

# Calculus

## Lecture 6

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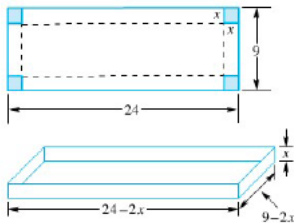
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- Step 1: Draw a diagram.
- Step 2: Write a formula for the objective function.
- Step 3: Eliminate all but one of the variables and express the objective function as a function of a single variable
- Step 4: Find all critical points.
- Step 5: Use the FDT and SDT to determine the maximum or the minimum.

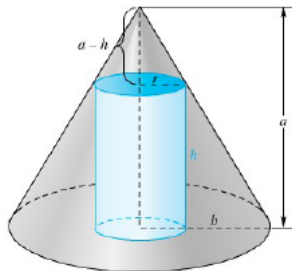
# Example

A rectangular box is to be made from a piece of cardboard 24 inc long and 9 inc wide by cutting out identical squares from the four corners and turning up the sides. Find the dimensions of the box of maximum volume. What is this volume?



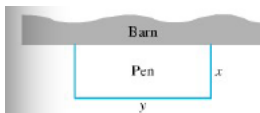
# Example

Find the dimensions of the the right circular cylinder of greatest volume that can be inscribed in a given right circular cone with radius  $b$  and height  $a$ .



# Example

A farmer has 80 ft of fence with which he plans to enclose a rectangular pen along one side of his 100 foot barn. What are the dimensions of the pen that has maximum area?



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- Intercepts: Find the  $x$ - and  $y$ -intercepts of the function, if possible.
- Symmetry: Determine whether the function is an odd function, an even function or neither odd nor even. If  $f(-x) = f(x)$  for all  $x$  in the domain, then  $f$  is even and symmetric about the  $y$ -axis. If  $f(-x) = -f(x)$  for all  $x$  in the domain, then  $f$  is odd and symmetric about the origin.

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- Intervals of Increase and Decrease: Use the derivative of the function to find the intervals where the function is increasing and decreasing.
- Local Maximum/Minimum : Find the critical points of the function.
- Concavity and Points of Inflection : We must determine when  $f''(x)$  is positive and negative to find the intervals where the function is concave upward and concave downward. Inflection points occur whenever the curve changes in concavity.