

**Thomas Rainer- renk ve doku etkisi bitkisel tasarımla yaratılan**



**Ucuz, hızlı ve en az malzeme ile yaratıcı tasarım**





**Yasadigin yeri cennet yapamadigin  
surece,kactigin her yer cehennemdir..**

Higashimokoto flower park- Hokkaido /Japonya













**PHLOX bitkisi- SUBULATA PARK**





## Takinoue park-Japonya



**Takinoue Park\_Japonya: 10 bin metrekarelilik alan Phlox ile bitkilendirilmiştir.**





Bonn da çiçeklenmiş kiraz ağaçları- Sokak peyzajı

**Lavantalar- UK (Hartley park farm)**



## ÇinDe Kanola tarlası



## **10bin ve 250 çeşit kiraz ağacı ile Matsumae park**





**Hitachi Kaihin Parkı- Japonya Kochia bitkisi**

## Caponi Art park



**Danimarka'da oyun alanı ( tasarımcı: Monstrum adında Danimarkalı şirket)**



# Danimarka'da oyun alanı









## **Park Güell-Barcelona (tasarım: Gaudi)**





## Kore- Rehabilite edilen nehir projesi



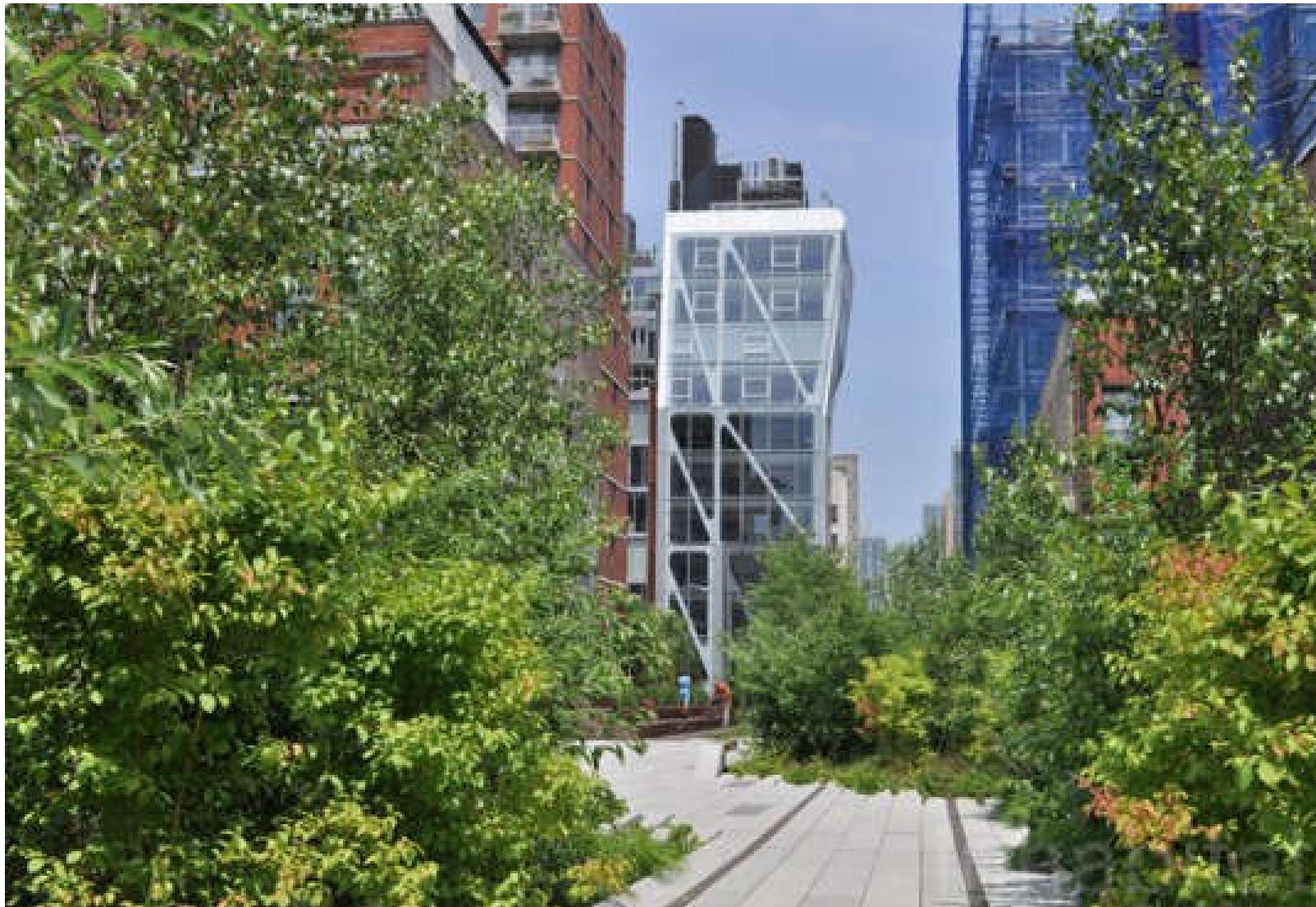
## Lima'da hayalet tren parkı



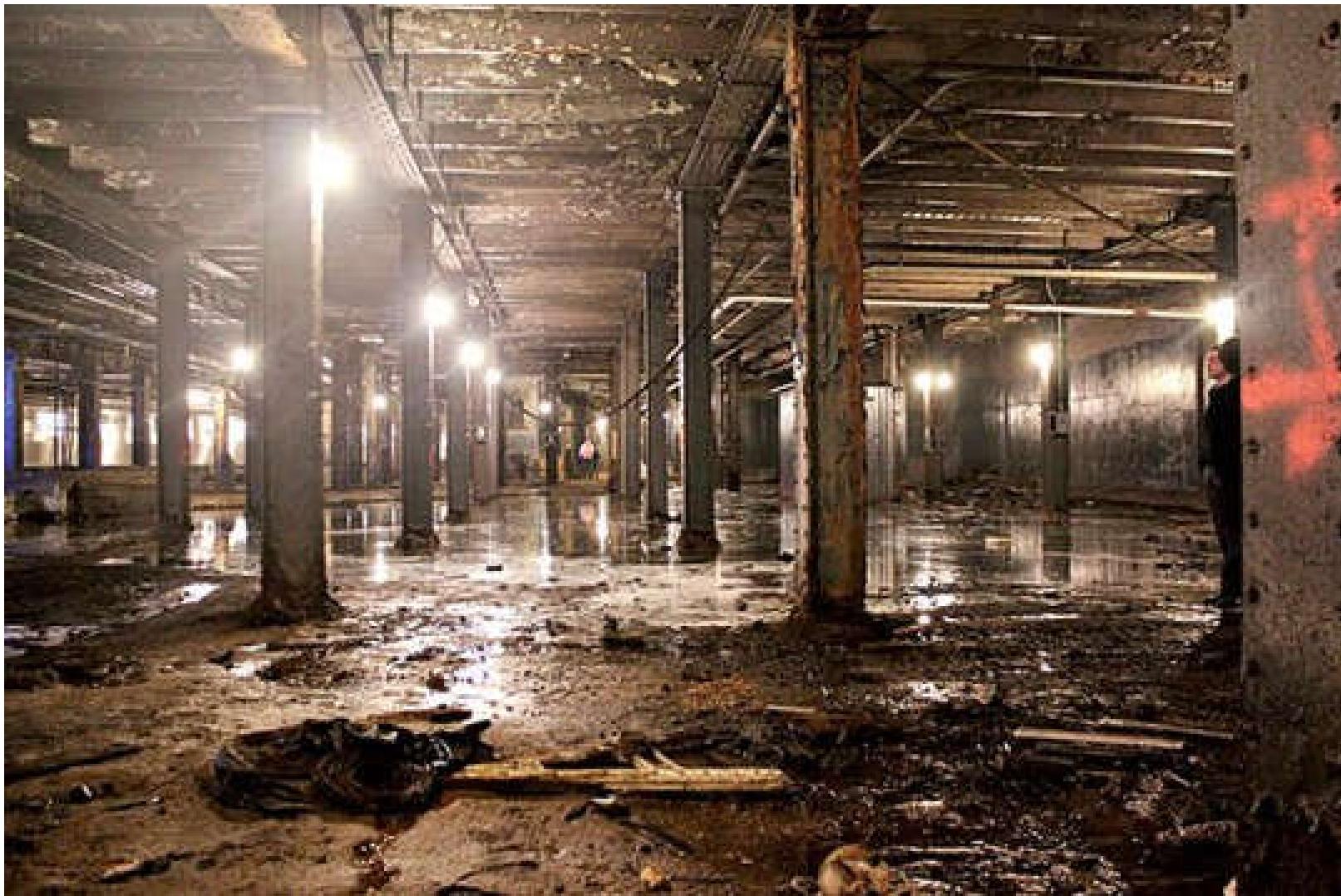
**Amsterdam'da terkedilmiş silo tırmanma alanı olarak tasarlanmıştır**



