

**PHA 307 YAKINDOĐU PALEOLİTİĐİ**  
**KONU 1: YAKINDOĐU PALEOLİTİĐİ'NE GİRİŐ**

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**KAYNAKÇA ve OKUMALAR**

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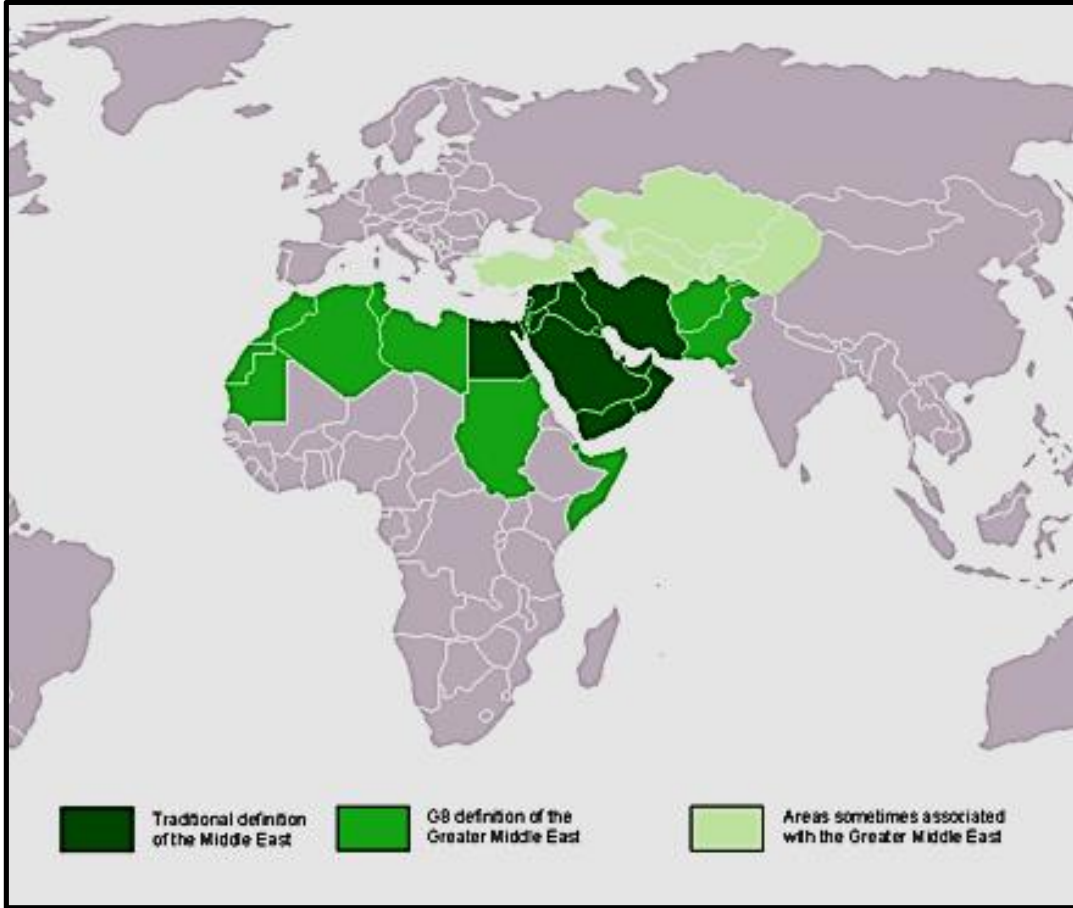
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## Yakınođu Paleolitiđine Giriř

Bugünkü ölkeler cođrafyası dikkate alındıđında, Yakınođu cođrafyası iine; Törkiye, Kuzey Kıbrıs Türk Cumhuriyeti, Güney Kıbrıs Yönetimi, İnan, Irak, Suriye, Ürdün, Lübnan, İsrail, Filistin, Suudi Arabistan, Yemen, Umman, Kuveyt, Birleşik Arap Emirlikleri, Katar, Bahreyn, Pakistan, Afganistan, Türkmenistan ve Özbekistan yerleştirilebilir. Siyasi açıdan yukarıda sayılan ölkeler ile birlikte ařađıdaki haritada görölen genişletilmiş Yakınođu sınırları da çizilebilir. Ancak bizim konumuz geređi irdeleyeceđimiz alan daha çok koyu yeřil ile boyalı kısım cođrafyası iinde sınırlı kalacaktır.



Yakındođu paleolitiđinin önemi, Afrika beşikli insanođlunun dünyaya yayılımı açısından ilk çıkış noktası olmasından kaynaklanmaktadır. Afrika'dan göç eden insanođlu Yakındođu'yu kullanarak tüm dünyaya yayılmıştır. Dolayısıyla Afrika'daki insanlığa ait en eski kültürel bulguları Yakındođu coğrafyasında da görebilmek mümkündür. Zamanın ilerlemesiyle dünyaya yayılım gösteren insanlar, başka bölgelerde ürettikleri yeni olguları, ulaştıkları bölgelerde kullandıklarından ötürü Yakındođu ile olan bir takım farklılıklar yaratmışlardır. Dolayısıyla kültürlerde çeşitlenmeler meydana gelmiş ve başlangıçta birbirine benzer olan birçok kültür olgusu zaman içinde deđişimler göstererek kendisine özgü bir tarz oluşturmuştur. Bu açıdan gözlemlendiđinde Yakındođu Paleolitik Çađ bulgularının daha çok Afrika örnekleriyle benzeştiklerini görürüz.