

### Example 5.3.1

Calculate the transmittance, reflectance and absorptance of a single glass cover 1.3mm thick at an angle of  $60^\circ$ . The extinction coefficient of the glass is  $32\text{ m}^{-1}$ .

#### Solution

At an incidence angle of  $60^\circ$ , the extinction coefficient optical pathlength product is

$$\frac{KL}{\cos \theta_2} = \frac{32 \times 0.0023}{\cos 34.58} = 0.0894$$

where  $34.58$  is the refraction angle calculated in  $\theta_2 = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sin 60^\circ}{1.526}\right)$   
The transmittance  $\tau_a$  from

$$\tau_a = \frac{I_{\text{transmitted}}}{I_{\text{incident}}} = \exp\left(-\frac{KL}{\cos \theta_2}\right)$$

$\underbrace{\phantom{\exp\left(-\frac{KL}{\cos \theta_2}\right)}}$   
0.0894

$$\tau_a = \exp(-0.0894) = 0.915$$

The approximate equations can also be used to find these properties.

$$\text{From } \tau \approx \tau_a \cdot \tau_r, \quad \tau_r = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1 - r_{||}}{1 + r_{||}} + \frac{1 - r_{\perp}}{1 + r_{\perp}} \right)$$

$$\tau = \frac{0.915}{2} \left( \frac{1 - 0.185}{1 + 0.185} + \frac{1 - 0.001}{1 + 0.001} \right) = 0.771$$

From  $a \approx 1 - \tau_a$ , the absorptance is

$$a = 1 - 0.915 = 0.085$$