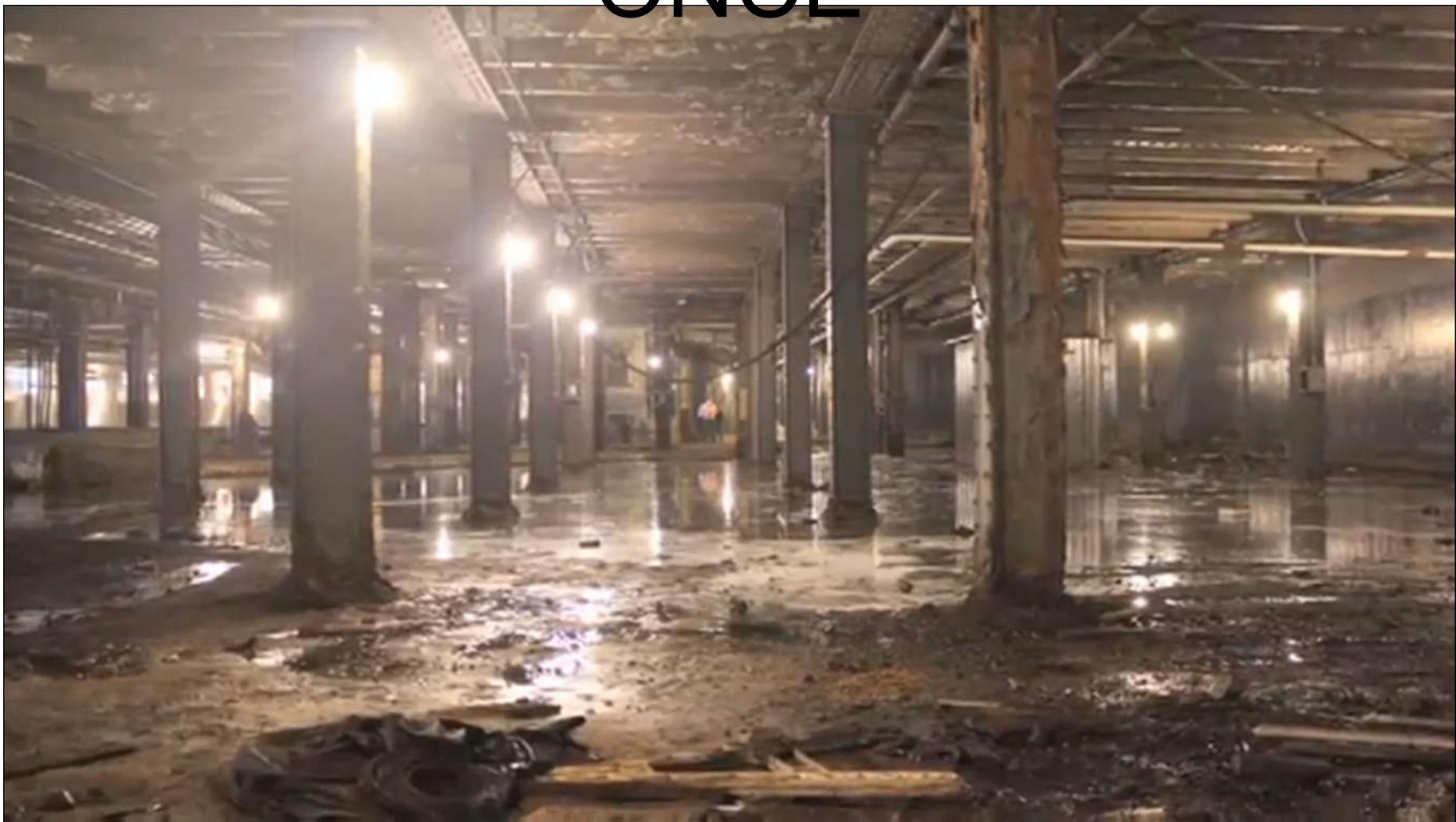
## New York High line park



# ARAYIŞLAR- ÇÖZÜMLER

