



SİNİR DOKUSU VE GLIOMA KÜLTÜRLERİ



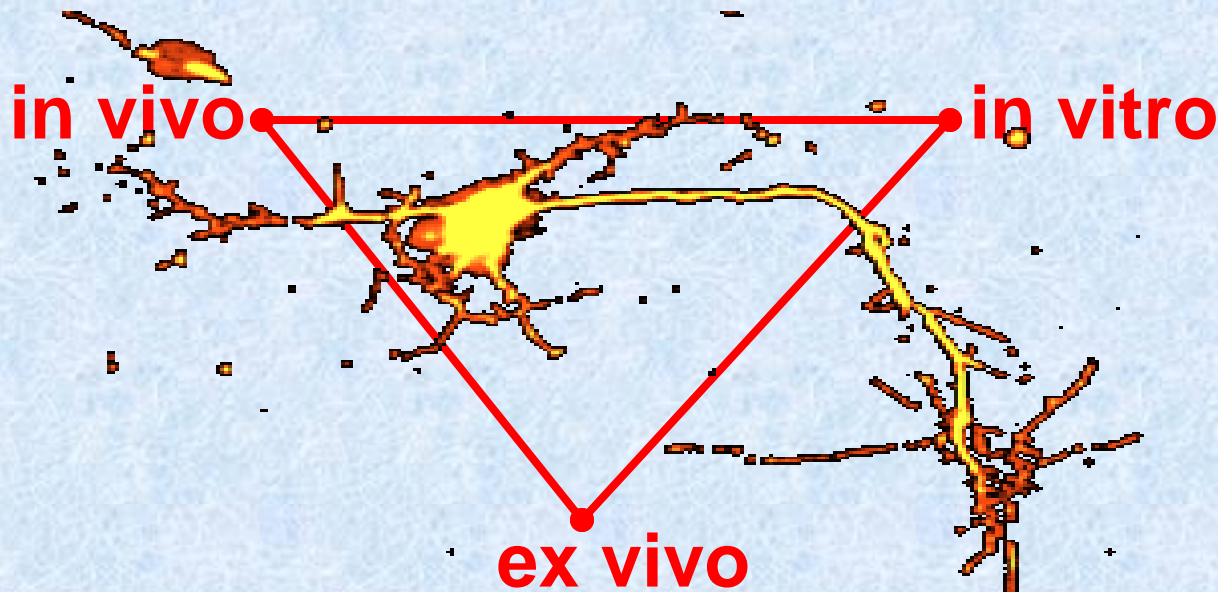
Prof. Dr. Ali Savaş

**Ankara Üniversitesi Tıp Fakültesi
Beyin ve Sinir Cerrahisi Anabilim Dalı**

DOKU VE HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ

**Harrison RG : Observations on a living developing nerve fiber.
Proc Soc Exp Biol Med 4: 140-143, 1907**

Canlı biyolojik materyallerin in vitro kultivasyonu

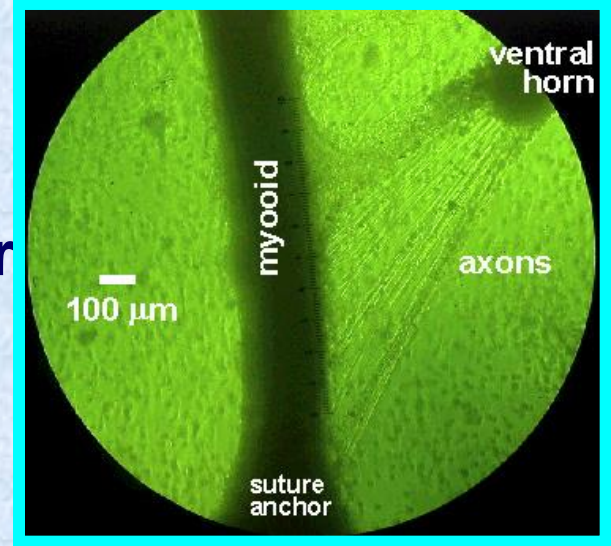


DOKU VE HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ

1- Hücre kültürleri-Ayrılmış hücreler
Tek kat veya suspansiyon

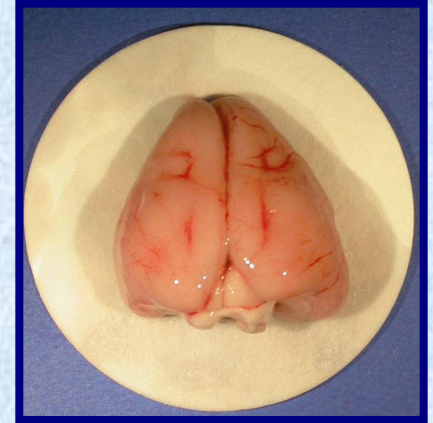
2- Reaggregate kültürler

3- Organotipik doku kültürleri: Ayrılmamış hücreler doku
hücre ilişkileri korunmuş- sinir dokusu
3 boyutlu nöronal ilişki



SİNİR DOKUSU KÜLTÜRLERİ

- ✦ Hayvan: Memeliler, **tavşan ve sıçan**
- ✦ Yaş: **Embrional, Neonatal veya Mature**
- ✦ Neoplastik hücreler, kök hücreler, transfekte hücre serileri
- ✦ Seçilmiş – klonlanmış spesfikhücre serileri
- ✦ Sinir dokusu: **Hippocampus**, caudate nucleus, ganglion hücreleri



SİNİR DOKUSU KÜLTÜRLERİ



Cell lines & clones

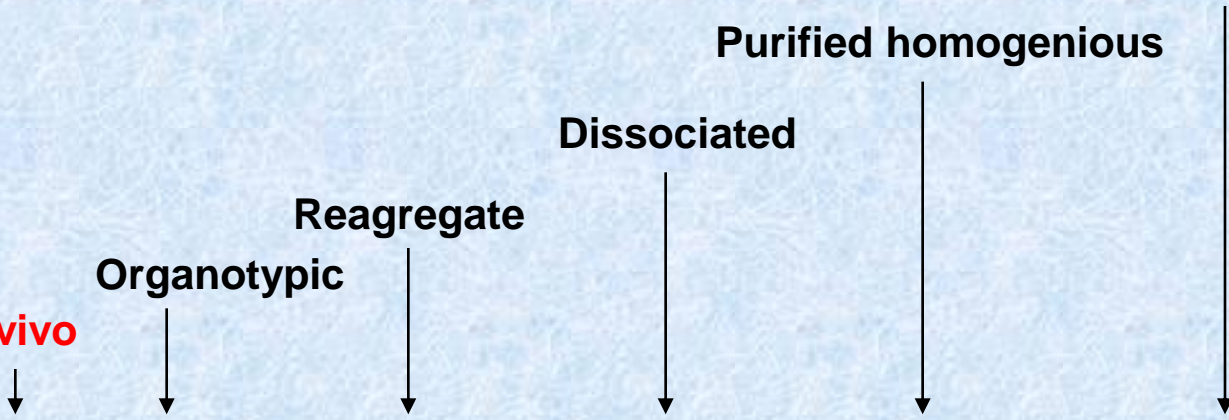
Purified homogenous

Dissociated

Reaggregate

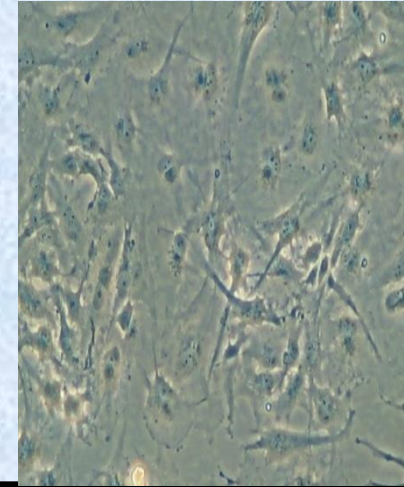
Organotypic

In vivo



Doku organizasyonu

Deneysel manipulasyon



MATURE

NEONATAL

EMBRIONAL

NEOPLASTIC

saatler

haftalar

aylar

ORGANOTİPİK SİNİR DOKUSU KÜLTÜRLERİ



Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg, Neurozentrum
Neuropharmakologie & Stereotaktische Neurochirurgie





Materials & Methods

- 17 Watanabe rabbits

2 x 17 hippocampi



> 490 slices (data)



Chemicals:

- Choline chloride [methyl-³H] (79.2 Ci/mmol) & hemicholinium-3

- Amino acids:

alanine, arginine, citrulline, cysteine, histidine, isoleucine, leucine, lysine, methionine, ornithine, phenylalanine, serine, taurine, threonine, tryptophan, tyrosine, valine

- Bovine serum albumin (Chon V fraction)

- NaCl, KCl, KH₂PO₄, NaHCO₃, MgSO₄·7H₂O, CaCl₂·2H₂O, NaOH,

- Glucose

- L-ascorbic acid

- Penicillin/streptomycin

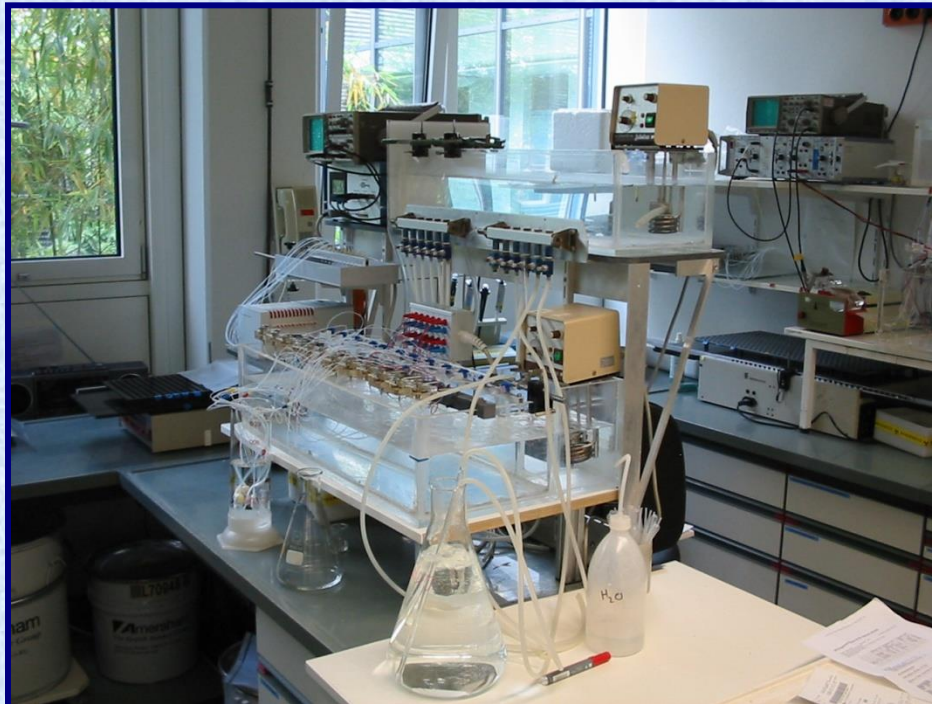


Materials & Methods

● Culture Medium & Solutions: **Enviromental Influences**

1- Modified Krebs-Henseleit buffer

2- CSF-like culture medium- fresh



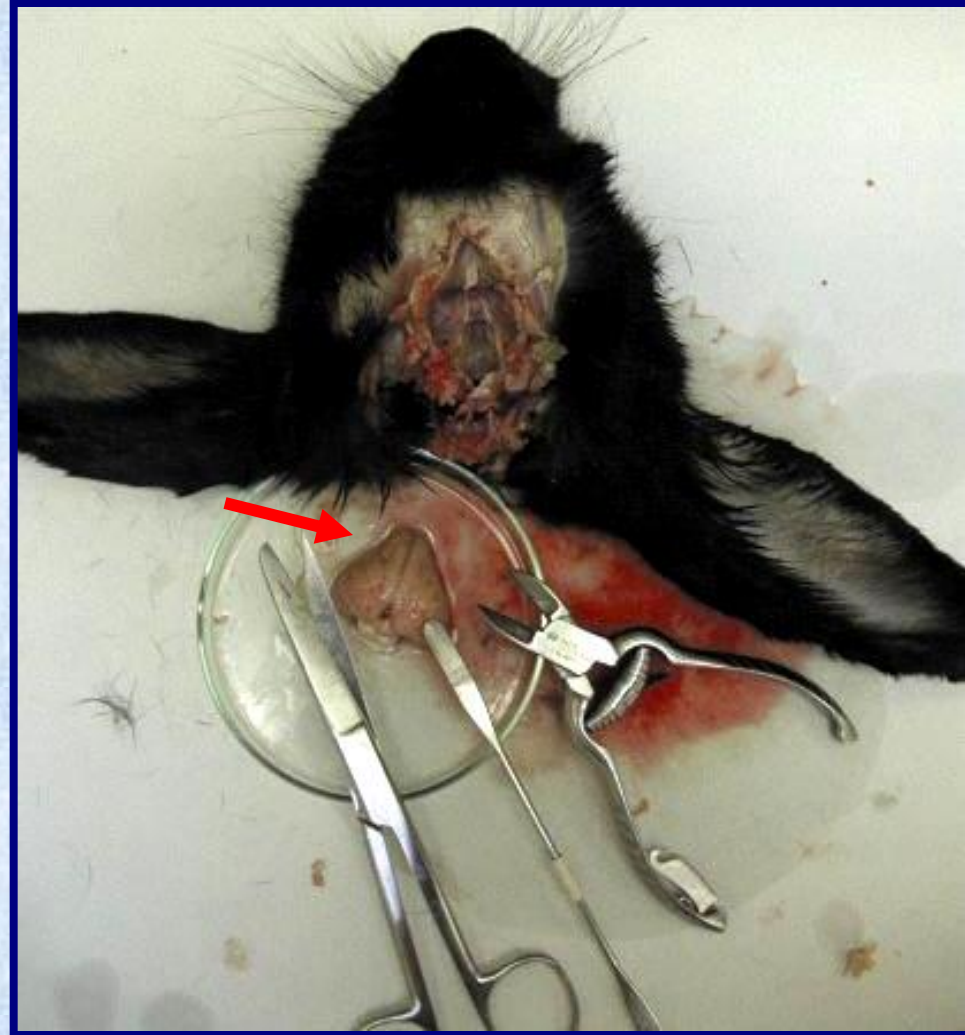
Chemicals	Molecular Weight	Concentration	
NaCl	58.44	121.0 mM	7.07 g/l
KCl	74.56	1.8 mM	0.13 g/l
KH ₂ PO ₄	136.09	1.2 mM	0.16 g/l
NaHCO ₃	84.01	25.0 mM	2.10 g/l
MgSO ₄ ·7H ₂ O	246.48	1.2 mM	0.30 g/l
CaCl ₂ ·2H ₂ O	147.02	1.3 mM	0.19 g/l
Glucose	198.17	20.0 mM	3.96 g/l
L-Ascorbic acid	176.13	11.0 mM	0.10 g/l
Bovine serum albumine		3.00 g/l	
Penicillin-Streptomycin		200U/l-200mg/l	

