



Genel olarak:

$$\bar{E}_i(z) = \hat{a}_x E_{i0} e^{-j\bar{k} \cdot \bar{r}}$$

$$\bar{k} = k_x \hat{a}_x + k_y \hat{a}_y + k_z \hat{a}_z$$

$$|\bar{k}| = k$$

$$\bar{r} = x\hat{a}_x + y\hat{a}_y + z\hat{a}_z$$

$$\bar{E}_i(z) = \hat{a}_x E_{i0} e^{-j\bar{k} \cdot \bar{r}} = \hat{a}_x E_{i0} e^{-j(k\hat{a}_z) \cdot (x\hat{a}_x + y\hat{a}_y + z\hat{a}_z)} = \hat{a}_x E_{i0} e^{-jkz}$$

Zamanda:

$$\bar{\mathcal{E}}_i(z;t) = \hat{a}_x E_{i0} \cos(\omega t - \bar{k} \cdot \bar{r})$$

$$\bar{k} = k_x \hat{a}_x + k_y \hat{a}_y + k_z \hat{a}_z$$

$$|\bar{k}| = k$$

$$\bar{r} = x \hat{a}_x + y \hat{a}_y + z \hat{a}_z$$

$$\bar{\mathcal{E}}_i(z;t) = \hat{a}_x E_{i0} \cos(\omega t - \bar{k} \cdot \bar{r}) = \hat{a}_x E_{i0} \cos[\omega t - (k \hat{a}_z) \cdot (x \hat{a}_x + y \hat{a}_y + z \hat{a}_z)] = \hat{a}_x E_{i0} \cos(\omega t - kz)$$