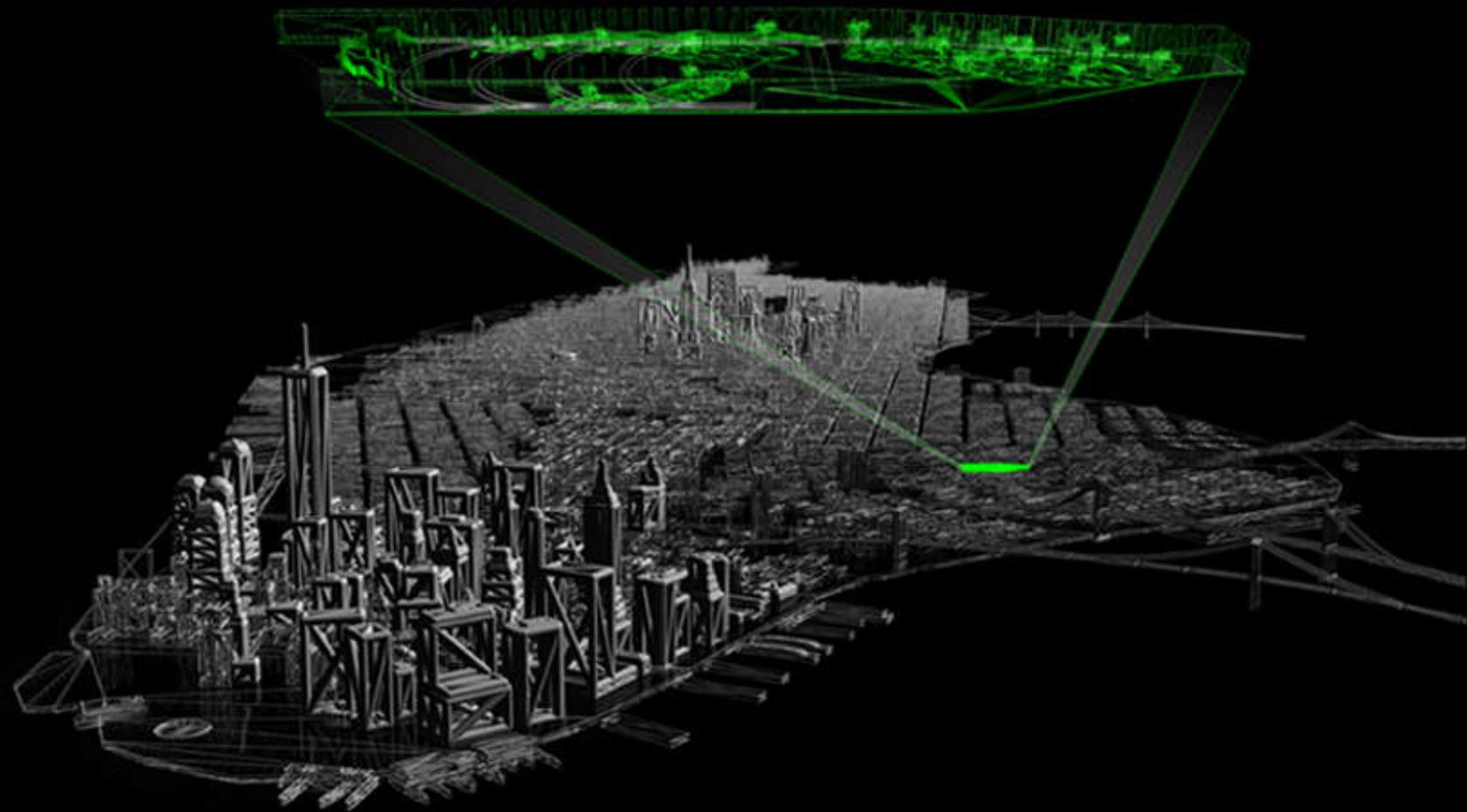


ÖNCE

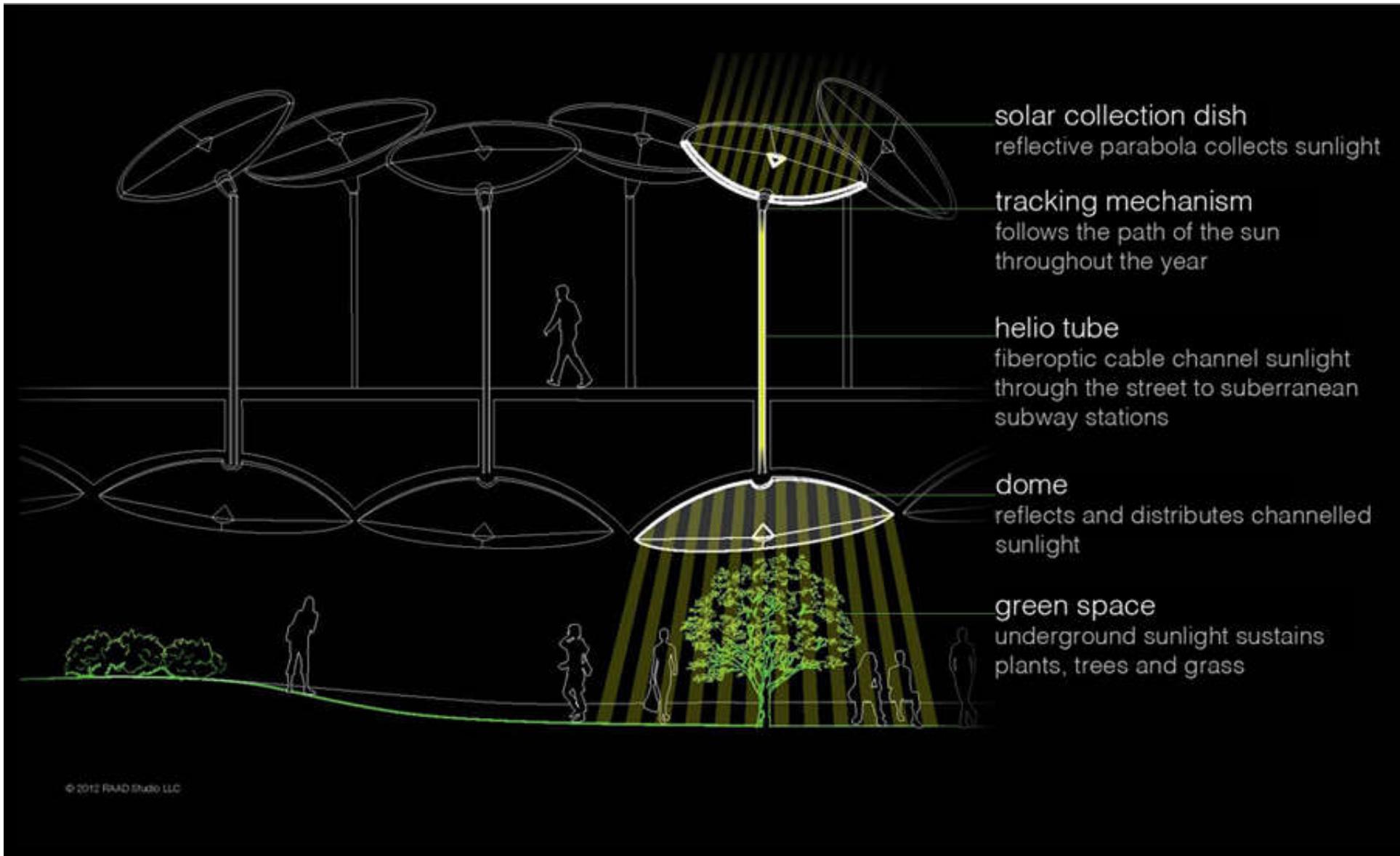