Amino acids:

alanine	89.0	34.0 mM	3.03 mg/l
arginine	210.7	22.0 mM	4.64 mg/l
aspartate	133.1	0.13 mM	0.02 mg/l
citrulline	175.2	5.70 mM	1.00 mg/l
cystine	240.3	0.12 mM	0.03 mg/l
histidine	209.6	13.00 mM	2.73 mg/l
isoleucine	131.2	3.8 mM	0.5 mg/l
leucine	131.2	11.4 mM	1.5 mg/l
lysine	182.6	27.70 mM	5.06 mg/l
methionine	149.2	3.40 mM	0.51 mg/l
ornithine	168.6	3.80 mM	0.64 mg/l
phenylalanine	165.2	9.10 mM	1.50 mg/l
serine	105.1	28.50 mM	3.00 mg/l
taurine	125.1	8.00 mM	1.00 mg/l
threonine	119.1	32.00 mM	3.81 mg/l
tryptophan	204.2	1.50 mM	0.31 mg/l
tyrosine	181.2	8.30 mM	1.50 mg/l
valine	117.1	12.80 mM	1.50 mg/l

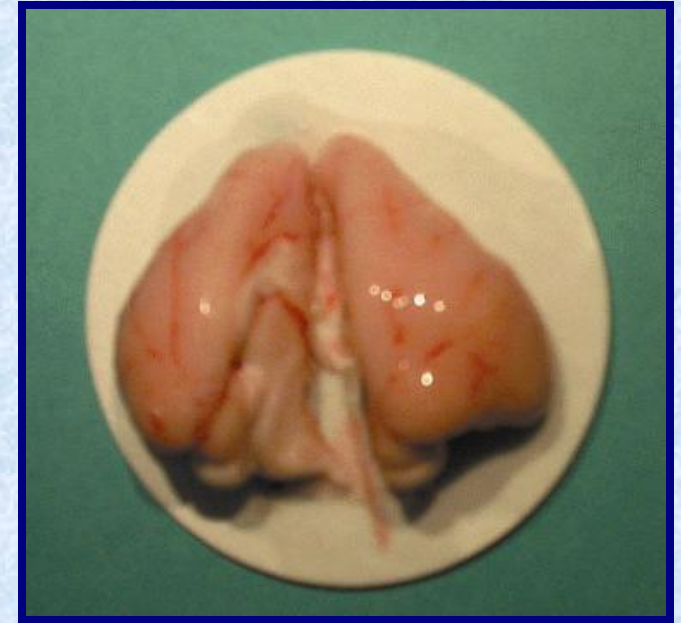
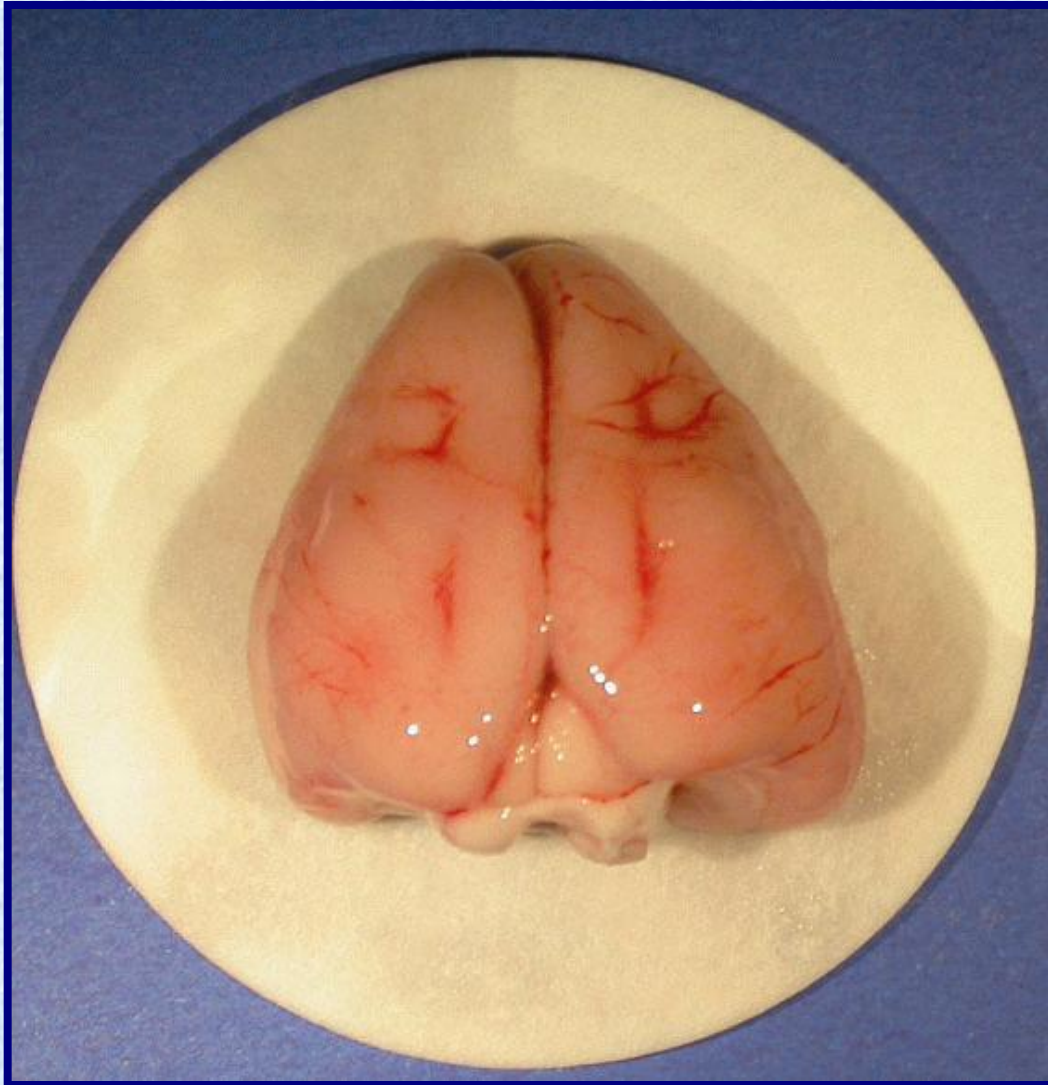
Materials & Methods

- Decapitation and removal of the rabbit brain in ice-cold conditions



Materials & Methods

- Dissection & removal of the hippocampus





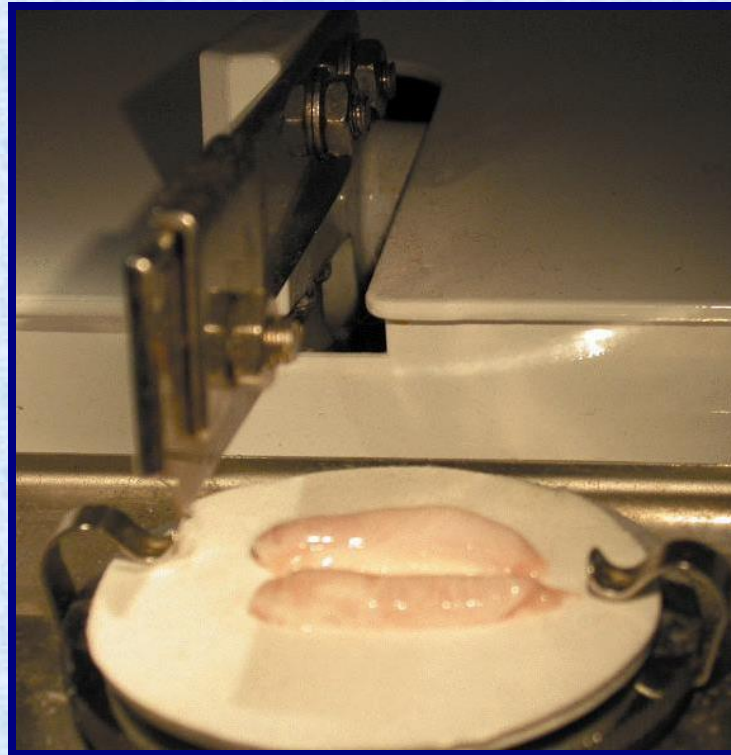
Materials & Methods

● Two hippocampi



350 micrometer slices

Tissue Chopper



10 min

Materials & Methods

- Incubation of the slices



Dynamic incubation chamber



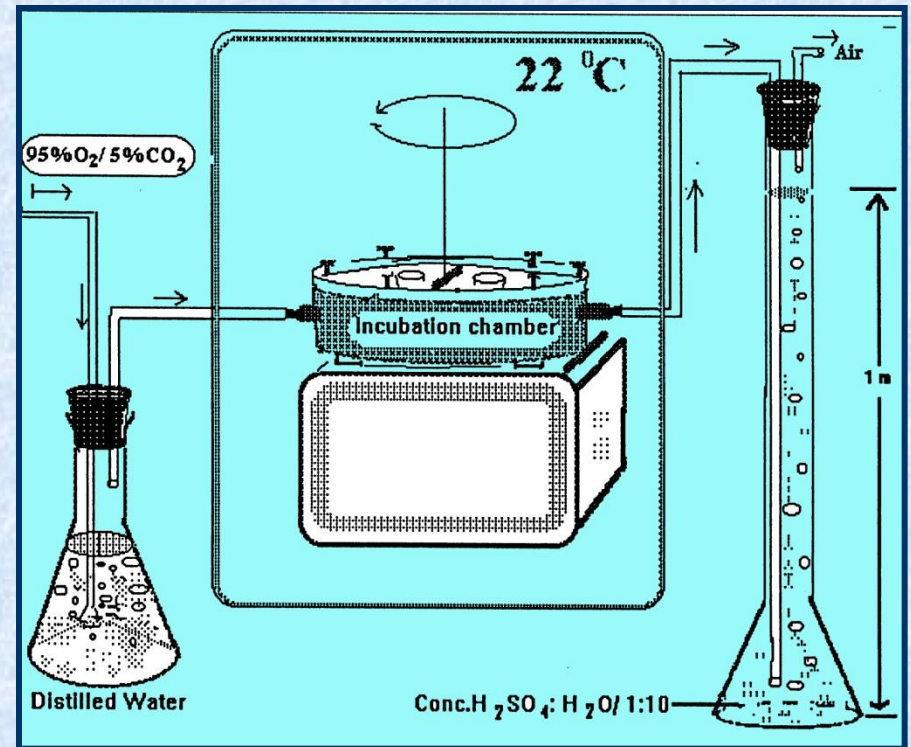
Incubation of the slices

72 hours



Materials & Methods

- Dynamic Incubation of the slices



Incubation of the slices **72 hours**
(O_2 + rotation + culture medium change)

SAFLAŞTIRMA İŞLEMLERİ

Dissection

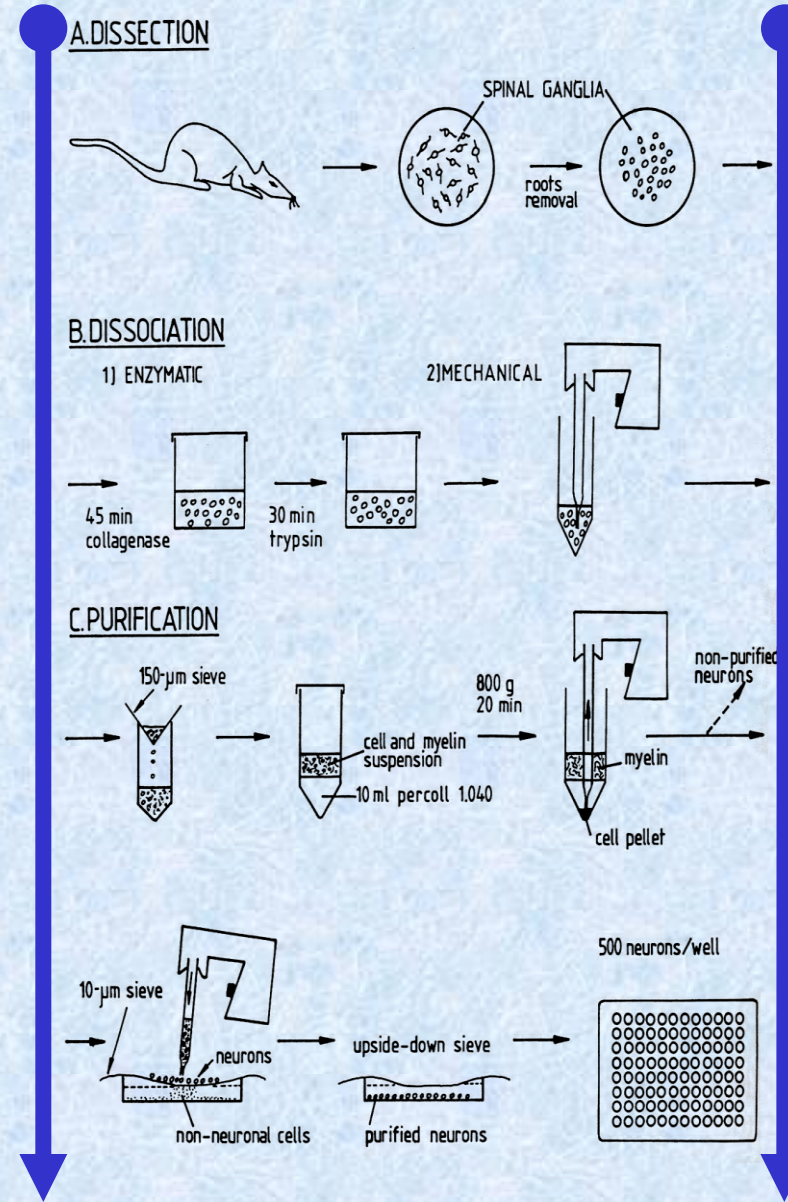
Dissociation

Enzymatic (Collagenase & Trypsin)
Mechanical

Purification

Sieve (150 μm) Myelin + cell
Isoosmotic Percoll sol.

