCTg

Sadece Light Chain var
Light Forward
Linker
S G G
mLF1: 5'-AGA GCC GCC T

pdLF:
NotI ^
TTCT gcg gcc gcA A
R G C
pdLF: 5'-TTCTgcggccgcA

Sadece Heavy Chain var
Linker
G G G
mHR1: 5'-GCG GGC GGT G

pdHR:
Sali G G
TTCT gt cga CTG GGC GG
R R L ^
pdHR: 5'-TTCTgtcgactGG

14q32
IGH



IGK
2p11



IGL
22q11

