Thomas Rainer- renk ve doku etkisi bitkisel tasarımla yaratılan
Ucuz, hızlı ve en az malzeme ile yaratıcı tasarım
Yasadığın yeri cennet yapamadığın surece, kactığın her yer cehennemdir...
Higashimokoto flower park- Hokkaido/Japonya
PHLOX bitkisi - SUBULATA PARK
Takinoue park-Japonya
Takinoue Park_Japonya: 10 bin metrekarelik alan Phlox ile bitkilendirilmiştir.
Bonn da çiçeklenmiş kiraz ağaçları - Sokak peyzaji
Lavantalar- UK (Hartley park farm)
ÇinDe Kanola tarlası
10bin ve 250 çeşit kiraz ağacı ile Matumea park
Hitachi Kaihin Parkı- Japonya Kochia bitkisi
Caponi Art park
Danimarka’da oyun alanı (tasarım: Monstrum adında Danimarkalı şirket)
Danimarka’da oyun alanı
Park Güell-Barcelona (tasarım: Gaudi)
Kore- Rehabiliteli edilen nehir projesi
Lima’da hayalet tren parkı
Amsterdam’da terkedilmiş silo tırmanma alanı olarak tasarlanmıştır.
New York High line park
ARAYIŞLAR- ÇÖZÜMLER
ÖNCE
**solar collection dish**
reflective parabola collects sunlight

**tracking mechanism**
follows the path of the sun throughout the year

**helio tube**
fiberoptic cable channel sunlight through the street to subterranean subway stations

**dome**
reflects and distributes channelled sunlight

**green space**
underground sunlight sustains plants, trees and grass
The Lowline, = the Delancey Underground PARK
Dünyanın ilk yer altı parkı-lowline park
The remote skylight will use a reflective, parabolic solar collection dish outdoors to gather and concentrate sunlight. This dish will have a tracking mechanism so it can follow the sun across the sky. Fiber-optic cable will transmit captured solar radiation to the park; a series of domelike fixtures will use lenses and reflectors to distribute the light throughout the Lowline. The fiber-optic cables will allow Lowline organizers to set up as many remote skylight fixtures as they like.
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underground sunlight sustains plants, trees and grass
Even though the park design will be set below the street, the goal is to create a space that is far from a dark, dank and depressing destination. The ground-breaking design team is banking on a high-tech fiber optic lighting system to enable a green space that is bright, sunny and welcoming. The park will be equipped with extensive lighting units utilizing fiber optics to channel natural daylight to the depths below. Dozens of lamppost-like solar collectors will be placed on the Delancey Street to complete this task. And as a bonus, the system the designers envision will also filter out harmful ultraviolet and infrared light, but keeping the wavelengths used in photosynthesis to foster and nourish plant growth. Speaking to New York Magazine, Ramsey told reporters “We’re channeling sunlight the way they did in ancient Egyptian tombs, but in a supermodern way.”

Currently, the terminal is under the control of the MTA, but they have agreed to listen to the trio’s pitch – they have however made it clear they will not submit any funding for the construction of the park. The team will also have to present their proposal this Wednesday night to members of Community Board 3, who will give a ‘yay’ or ‘nay’ to the introduction of an underground park in the neighborhood.
Designed by architecture firm Grant Associates, Bay South is set to become Singapore’s largest garden project when it opens in 2011.

DİKEY BAHÇE KULESİ
Singapur da güneş enerjili ağaçlar-projenin uygulanmış hali