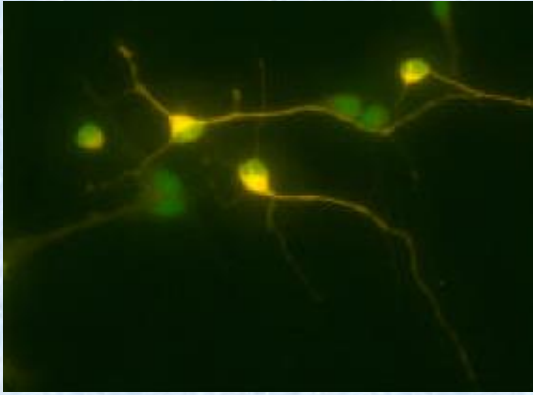
Sieve (10 μm)- Dorsal goot ggl. cells-



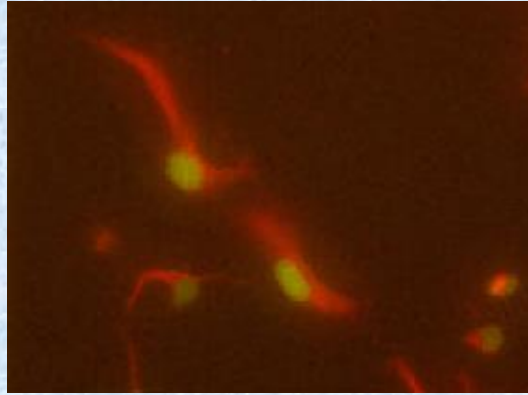
SİNİR DOKUSU KÜLTÜRLERİ



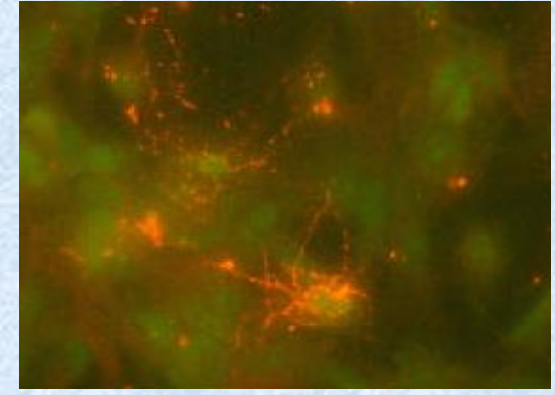
ÖZEL MEDUM ORTAMINDA 7-10 GÜN



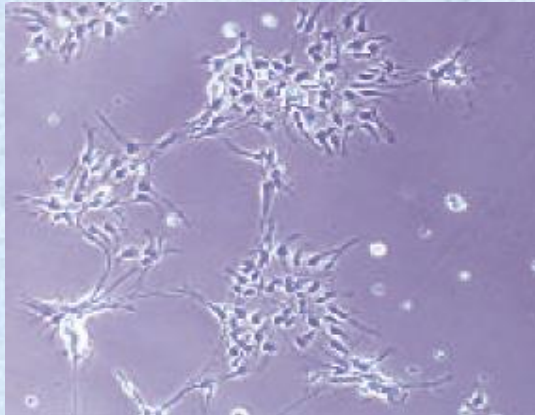
Neurons
(Neuron specific β -III tubulin)



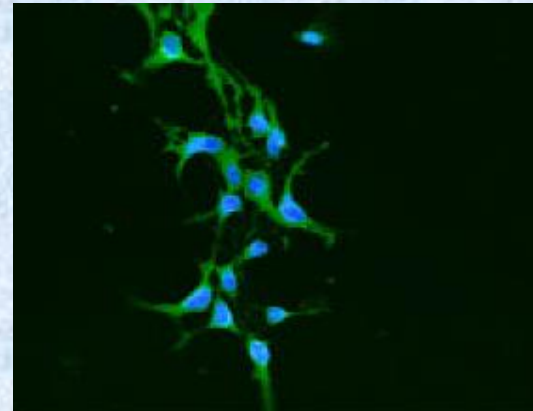
Astrocytes
(GFAP)



Oligodendrocytes
(Oligodendrocyte marker O4)



Neural Stem Cells

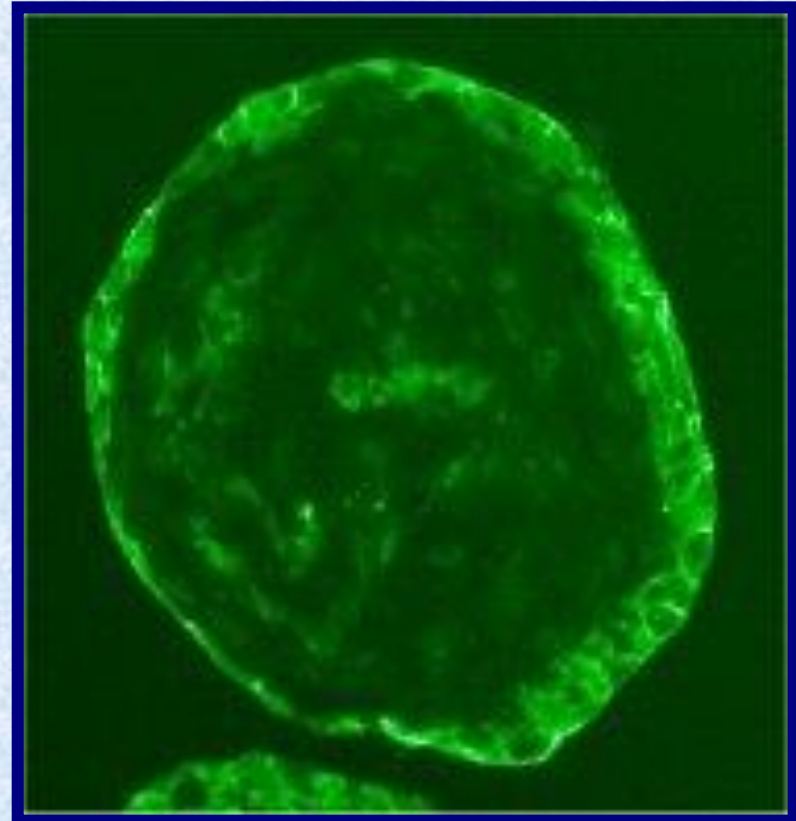
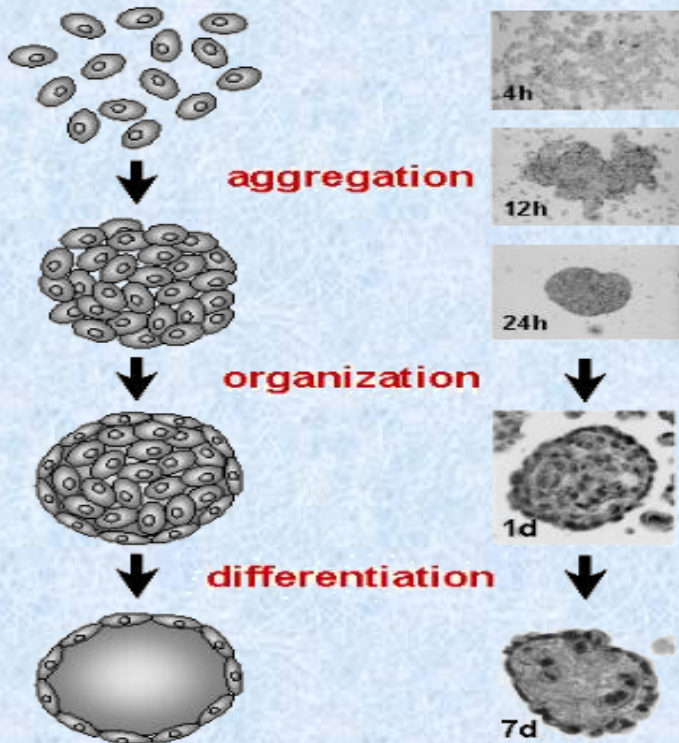


Neural Stem Cells
(Nestin)

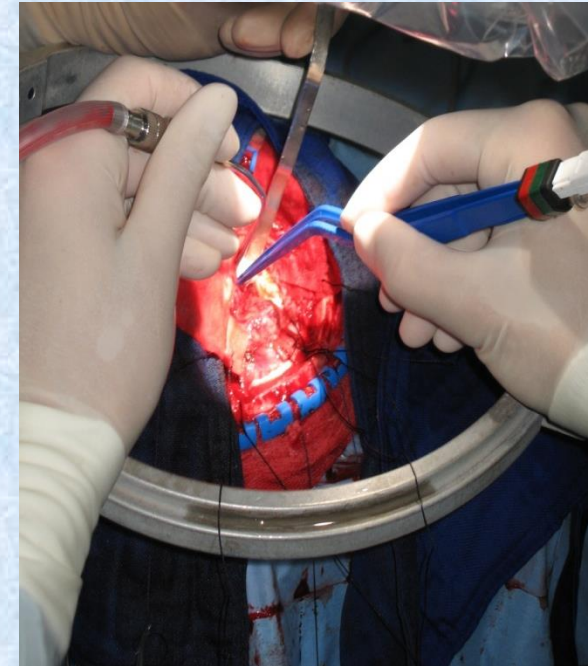
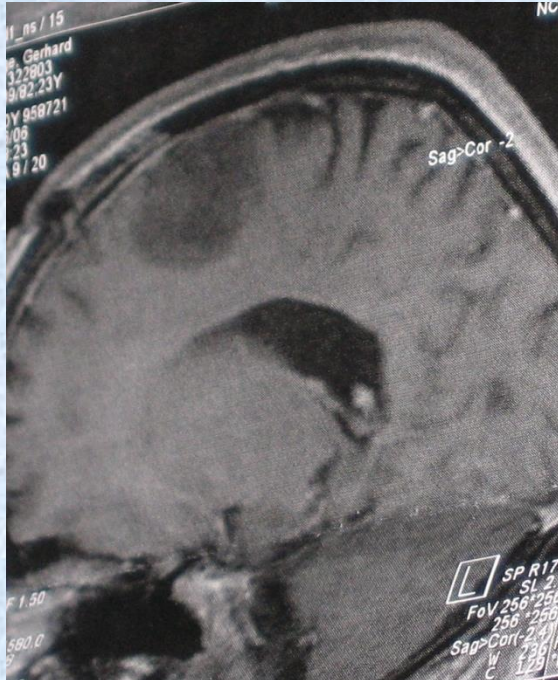
GLIOMA KÜLTÜRLERİ

✦ Spheroids: hücrelerin spontan agregasyonu
growth – organization - differentiation

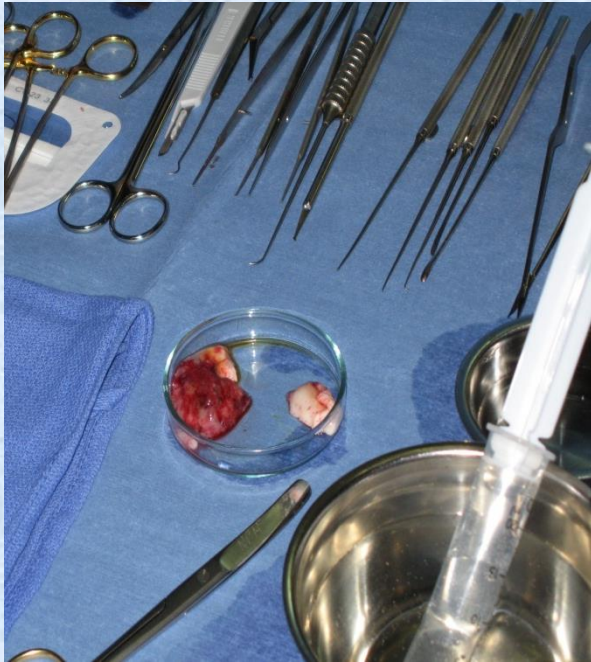
spheroid model



PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜMÖR İZOLASYONU

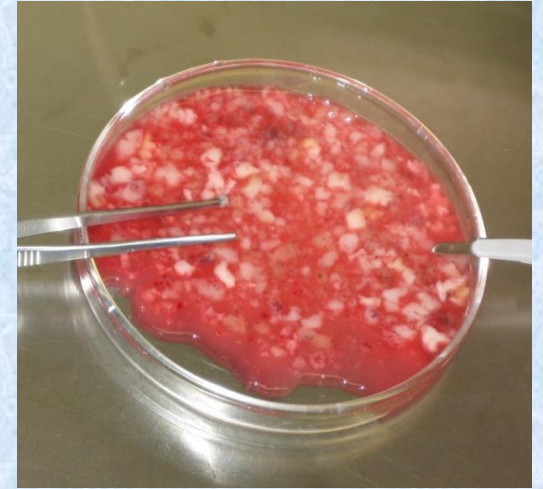
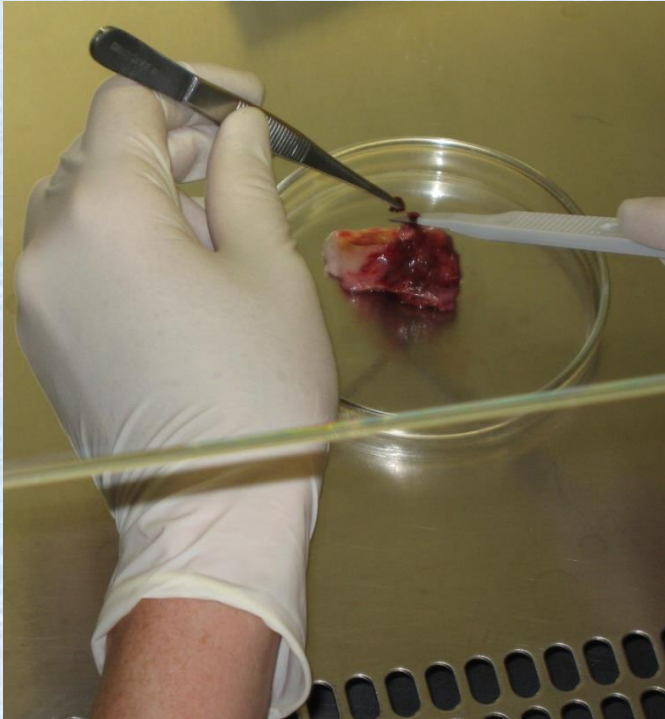


PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜMÖR İZOLASYONU



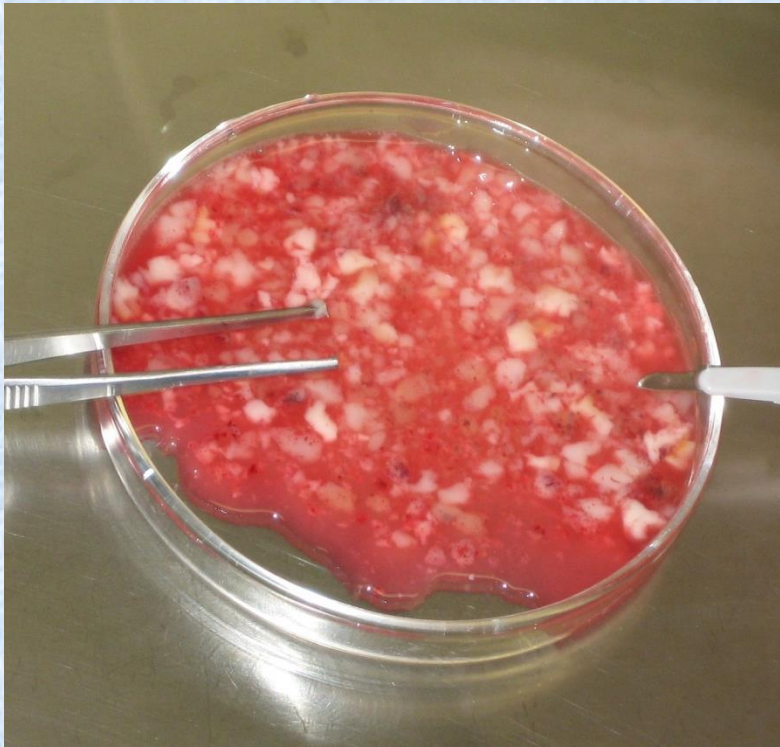
PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜMÖR İZOLASYONU

