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3. Heat transfer by conduction (One Dimensional unsteady-state)

Three types of problems to be discussed only;

- a) Simplified case for the systems with negligible internal resistance (Lumped System Analysis)
- b) Infinite body subjected to sudden convective
- c) Transient heat flow in semi infinite solid:

Graphical solutions of unsteady state heat conduction problem, use of various charts for b and c

Example:

Properties of metal sphere:

$$\rho=3000 \text{ kg/m}^3, k=20 \text{ W/mK}, C_p=1000 \text{ j/kgK}, \alpha=6.66 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$$

$$r = 0.05 \text{ m}$$

$$T_i=400^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T_\infty =20^\circ\text{C}$$

$$T_o=335^\circ\text{C}$$

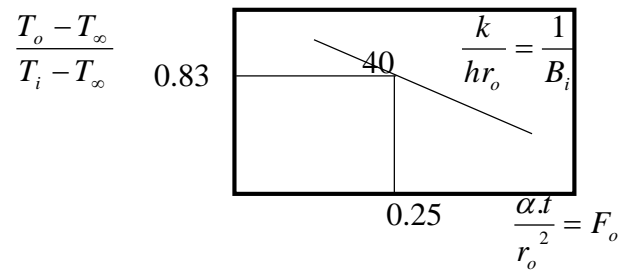
Using Figure 6 →

$$\frac{T_o - T_\infty}{T_i - T_\infty} = \frac{335 - 20}{400 - 20} = 0.83$$

$$\frac{k}{hr_o} = \frac{20}{10 * 0.5} = 40$$

Read from Figure 6 as 0.25

Fig.6. Center temperature for a sphere of radius r_o



$$\frac{\alpha t}{r_o^2} = 0.25 = \frac{(6.66 \times 10^{-6})t}{(0.05)^2} \rightarrow t = 93.85s$$