

EEE201

Circuit Analysis II

Ankara University

Faculty of Engineering

Electrical and Electronics Engineering Department

Balanced Three-Phase Circuits

EEE201 Circuit Analysis II

Lecture 8

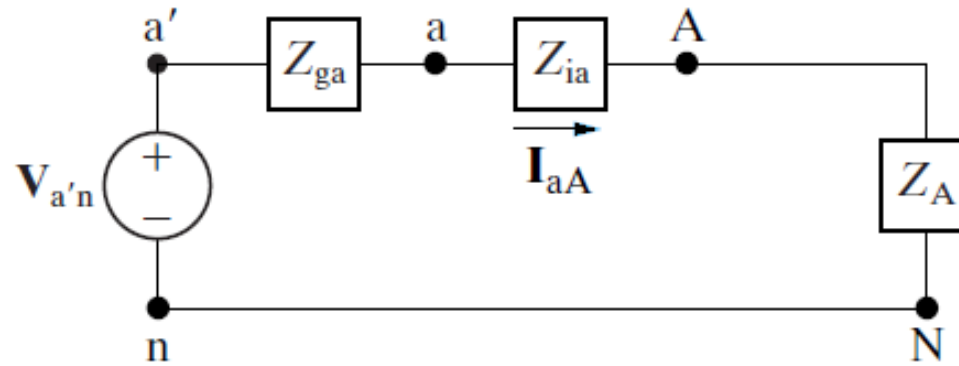
Agenda

- Y- Δ Circuit
- Power Calculations in a Balanced Y Load
- Power Calculations in a Balanced Δ Load

Y- Δ Circuit

$$Z_Y = \frac{Z_{\Delta}}{3}$$

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Single-phase equivalent circuit

Y-Δ Circuit

Phase currents:

$$I_{AB} = I_{\phi} \angle 0^{\circ}$$

$$I_{BC} = I_{\phi} \angle -120^{\circ}$$

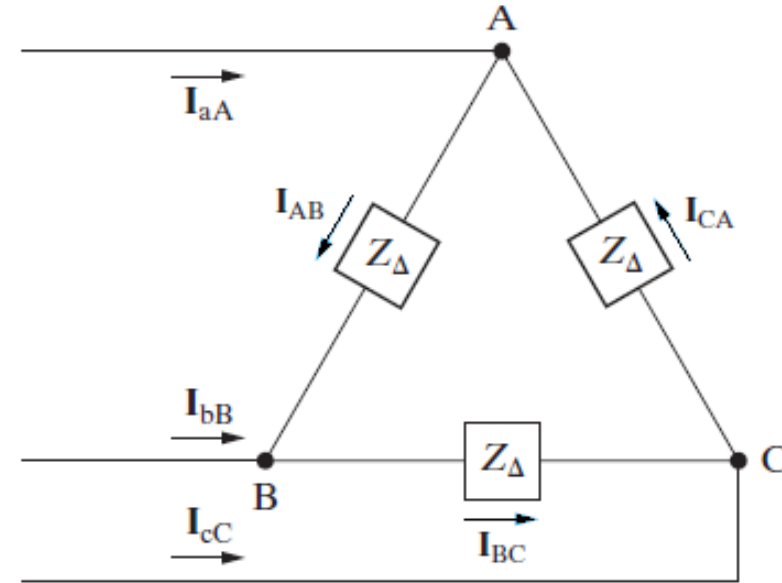
$$I_{CA} = I_{\phi} \angle +120^{\circ}$$

Line currents:

$$I_{aA} = \sqrt{3}I_{\phi} \angle -30^{\circ}$$

$$I_{bB} = \sqrt{3}I_{\phi} \angle -150^{\circ}$$

$$I_{cC} = \sqrt{3}I_{\phi} \angle +90^{\circ}$$



Power Calculations in a Balanced Y Load

Average power in terms of the phase voltage and current:

$$V_{\phi} = |\mathbf{V}_{AN}| = |\mathbf{V}_{BN}| = |\mathbf{V}_{CN}|$$

$$I_{\phi} = |\mathbf{I}_{aA}| = |\mathbf{I}_{bB}| = |\mathbf{I}_{cC}|$$

$$\theta_{\phi} = \theta_{vA} - \theta_{iA} = \theta_{vB} - \theta_{iB} = \theta_{vC} - \theta_{iC}$$

$$P_A = P_B = P_C = P_{\phi} = V_{\phi} I_{\phi} \cos \theta_{\phi}$$

Power Calculations in a Balanced Y Load

Total average power:

$$P_T = 3P_\phi = 3V_\phi I_\phi \cos \theta_\phi$$

Total average power in terms of the line voltage and current:

$$P_T = \sqrt{3}V_L I_L \cos \theta_\phi$$

Power Calculations in a Balanced Y Load

Reactive power:

$$Q_{\phi} = V_{\phi} I_{\phi} \sin \theta_{\phi}$$

$$Q_T = 3Q_{\phi} = \sqrt{3}V_L I_L \sin \theta_{\phi}$$

Complex power:

$$S_{\phi} = P_{\phi} + jQ_{\phi} = \mathbf{V}_{\phi} \mathbf{I}_{\phi}^*$$

$$S_T = 3S_{\phi} = \sqrt{3}V_L I_L \angle \theta_{\phi}^{\circ}$$

Power Calculations in a Balanced Δ Load

Average power in terms of the phase voltage and current:

$$V_{\phi} = |\mathbf{V}_{AB}| = |\mathbf{V}_{BC}| = |\mathbf{V}_{CA}|$$

$$I_{\phi} = |\mathbf{I}_{AB}| = |\mathbf{I}_{BC}| = |\mathbf{I}_{CA}|$$

$$\theta_{\phi} = \theta_{v_{AB}} - \theta_{i_{AB}} = \theta_{v_{BC}} - \theta_{i_{BC}} = \theta_{v_{CA}} - \theta_{i_{CA}}$$

$$P_A = P_B = P_C = P_{\phi} = V_{\phi} I_{\phi} \cos \theta_{\phi}$$

Power Calculations in a Balanced Δ Load

Total average power:

$$P_T = 3P_\phi = 3V_\phi I_\phi \cos \theta_\phi$$

Total average power in terms of the line voltage and current:

$$P_T = \sqrt{3}V_L I_L \cos \theta_\phi$$

Power Calculations in a Balanced Δ Load

Reactive power:

$$Q_{\phi} = V_{\phi} I_{\phi} \sin \theta_{\phi}$$

$$Q_T = 3Q_{\phi} = 3V_{\phi} I_{\phi} \sin \theta_{\phi}$$

Complex power:

$$S_{\phi} = P_{\phi} + jQ_{\phi} = \mathbf{V}_{\phi} \mathbf{I}_{\phi}^*$$

$$S_T = 3S_{\phi} = \sqrt{3}V_L I_L \angle \theta_{\phi}^{\circ}$$

Reference

- Electric Circuits, Tenth Edition, James W. Nilsson, Susan A. Riedel
Pearson, 2015