- Hızlı mekanik diseksiyon: bıçak, penset (at 4 C⁰)
-



PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜMÖR İZOLASYONU

- Cam tüpte mekanik homojenizasyon



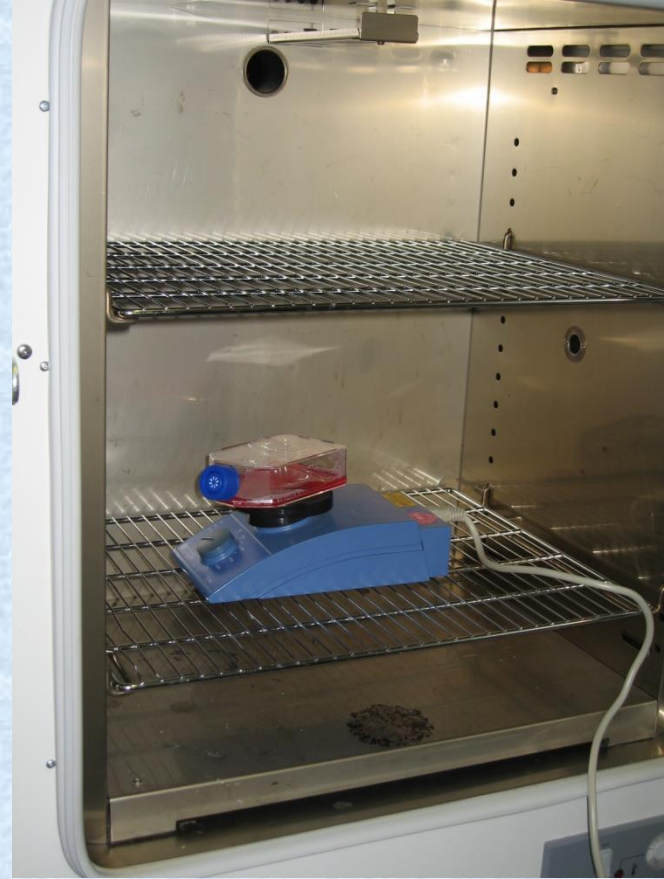
PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜMÖR İZOLASYONU

- Myelinin ayrılması- Dextran 15%



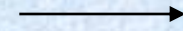
PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜMÖR İZOLASYONU

- Dinamik enzimatik disagregasyon
Collogenase (200 U/ml) /Dispase at 37 C⁰



PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜMÖR İZOLASYONU

- Filtrasyon-100 μm and 40 μm – santrifüj
- Pellet (5-10 saat)

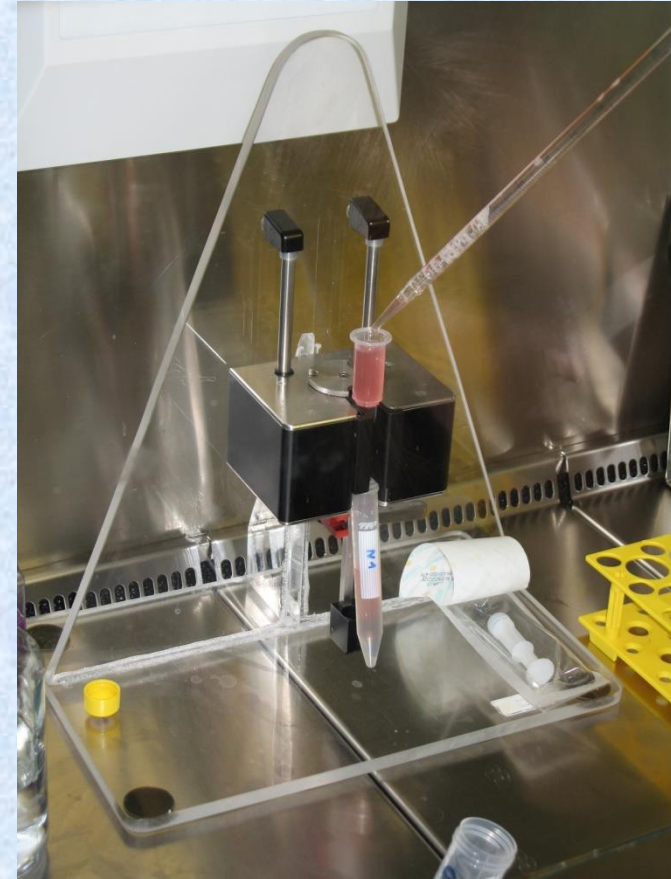
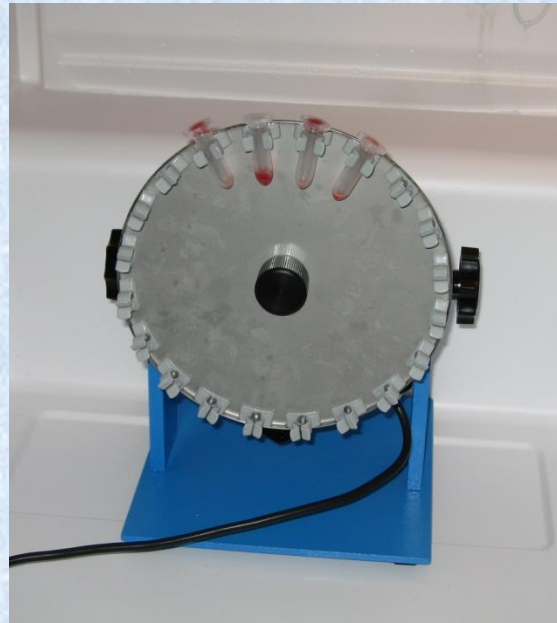
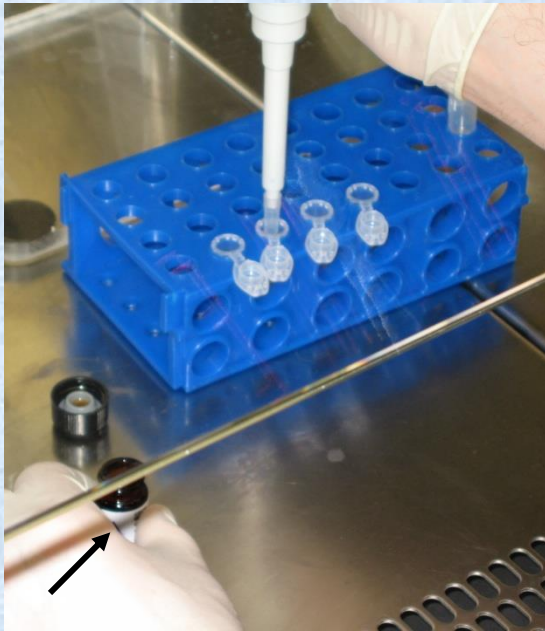


PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜMÖR İZOLASYONU

- Nöral kanser kök hücre izolasyonu

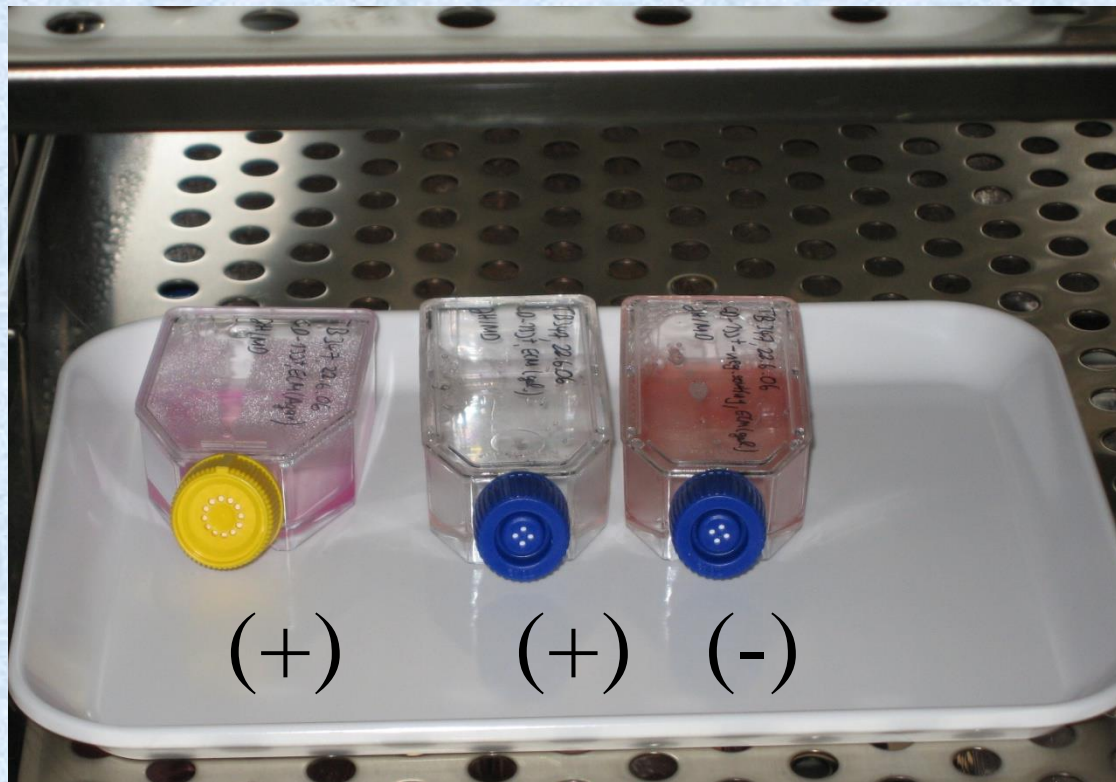
MACS-system – CD133 antibody+magnet marker

Magnetic cell separation



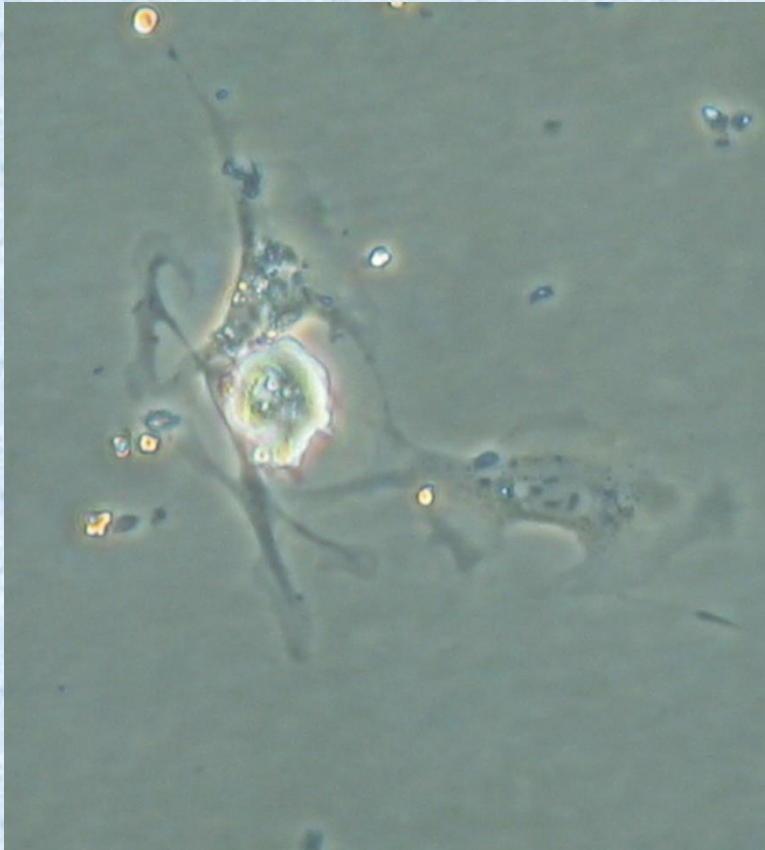
PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜRÖR İZOLASYONU

- Agar and gelatine culture flasks
 - + (stem cells) and - solution cultures
- Monolayer- DMEM or Neural stem cell media
- Medium change- 48 hours – 37 C⁰



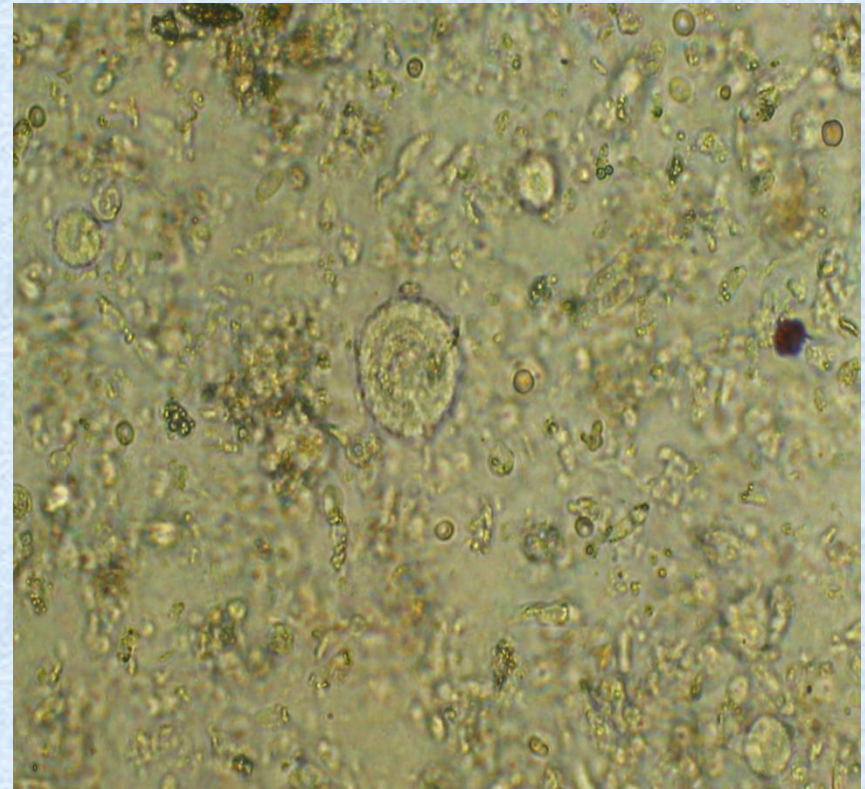
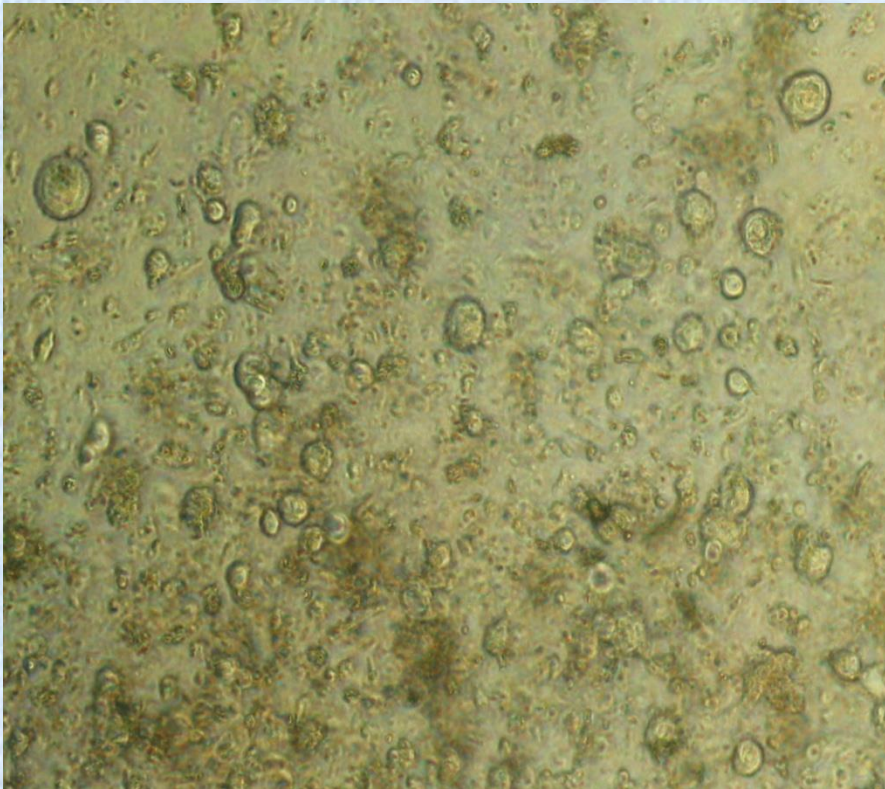
PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜMÖR İZOLASYONU