# SONRA





● lowline 842,000 F# 40,717WBL-73,965TWS





## The Lowline, = the Delancey Underground PARK





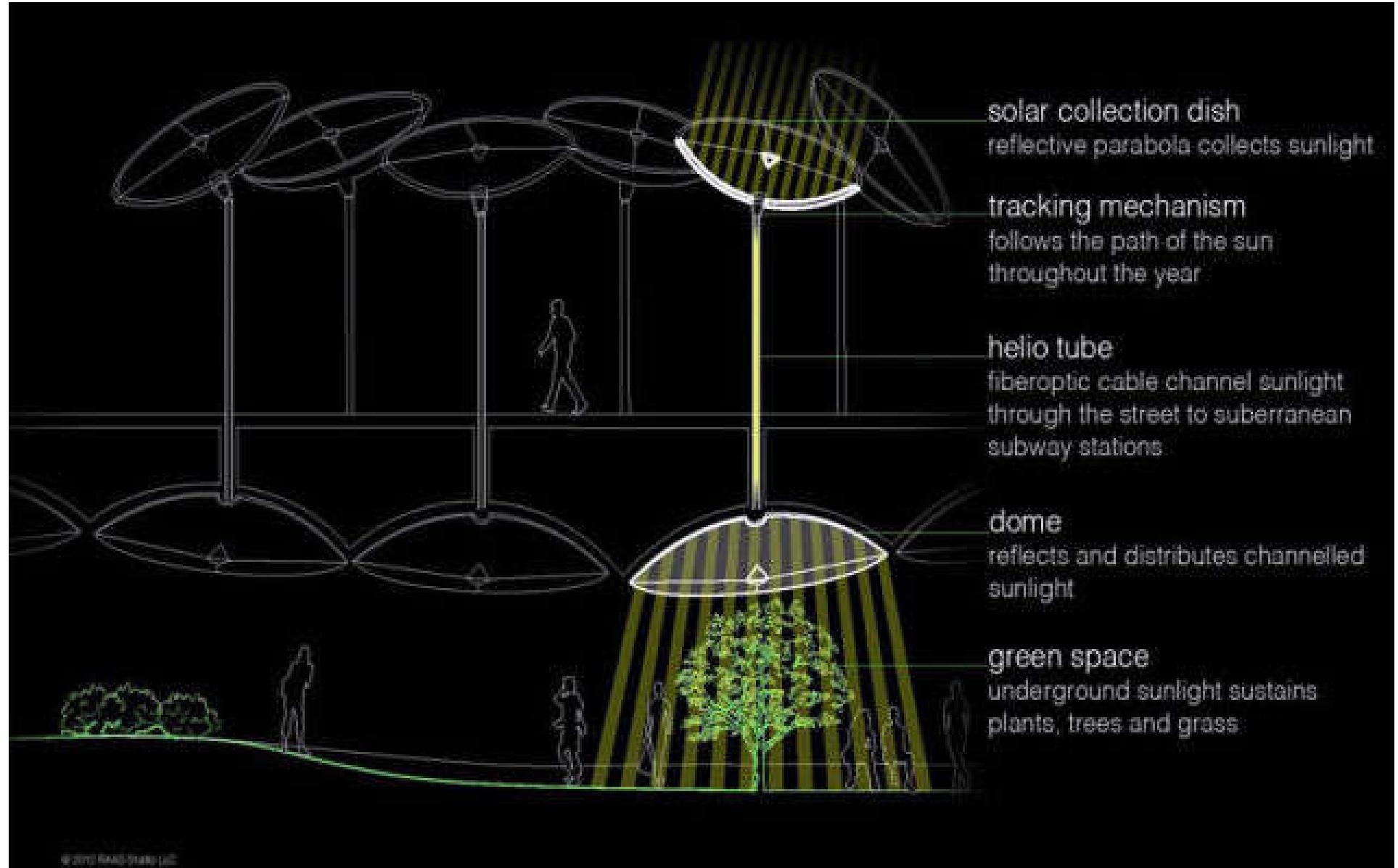
# Dünyanın ilk yer altı parkı-lowline park







