

Fisheries Law and Regulations

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- The main authority in the field of fisheries and aquaculture is MoFAL. There are three Directorate Generals (DG) responsible for Fisheries and Aquaculture: the DG for Fisheries and Aquaculture (DGFA), the DG for Food and Control (DGFC) (concerning aquaculture the DG deals with, fish movement, disease control and marketing studies), the DG for Agricultural Research and Policies (DGARP), the DG for Agricultural Reform (DGAR) (both responsible for performing basic research, organization and support activities, cooperatives, associations, etc.).



- The DG for Fisheries and Aquaculture consists in five divisions: the Department of Fishing and Control, the Department of Aquaculture, the Department of Administration and Coordination, the Department of Statistics and Information Systems and the Department of Resource Management and Fisheries Structure. Its main responsibilities are:

- Determining policies for sustainable marine and inland water fisheries and aquaculture.
- Promoting fishery and aquaculture activities.
- Determining rules and procedures of establishment, management and audit of fishing ports, infrastructure facilities for fisheries and aquaculture.
- Determining fisheries and aquaculture zones and taking preventive measures for the protection of these areas.

- Protecting fishery and aquaculture resources.
- Defining required features and rules on fishery and aquaculture products to be imported or exported.
- Defining rules and procedures of concession of fisheries and aquaculture zones.
- Generating development projects and information systems.