- 3. gün
- Neural-Cancer stem cells



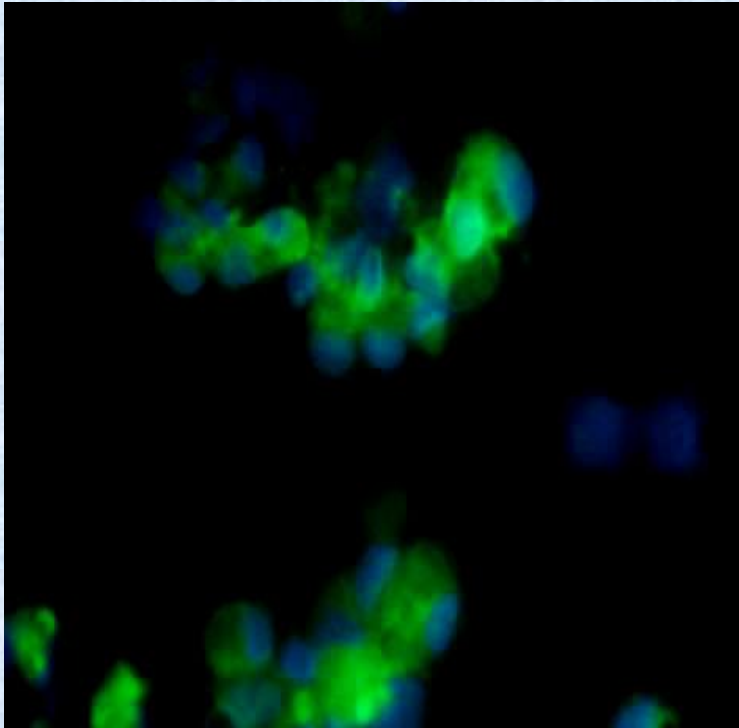
PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜMÖR İZOLASYONU

- 1 hafta
- Neural-Cancer stem cells

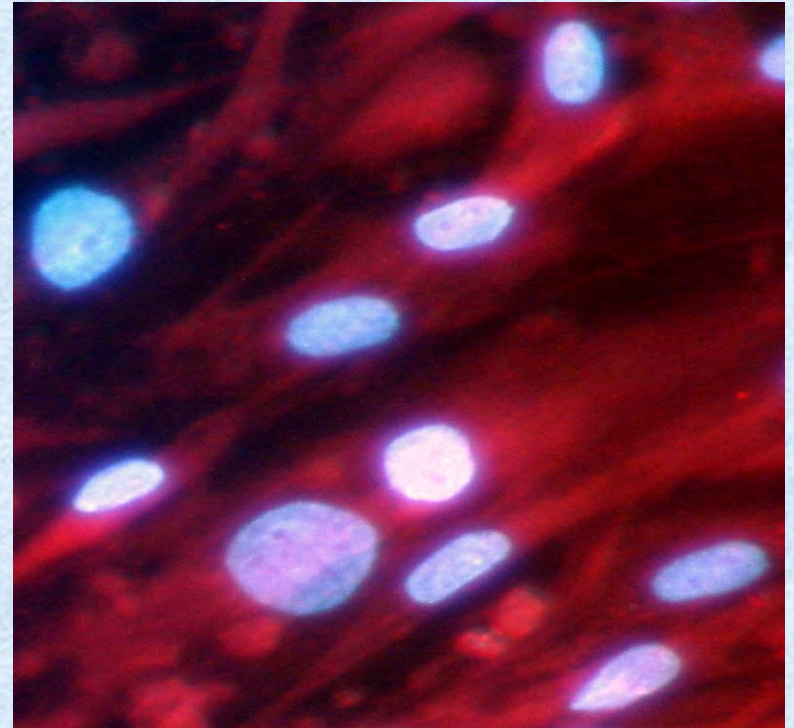


PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜMÖR İZOLASYONU

- 10. gün
- Neural-Cancer stem cells + DMEM



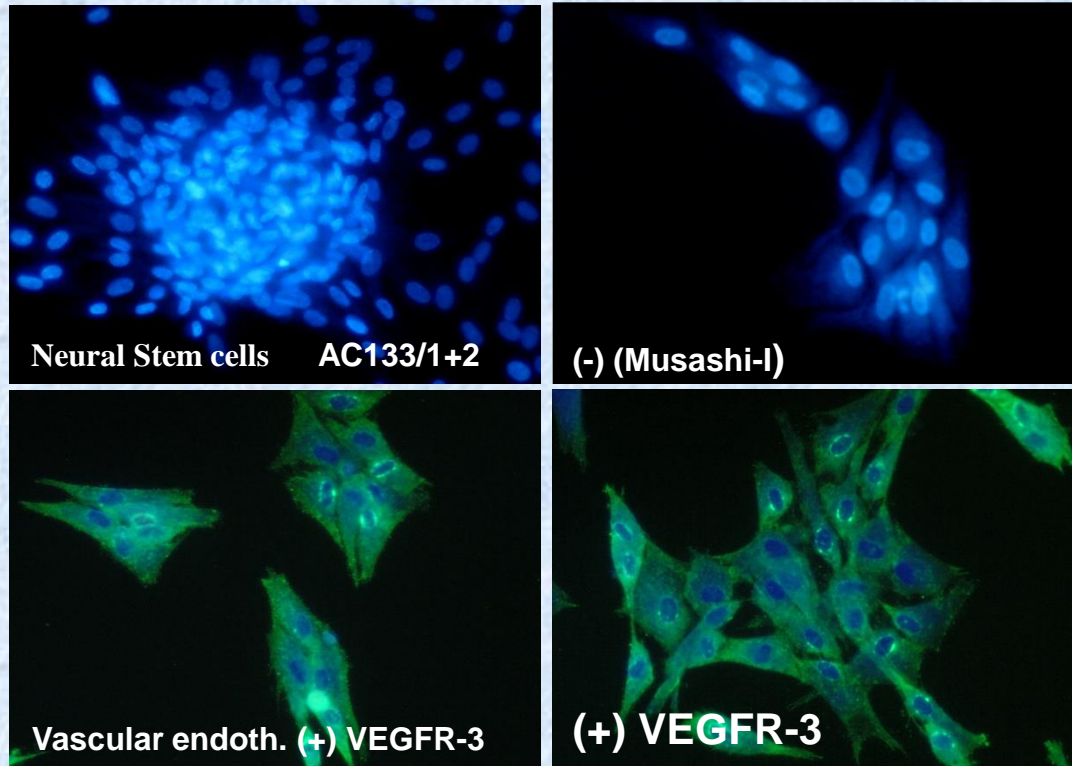
CD133 (+)



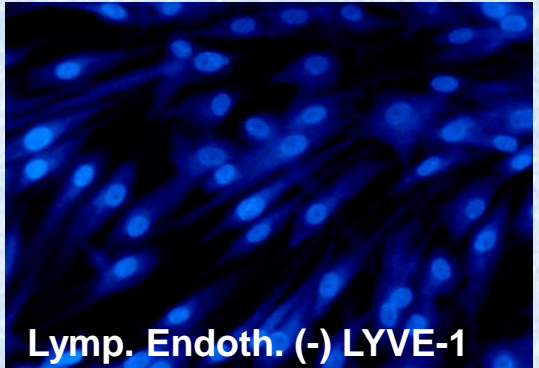
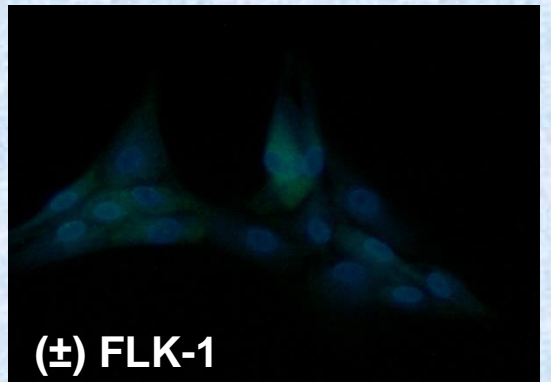
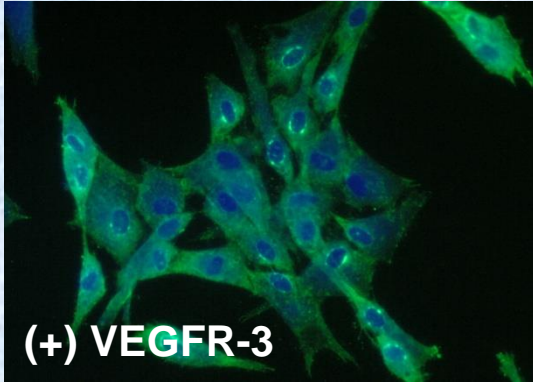
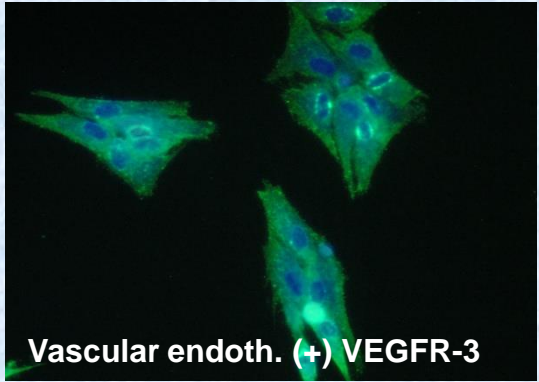
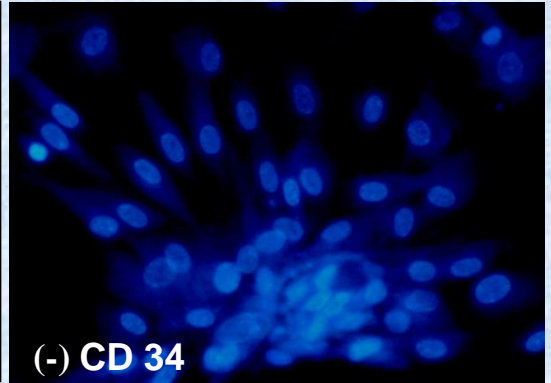
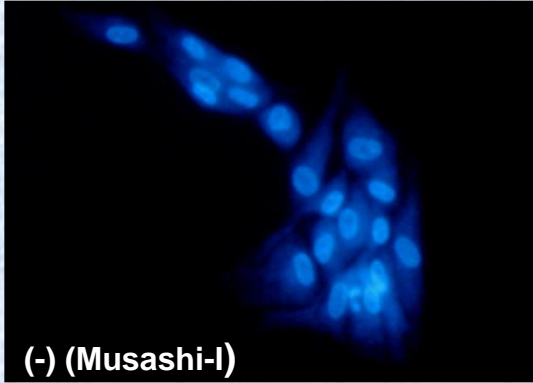
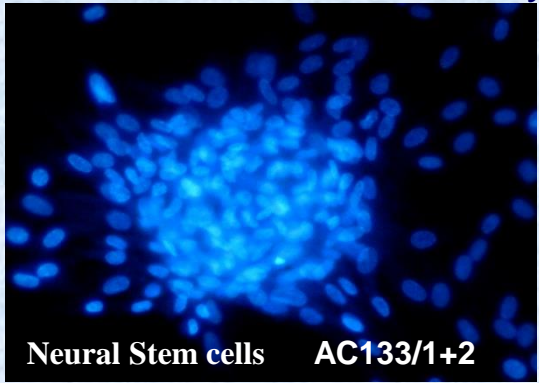
Musashi (+)

PRİMER HÜCRE KÜLTÜRLERİ VE TÜMÖR İZOLASYONU

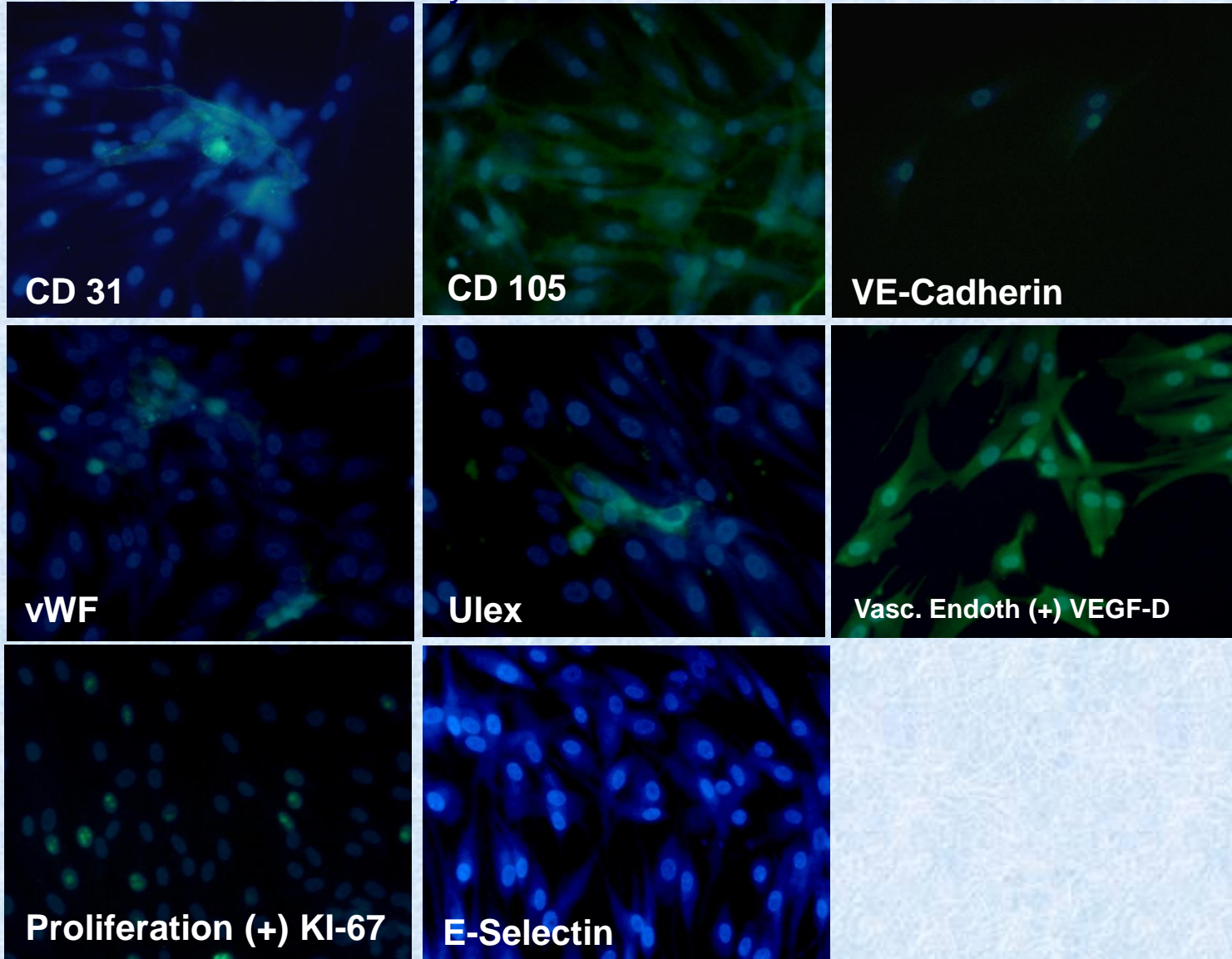
- Culture Medium
(EGF, VEGF, bFGF, IGF-I)