The remote skylight will use a reflective, parabolic solar collection dish outdoors to gather and concentrate sunlight. This dish will have a tracking mechanism so it can follow the sun across the sky. Fiber-optic cable will transmit captured solar radiation to the park; a series of domelike fixtures will use lenses and reflectors to distribute the light throughout the Lowline. The fiber-optic cables will allow Lowline organizers to set up as many remote skylight fixtures as they like.



Even though the park design will be set below the street, the goal is to create a space that is far from a dark, dank and depressing destination. The ground-breaking design team is banking on a high-tech fiber optic lighting system to enable a green space that is bright, sunny and welcoming. The park will be equipped with extensive lighting units utilizing fiber optics to channel natural daylight to the depths below. Dozens of lamppost-like solar collectors will be placed on the Delancey Street to complete this task. And as a bonus, the system the designers envision will also filter out harmful ultraviolet and infrared light, but keeping the wavelengths used in photosynthesis to foster and nourish plant growth. Speaking to New York Magazine, Ramsey told reporters “We’re channeling sunlight the way they did in ancient Egyptian tombs, but in a supermodern way.”

Currently, the terminal is under the control of the MTA, but they have agreed to listen to the trio’s pitch – they have however made it clear they will not submit any funding for the construction of the park. The team will also have to present their proposal this Wednesday night to members of Community Board 3, who will give a ‘yay’ or ‘nay’ to the introduction of an underground park in the neighborhood.

Proje aşamasında güneş enerjili ağaçlar;  
Designed by architecture firm Grant Associates, Bay South is set to become Singapore's largest garden project when it opens in 2011.



Bahçenin sürdürülebilirliği için yağmur suyu ve güneş enerjisi toplanıyor. Ağaçlar, ortalama 30-55 metre yüksekliğinde. Aşk merdiveni sarmaşıklar ve bazı tropikal bitkilerle sardırılmış. Geceleri ise; ışıklarla canlı aydınlichkeit olacak.