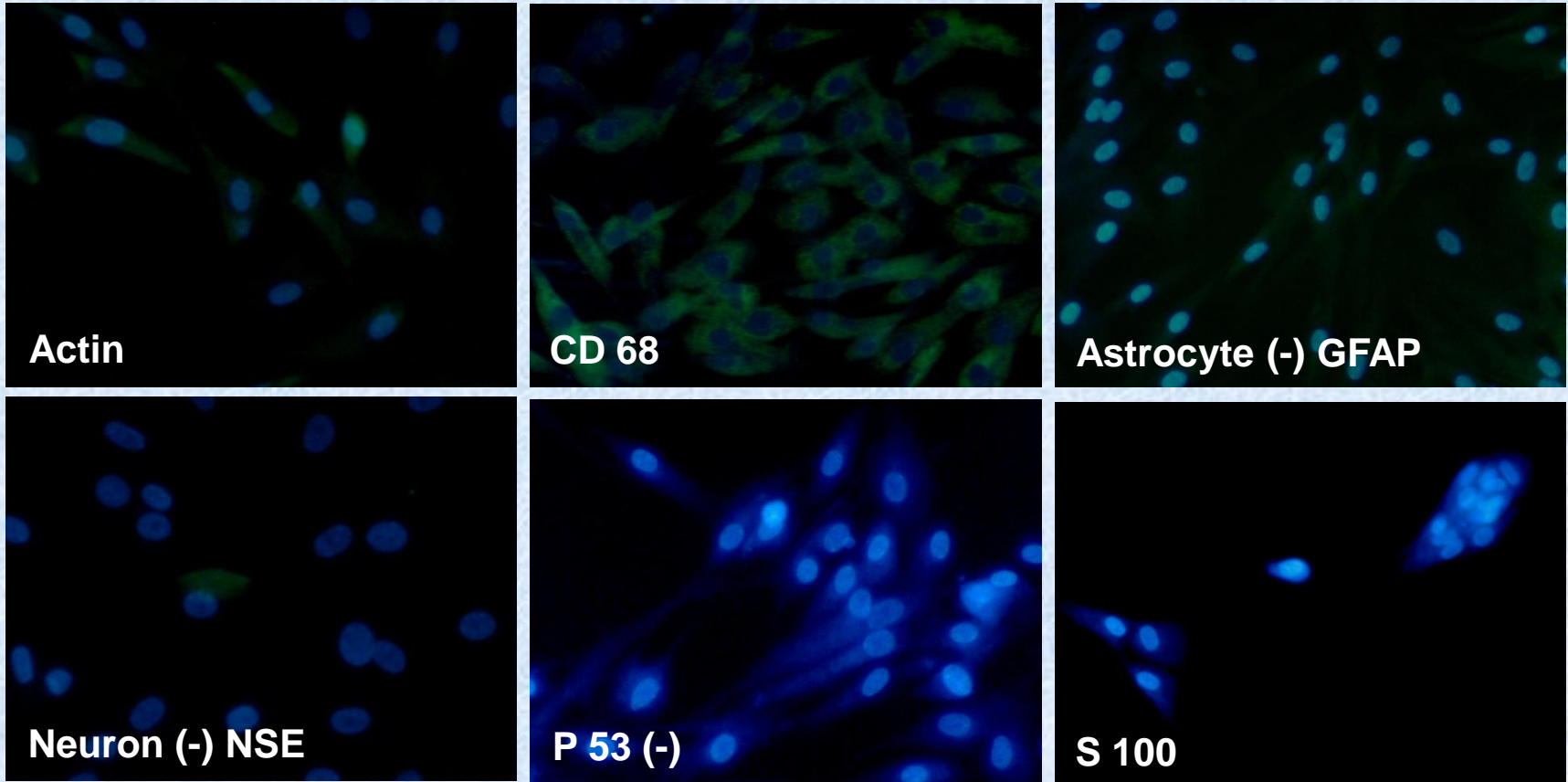
- CD133 from Cells (Grade-III) after 16 days in EGC-Medium
- Immunohistochemistry



- CD133 from Cells (Grade-III) after 16 days in EGC-Medium
- Immunohistochemistry

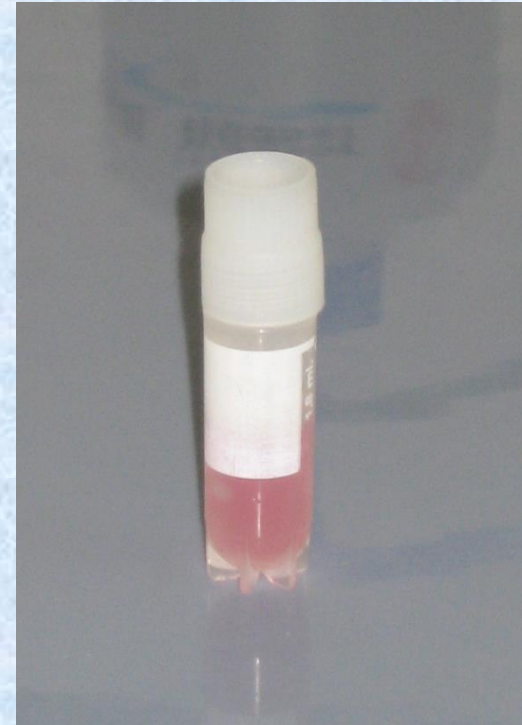


- CD133 from Cells (Grade-III) after 16 days in EC-Medium
- Immunohistochemistry



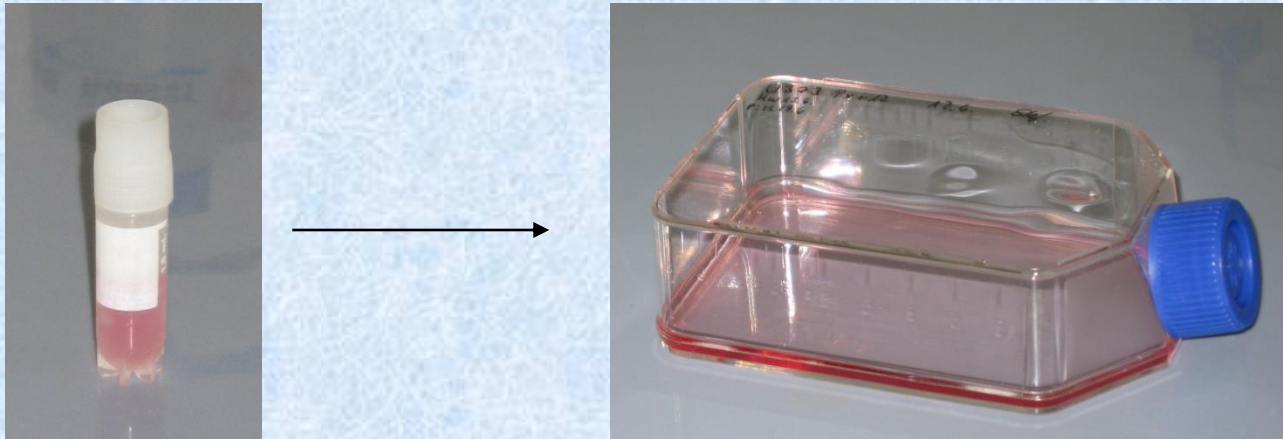
GLIOMA HÜCRELERİNİN SEKONDER KÜLTÜRÜ

- Klonlanmış glioma hücreleri (U373)- immortal
- Frozen – Tumor bankası



✦ Monolayer-Cultivation of the frozen (U373) glioma cells after revival in the culture flask

No gelatine or agar surface- only DMEM culture medium



✦ Cultivation in the Eagle's Medium (DMEM)

+ Glutamine + Penicilline-streptomycine

Cell density: 10^5 - 10^6 cells / ml

GLIOMA HÜCRELERİNİN SEKONDER KÜLTÜRÜ

✦ Incubation and Culture at 37⁰ C;

95% O² + 5% CO²



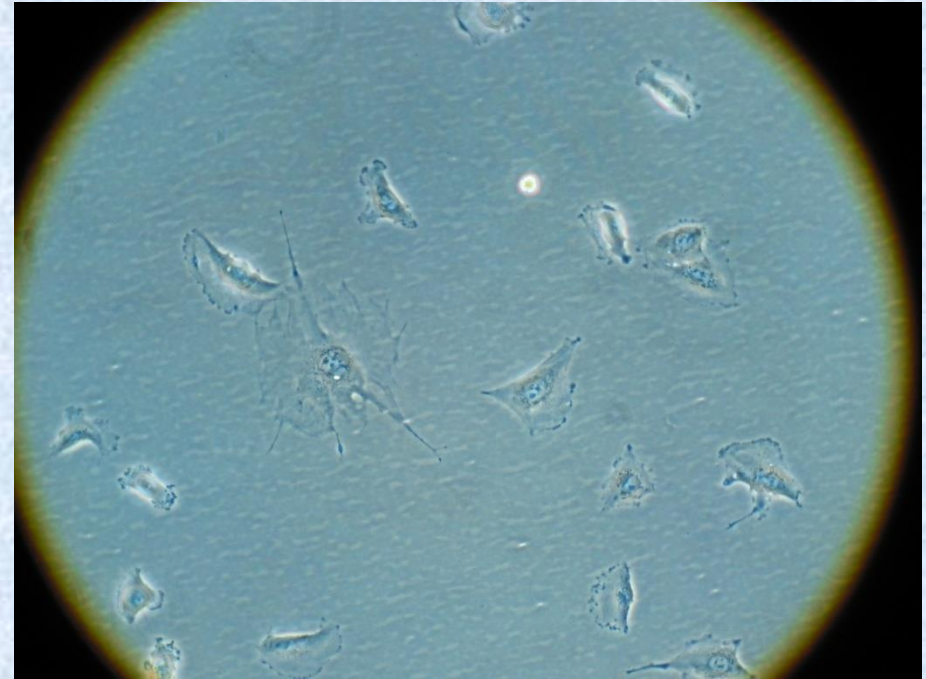
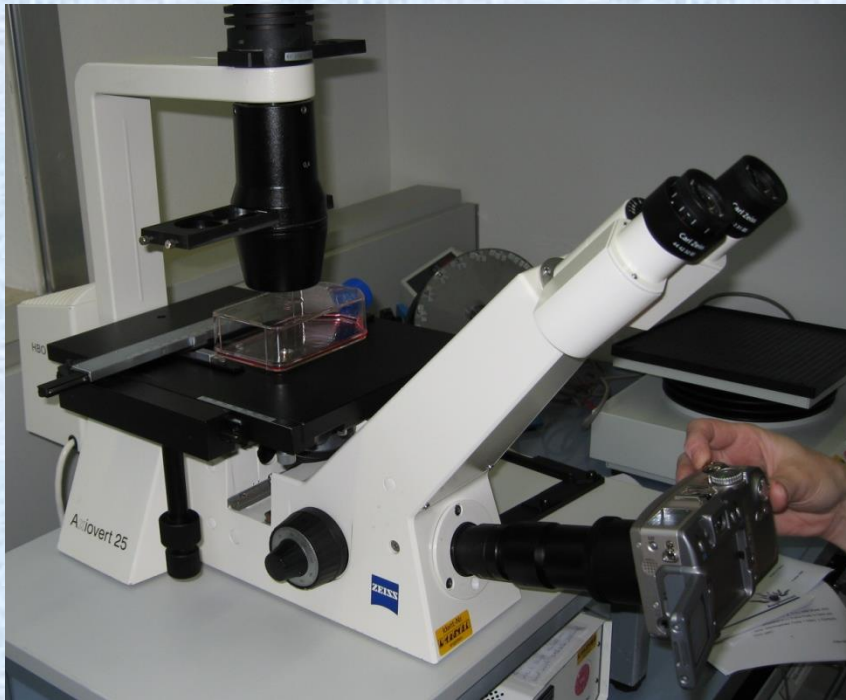
GLIOMA HÜCRELERİNİN SEKONDER KÜLTÜRÜ

- ✦ Change of the culture medium– 48 hours



GLIOMA HÜCRELERİNİN SEKONDER KÜLTÜRÜ

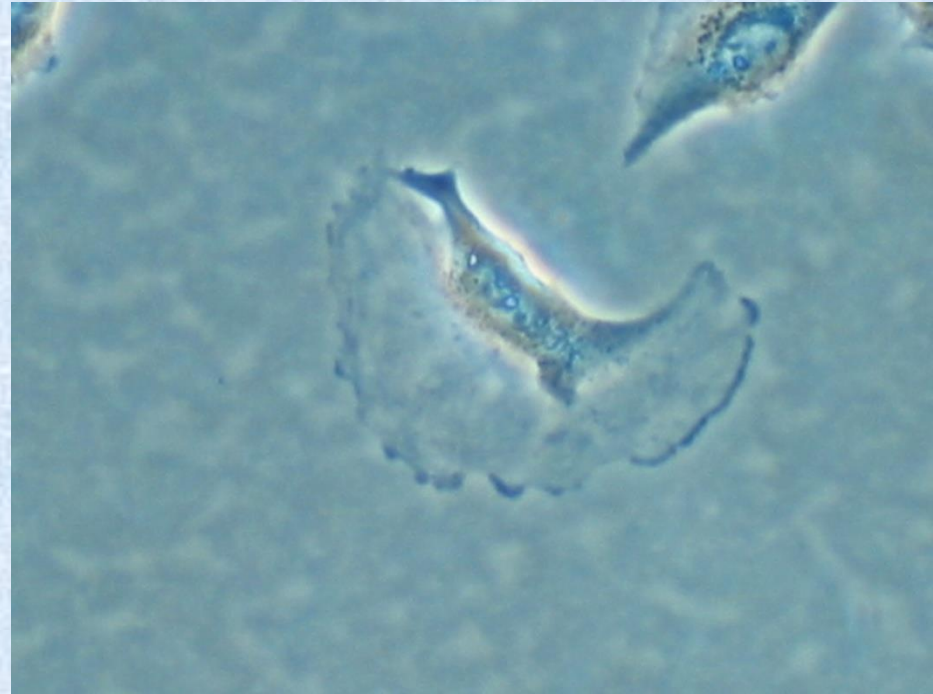
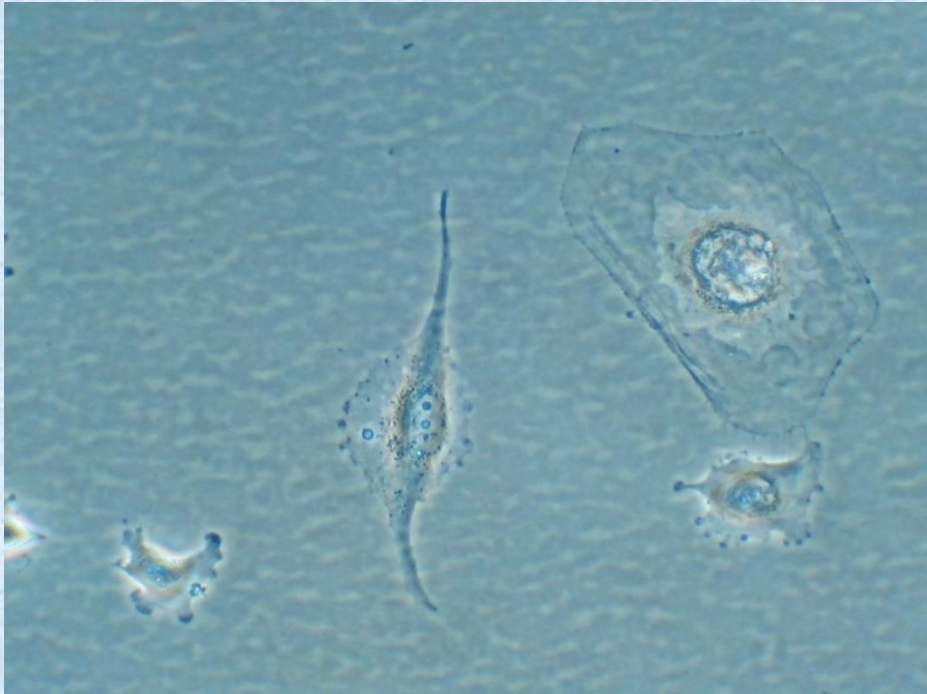
+ (U373 Glioma cells)



24 hours

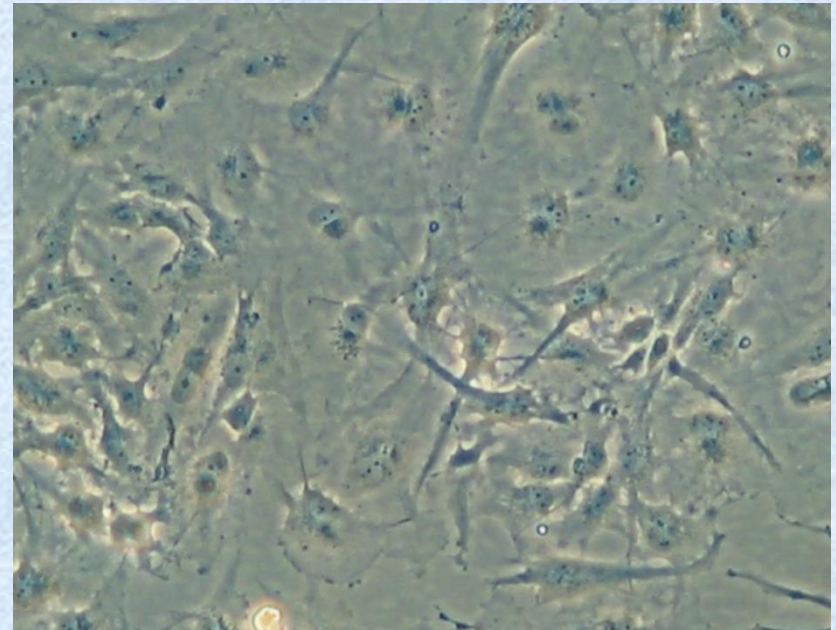
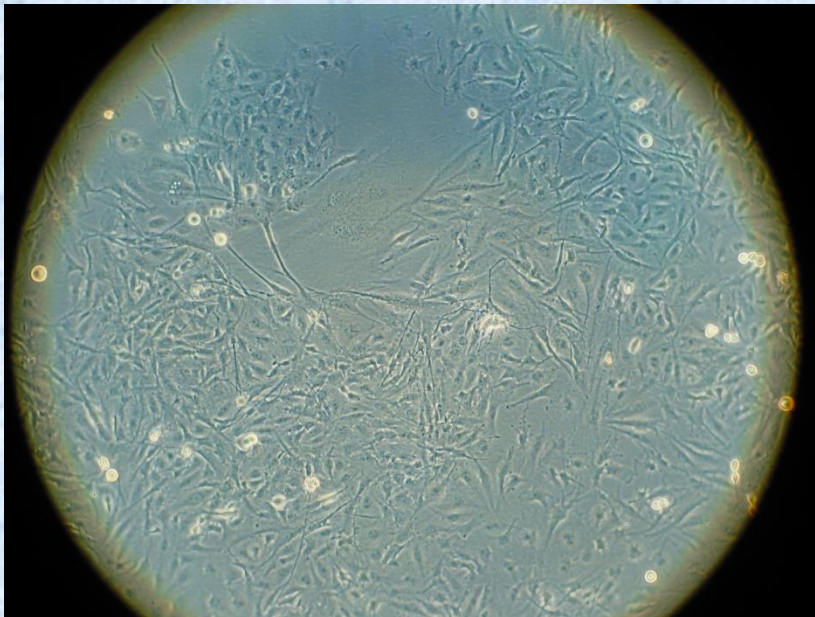
GLIOMA HÜCRELERİNİN SEKONDER KÜLTÜRÜ

+ (U373 Glioma cells) (48 hours)



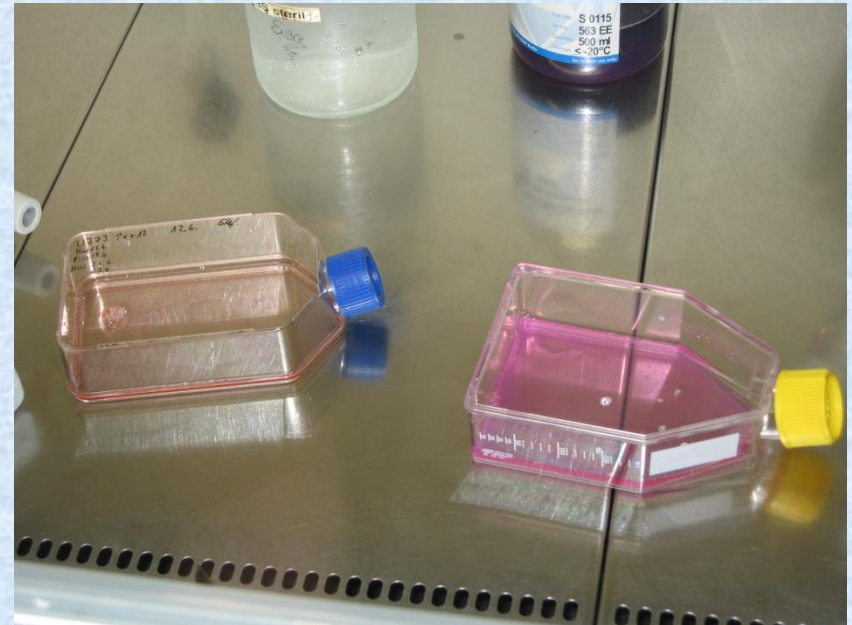
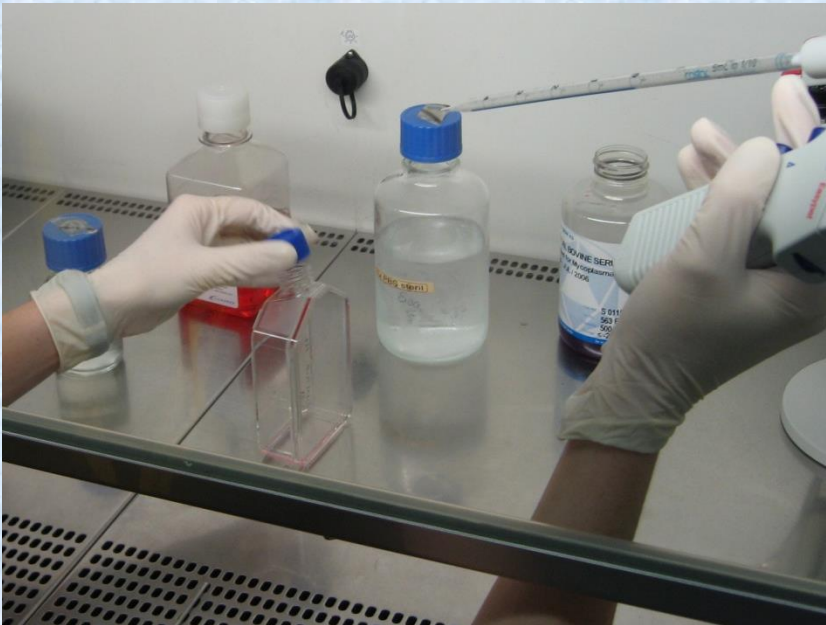
GLIOMA HÜCRELERİNİN SEKONDER KÜLTÜRÜ

+ (U373 Glioma cells) (7 days)



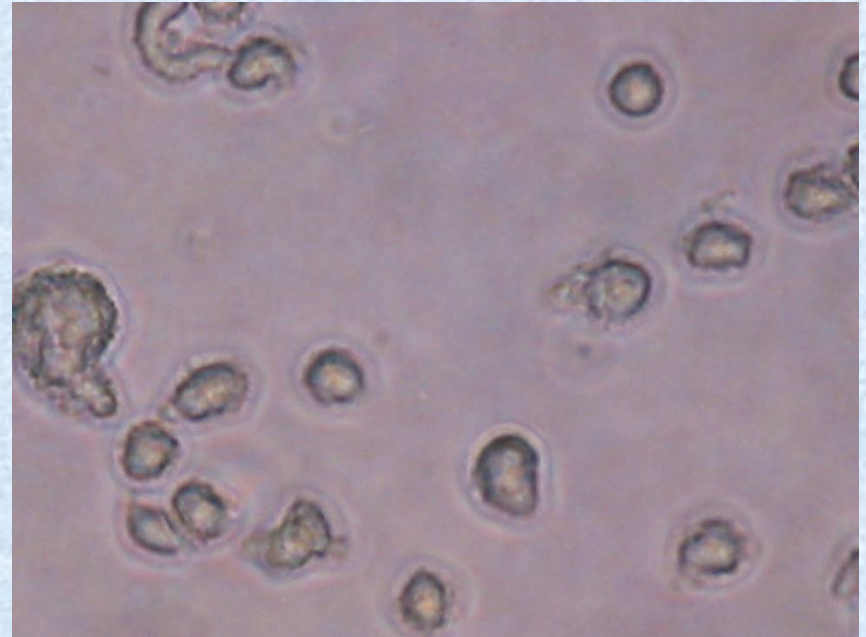
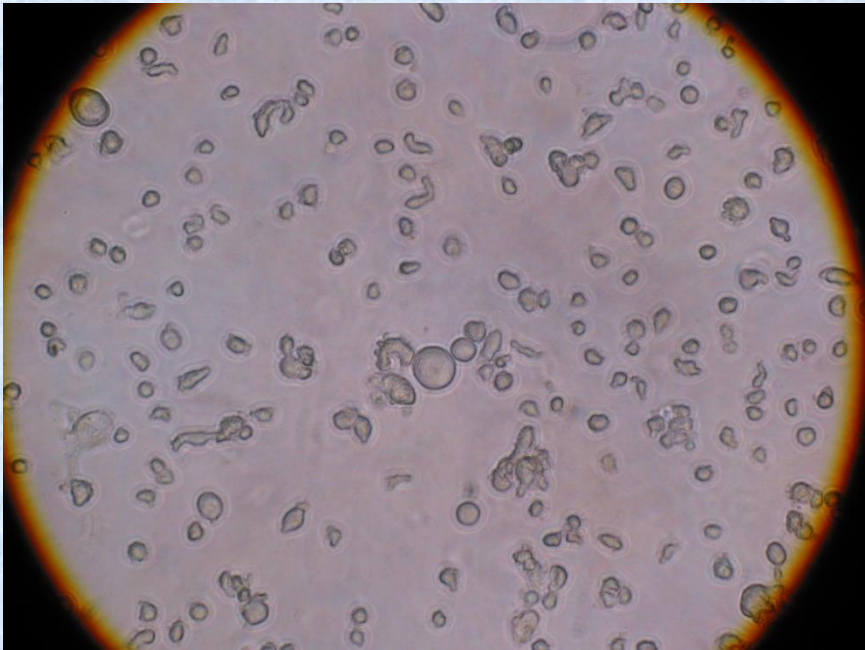
GLIOMA HÜCRELERİNİN SEKONDER KÜLTÜRÜ

- + Formation of spheroids (after 7 days)
- + Trypsin (remove cells from plastic)
- + Culture flask with agar + DMEM
- + Cultivation 24 hours more