# DİKEY BAHÇE KULESİ











Singapur da güneş enerjili ağaçlar-projenin uygulanmış hali













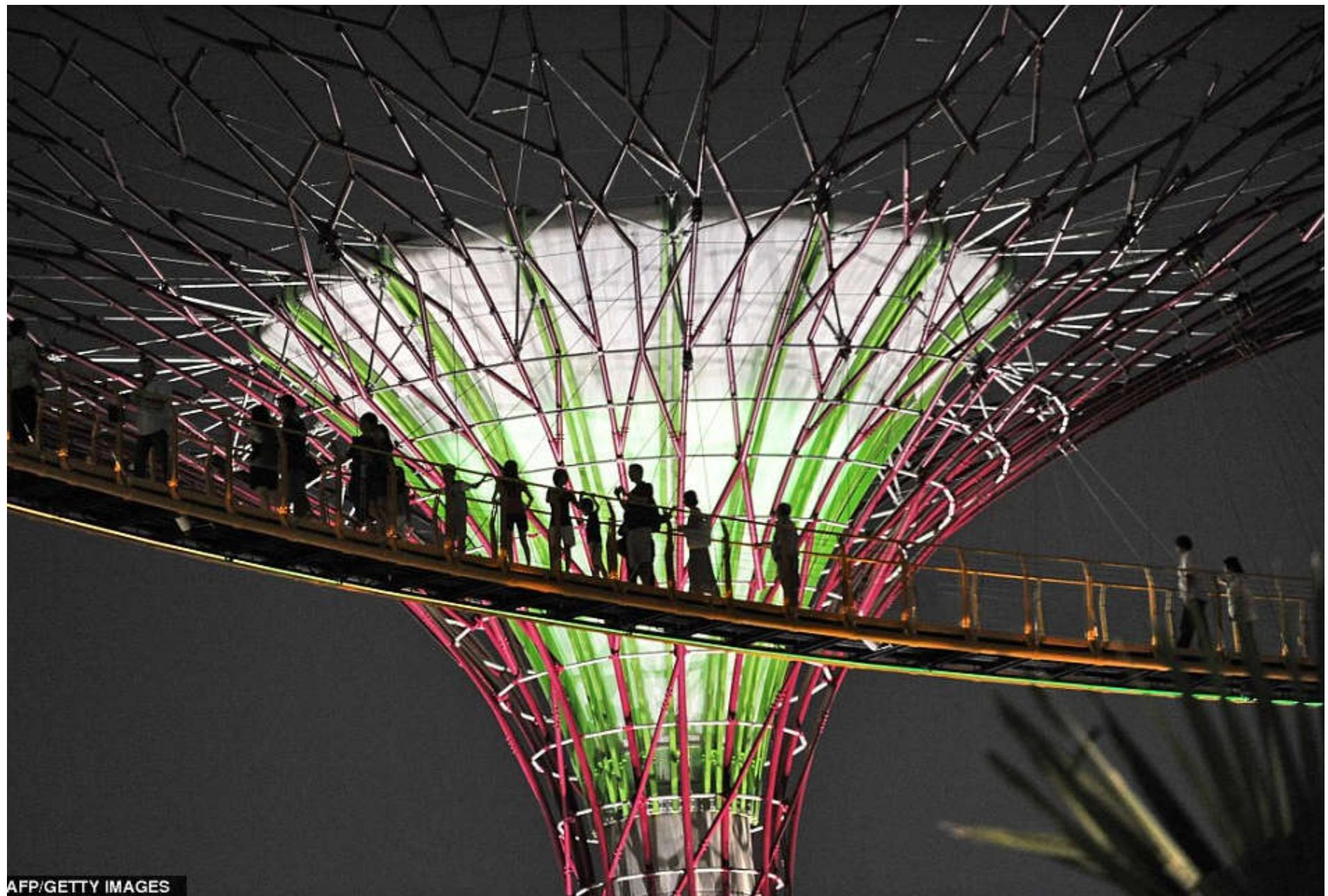




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