GLIOMA HÜCRELERİNİN SEKONDER KÜLTÜRÜ

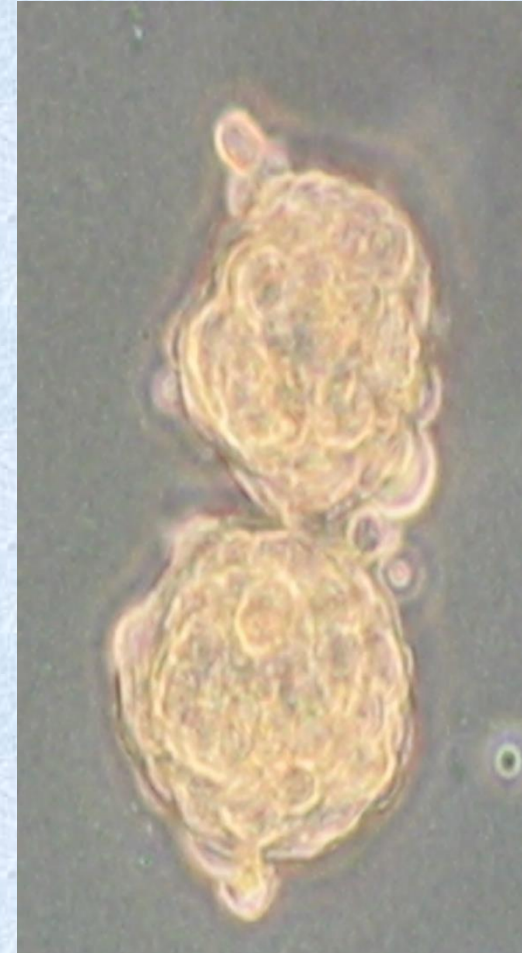
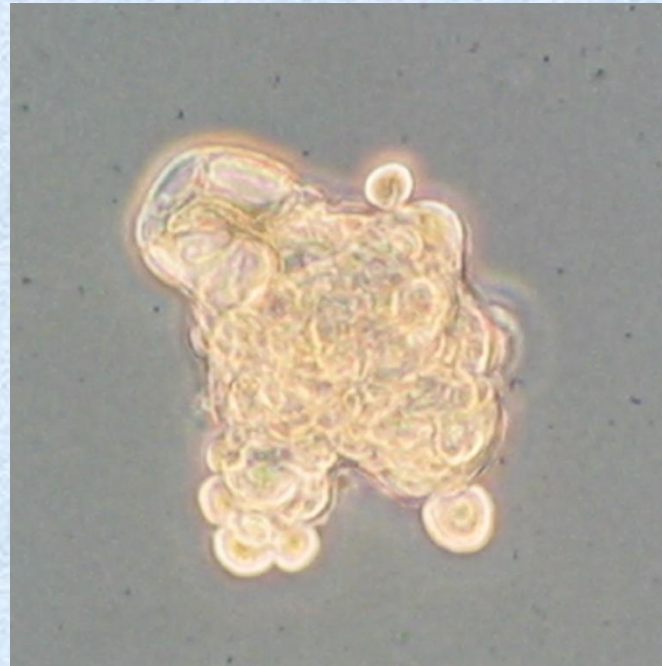
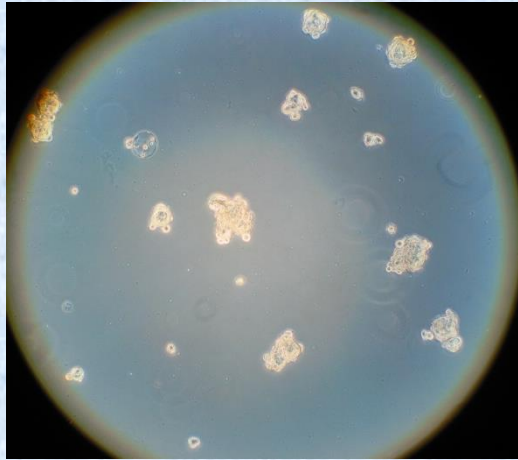
- + (U373 Glioma cells)
 - + - Formation of spheroids
- 7 days + 0 day



GLIOMA HÜCRELERİNİN SEKONDER KÜLTÜRÜ

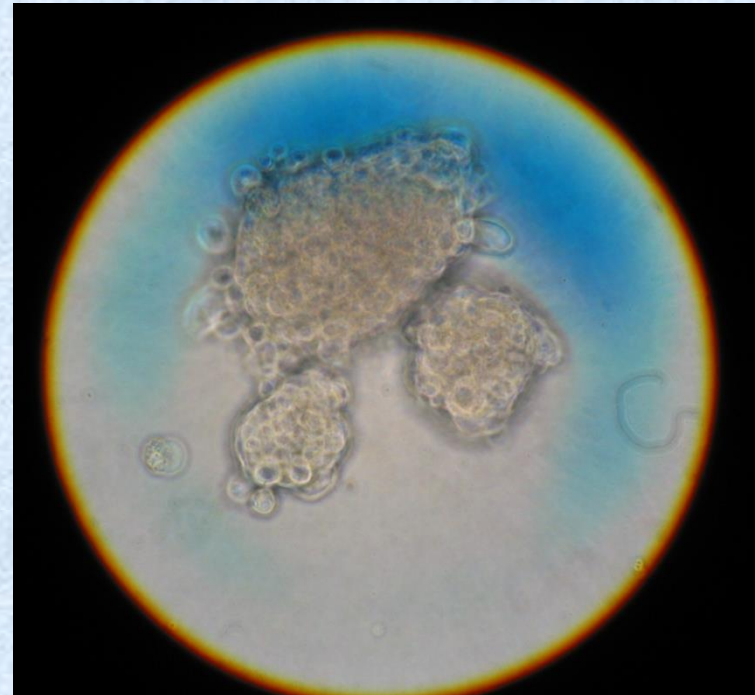
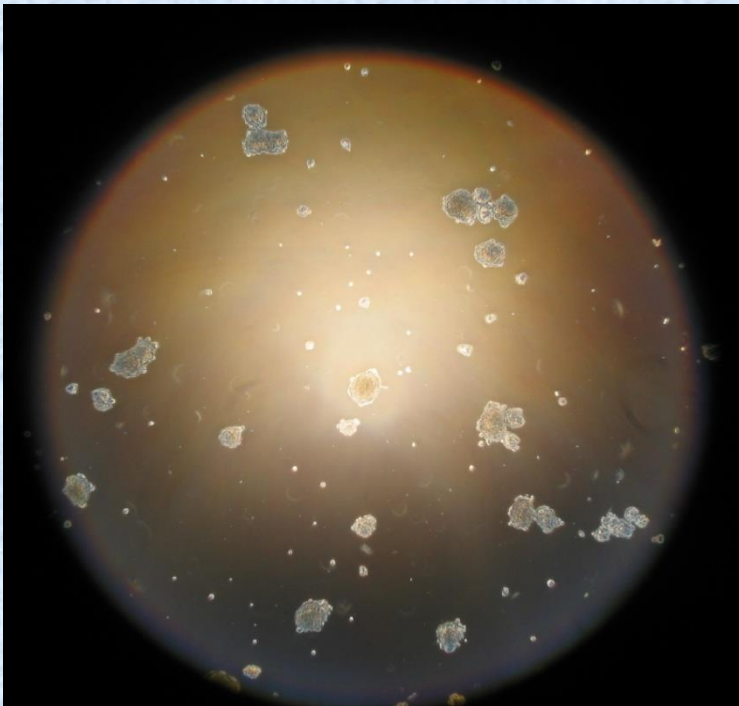
spheroid

7 days + 1 day



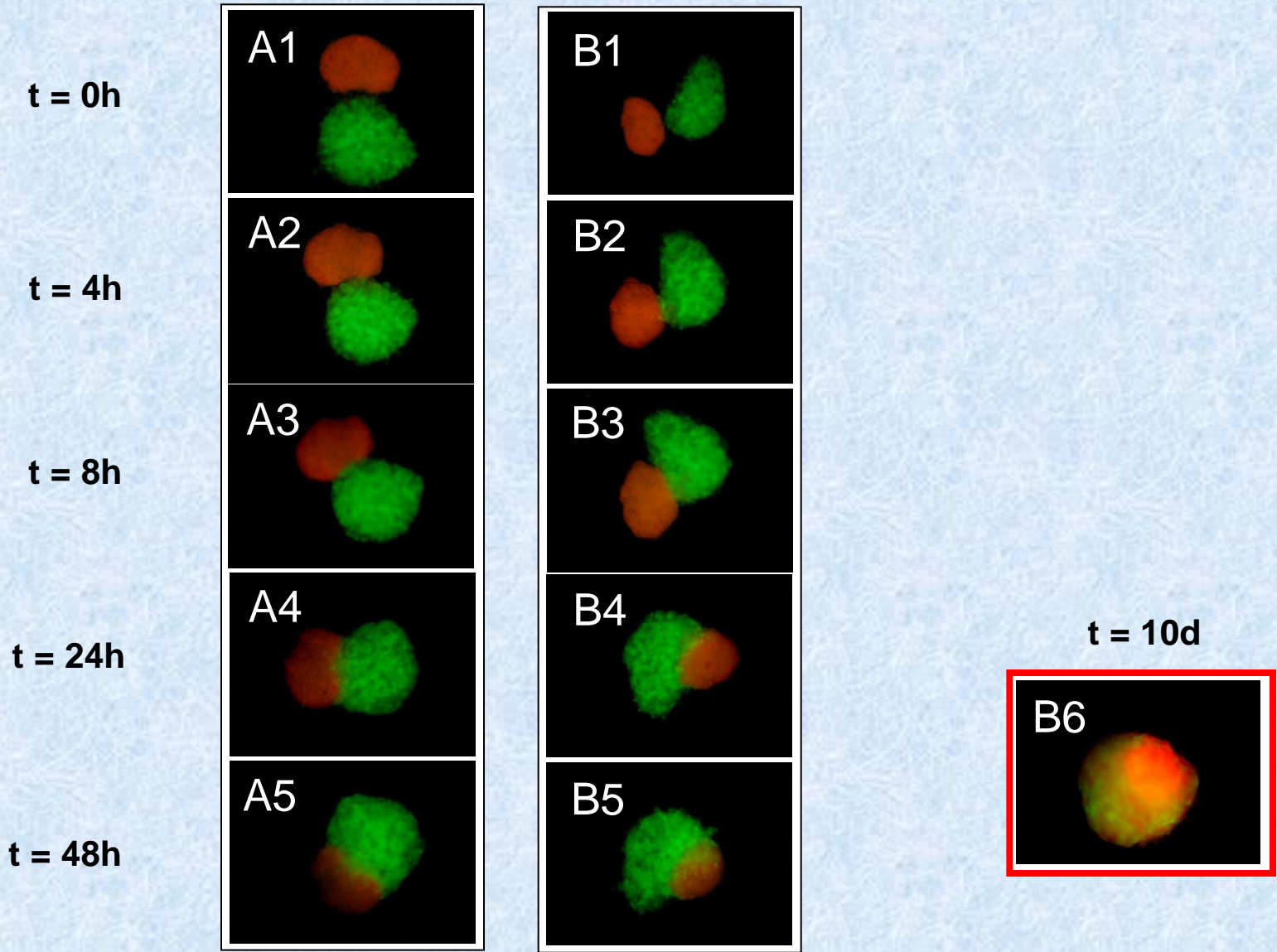
GLIOMA HÜCRELERİNİN SEKONDER KÜLTÜRÜ

- + (U373 Glioma cells)
- + Formation of spheroids
7 + 2 days



Konfrontation-Assay: ECM

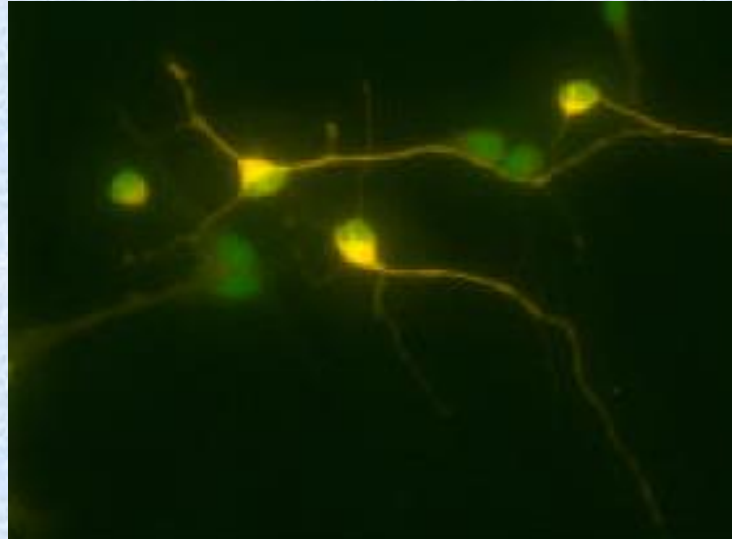
CD133- Stem cell Spheroid (Grade-III; red) / U373-GFP- Glioma cell Spheroid (green)



AVANTAJLAR



- + Doku kültürlerinde hücresel ilişkiler korunabiliyor
- + Homojen izole tümör hücreleriyle çalışma
- + Avasküler izole ortamda manipulasyon
- + Çok sayıda veri az sayıda hayvandan elde edilebilir



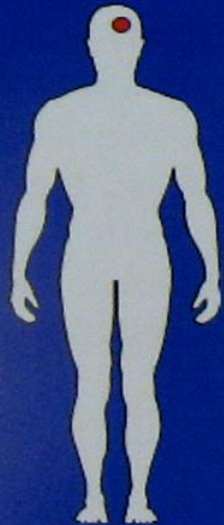
TEDAVİ



Impfgruppe

Tumorresektion

Charakterisierung



Primäre
Zellkultur

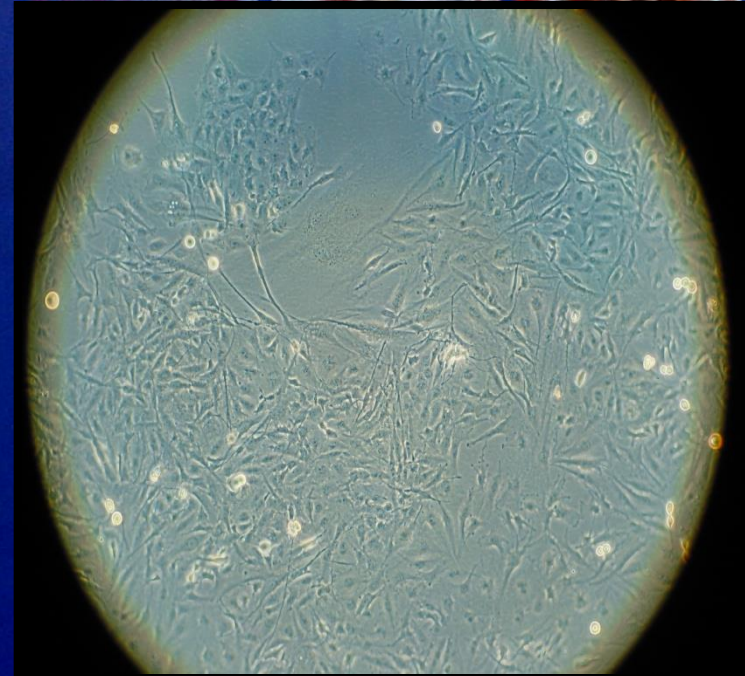


Anzüchtung



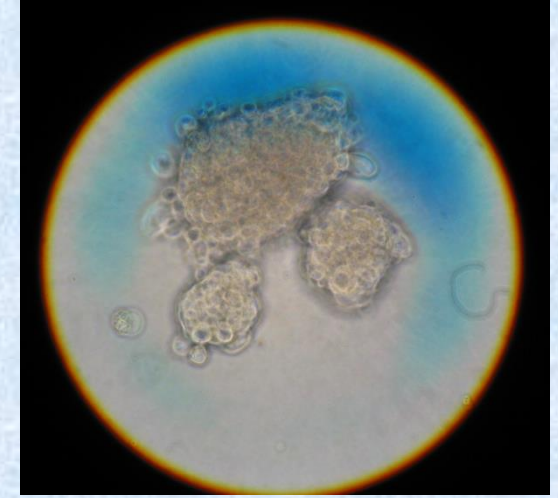
Bestrahlung,
+NDV

Vakzineherstellung



Vakzinierung

DEZAVANTAJLARI



- + Deneyim gerekli
- + Gelişmiş laboratuvar ve işgücü
- + Ufak doku örnekleriyle çalışma
- + Genetik instabilite
- + Heterojenik hücreler, büyüme hızı farklılıkları

Nörolojik Bilimlerde

dinamik araştırma modelleri

&

Sinir Bilimi Kavramlarının Gelişimi

